S2940-1

Statistical Profile: Fiscal Year 1986 Offender Population of the Kansas Department of Corrections*

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Policy and Planning Unit

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*The material contained in this report comprises the statistical component of the FY 1986 Annual Report.

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Preface

This report has been compiled to provide a detailed statistical profile of the adult offenders within the Kansas correctional system and to describe offender commitment and release trends for the state. In addition to being published separately, the material contained herein will comprise the statistical component of the Fiscal Year 1986 Annual Report.

Each year since Fiscal Year 1980, the data for this report have been obtained through an on-line computerized offender information system in which information is gathered systematically during the whole period that an individual is in the custody or control of the Department of Corrections. The number of offenders for which information could be obtained varies among the items of information being reported. For this reason, each percentage reported is based on the number of individuals for whom the data were available, and not necessarily on the total number in the population being described.

The Kansas correctional facilities to which reference is made include the following: Kansas State Penitentiary (KSP), Kansas State Industrial Reformatory (KSIR), Kansas Correctional-Vocational Training Center (KCVTC), State Reception and Diagnostic Center (SRDC), Kansas Correctional Institution at Lansing (KCIL), Toronto Honor Camp (THC), El Dorado Honor Camp (EHC), Topeka Work Release Center (TWRC), Wichita Work Release Center (WWRC), Hutchinson Work Release Center (HWRC), Topeka Pre-Release Center (TPRC), and Winfield Pre-Release Center (WPRC). Inmates are also housed at two contract work release facilities (Fort Scott Work Release Center and Topeka Halfway House), at the Dillon security unit of Larned State Hospital (LSH), and in contract jail placement (CJP). Data pertaining to the small facilities of the same type often are combined for purposes of clarity in presentation.

The information in the statistical profile report is based on data for Fiscal Year 1986 which ended June 30, 1986. However, at this writing more recent information on population levels is available. As of September 30, 1986, the total inmate population had risen to 5,175 from 4,991 on June 30, 1986.

The problem of prison overcrowding is still very much present in the Kansas correctional system. However, as a result of recently completed construction and renovation projects, the optimum management capacity of the correctional facilities has risen from 3,378 to 3,502 and the maximum capacity from 4,907 to 5,015 since October, 1985. As shown in Table A, the current inmate population (5,018 in D.O.C. facilities as of September 30, 1986) exceeds maximum capacity (5,015). Construction projects due to be completed on or before March 1, 1989 will raise the optimum management capacity to 3,875 (increase of 373 from the September, 1986 level) and the maximum capacity to 5,538 (an increase of 523).

Figure A contains a graphic comparison of the inmate population levels, both current and as projected for March 1, 1989, with the corresponding capacity figures. It is evident that the projected population for March 1, 1989 (5,534) still will be much higher than the projected optimum management capacity (3,875), and very close to the projected maximum capacity (5,538).

Table A

Inmate Population in Relation to Optimum Management Capacity and Maximum Capacity: Department of Corrections Facilities*

Facility	Current Population (Sep. 30, 1986)	Current Capacity (Sep 30, 1986) Optimum Management	Current Capacity (Sep 30, 1986) Maximum Capacity	Additional Beds Due to Construction Optimum Management	Additional Beds Due to Construction Maximum Capacity	Projected Capacity (March 1, 1989) Optimum Management	Projected Capacity (March 1, 1989) Maximum Capacity
KSP	2410	1492	2703**	+ 50	+ 80	1542	2783
KSIR	1510	1078	1303***	0	0	1078	1303
KCVTC	244	180	200	0	0	180	200
SRDC	139	88	132	+ 32	+ 32	120	164
KCIL	233	165	178	+ 3	+123	168	301
ECWF****	-	-	-	+288	+288	288	288
THC	60	61	61	0	0	61	61
EHC	102	96	96	0	0	96	96
TWRC	25	26	26	0	0	26	26
WWRC	76	75	75	0	0	75	75
HWRC	16	19	19	0	0	19	19
TPRC	77	81	81	0	0	81	81
WPRC	126	141	141	0	0	141	141
Totals	5018	3502	5015	+373	+523	3875	5538
Projected Pop. (3-1-89)	5534						

*Capacity information taken from K.D.O.C. "Correctional Facility Capacity Report," October, 1986. Note that all population and capacity figures exclude the non-D.O.C. facilities population (Larned State Hospital, contract work release, and contract jail placement).

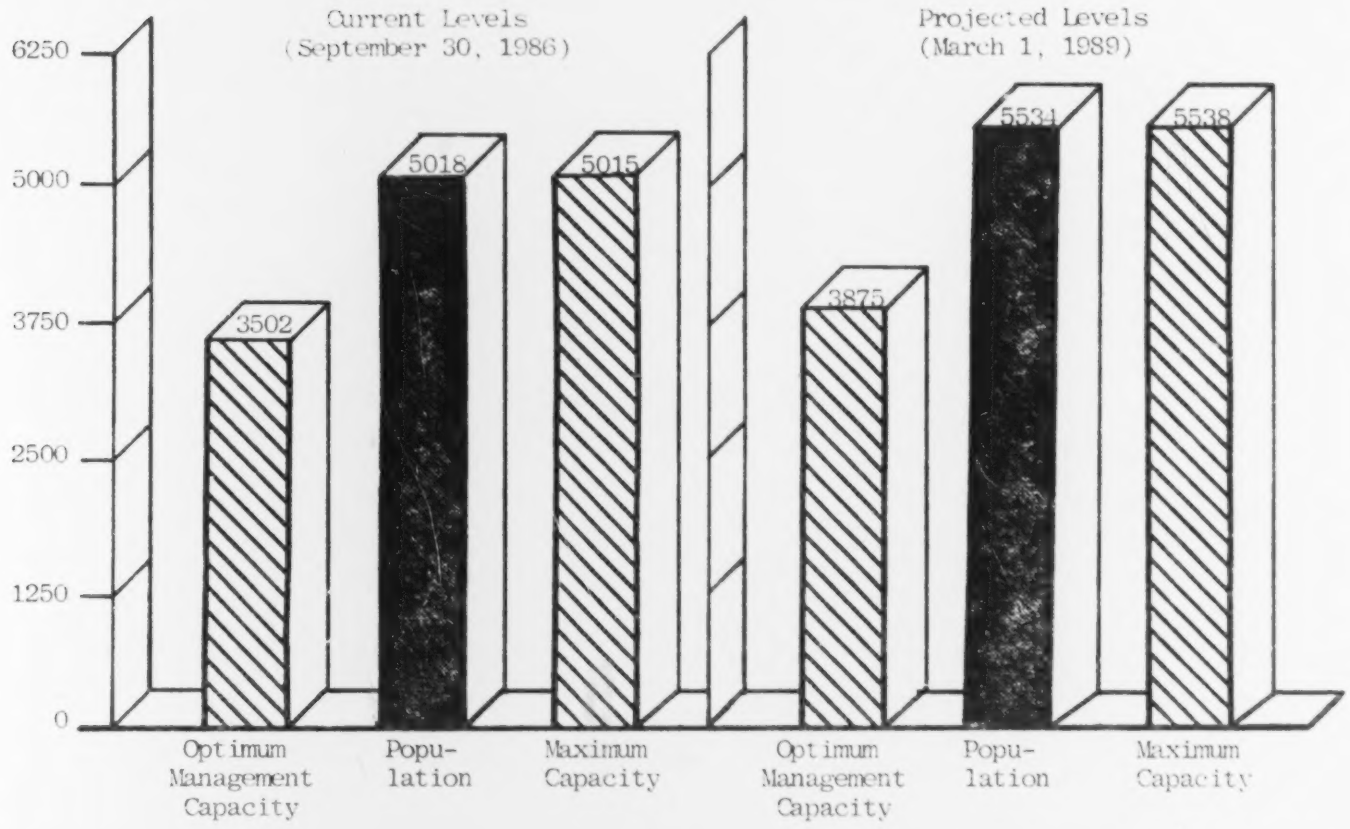
**Includes +63 bed segregation adjustment.

***Includes +50 bed segregation adjustment.

****ECWF: Ellsworth Correctional Work Facility (proposed new facility; completion date of 3-1-1989).

Figure A

Comparison of the Inmate Population to the Capacity of the Correctional Facilities*



*Capacity information taken from K.D.O.C. "Correctional Facility Capacity Report," October 1986. Note that the September 30, 1986 population of 5,018 excludes 157 inmates assigned to non-D.O.C. facilities. The non-D.O.C. population is subject to variation depending upon the number of beds allocated for the Department of Corrections. For projection purposes, an estimated non-D.O.C. population of 157 was subtracted from the March 1, 1989 projection of the total population (5,691) to arrive at the projected D.O.C. facility population of 5,534.

Introduction

The purpose of this statistical profile report is to summarize information regarding population levels, commitment trends, and characteristics of the offender population. The major components of the report include: a description of the pattern of growth in the offender population; a summary of admission and release activities occurring during Fiscal Year 1986; a detailed description of the characteristics of the inmate population confined on June 30, 1986 and a brief description of the June 30, 1986 population of offenders on supervised release. In the past several years there have been several changes in Kansas criminal statutes which have produced significant changes in various attributes of the offender population. For this reason emphasis has been placed on comparisons of current information with that of prior years (particularly for data pertaining to type of criminal offense, sentencing patterns, and length of time served).

• • • • • SECTION I • • • • •

Offender Population Levels for Fiscal Year 1986

The two basic measures which have been used in describing offender population levels are:

- "Population" (Census) which is the number of offenders counted on a particular date;
- Average daily population (ADP) which is the average number of offenders counted daily for a specified period.

A comparison of the number of felony offenders in custody or under supervision in the entire Kansas correctional system on June 30, 1985 and on June 30, 1986 is presented in Table 1 by category of physical location. The two primary components of the system population are the inmates confined in correctional facilities and the offenders on some type of supervised release. The inmate population increased by 10.0% from June 30, 1985 to June 30, 1986, and the population under supervised release increased by 11.0%.

Displayed in Figure 1 is a comparison of the year-end total inmate population for Fiscal Years 1977 through 1986. The graph in Figure 2 plots the total population for each month of Fiscal Years 1985-1986. As indicated in this graph, the total inmate population has increased relatively steadily during the past two years, although at a somewhat lower rate than the peak rate of increase observed in Fiscal Year 1984. The increase averaged 28.5 per month during Fiscal Year 1982, 31.8 per month during Fiscal Year 1983, 53.6 per month during Fiscal Year 1984, 42.1 during Fiscal Year 1985, and 37.8 per month during Fiscal Year 1986.

As is evident in Figure 3, the rate of growth in the average daily population during the past several years has been quite different for the male and female populations. The increase in the yearly average daily population from Fiscal Year 1980 to Fiscal Year 1986 was 180% for female offenders compared to 102% for males.

Table 2 contains a comparison of population statistics for Fiscal Years 1985 and 1986, presented by individual correctional facility. The data on the number confined at the end of each fiscal year (year-end census) reflect basically the same pattern among the facilities as the data on average daily population. By either statistic the increase in the total population from Fiscal Year 1985 to Fiscal Year 1986 was substantial (10-12%).

Table 1

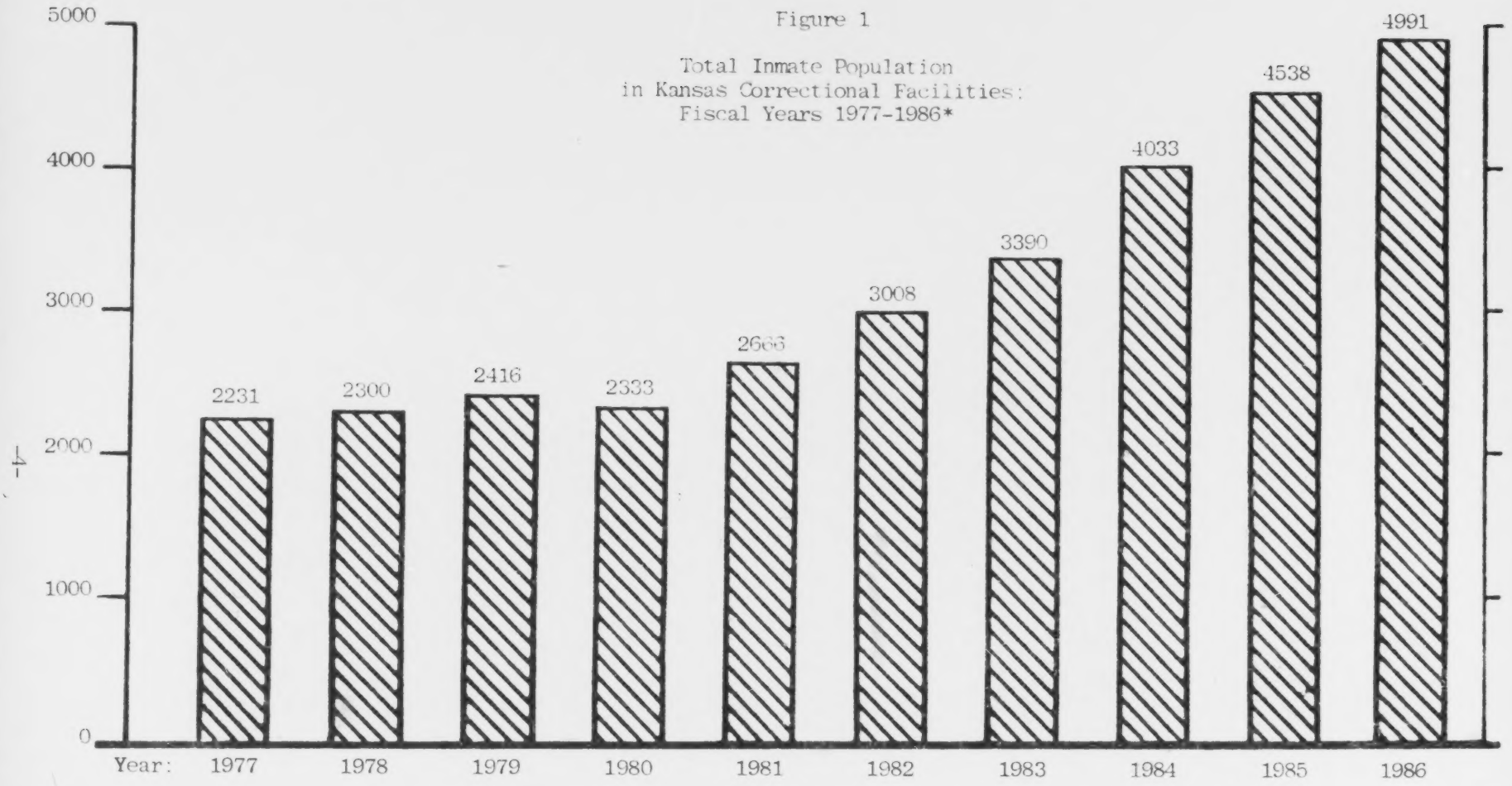
Status and Physical Location of All Felony Offenders in the Correctional System:

Comparison of the June 30, 1985 and June 30, 1986 Populations

Status/Physical Location	Number of Offenders 6-30-85	6-30-86	Change No.	%
Kansas correctional facilities:				
Intake evaluation complete	4014	4491	477	11.9
Awaiting intake evaluation (or in progress)	299	282	-17	- 5.7
Presentence evaluation	2	5	3	150.0
Interstate compact received	59	56	- 3	- 5.1
Other Kansas facilities:				
State hospital	131	129	- 2	- 1.5
Contract jail placement	5	5	0	0
Contract work release	28	23	- 5	-17.9
Subtotals	4538	4991	453	10.0
Out-of-state correctional facilities:				
Interstate compact sent	71	80	9	12.7
In absentia	86	81	- 5	- 5.8
Subtotals	157	161	4	2.5
Other locations:				
Out for court appearance	205	302	97	47.3
Medical	2	1	- 1	-50.0
Furlough	8	2	- 6	-75.0
Local detention	13	9	- 4	-30.8
Escape (at large)	15	21	6	40.0
Subtotals	243	335	92	37.9
*Parolees/Conditional Releasees (CRs) and Probationers:				
In-state parole/CR	1514	1658	144	9.5
Out-of-state parole/CR	626	715	89	14.2
Compact parole	192	187	- 5	- 2.6
Compact probationer	626	605	-21	- 3.4
Active D.O.C. warrant (absconder, etc.)	419	584	165	39.4
Subtotals	3377	3749	372	11.0
Grand Totals (All Offenders)	8315	9236	921	11.1

Figure 1

Total Inmate Population
in Kansas Correctional Facilities:
Fiscal Years 1977-1986*



*Figures reflect total inmate population as of the end of each fiscal year (June 30), including the non-D.O.C. facility population (contract work release, contract jail placement, and Larned State Hospital).

Figure 2

End-of-month Population (Census) for Each Month of Fiscal Years 1985-1986*

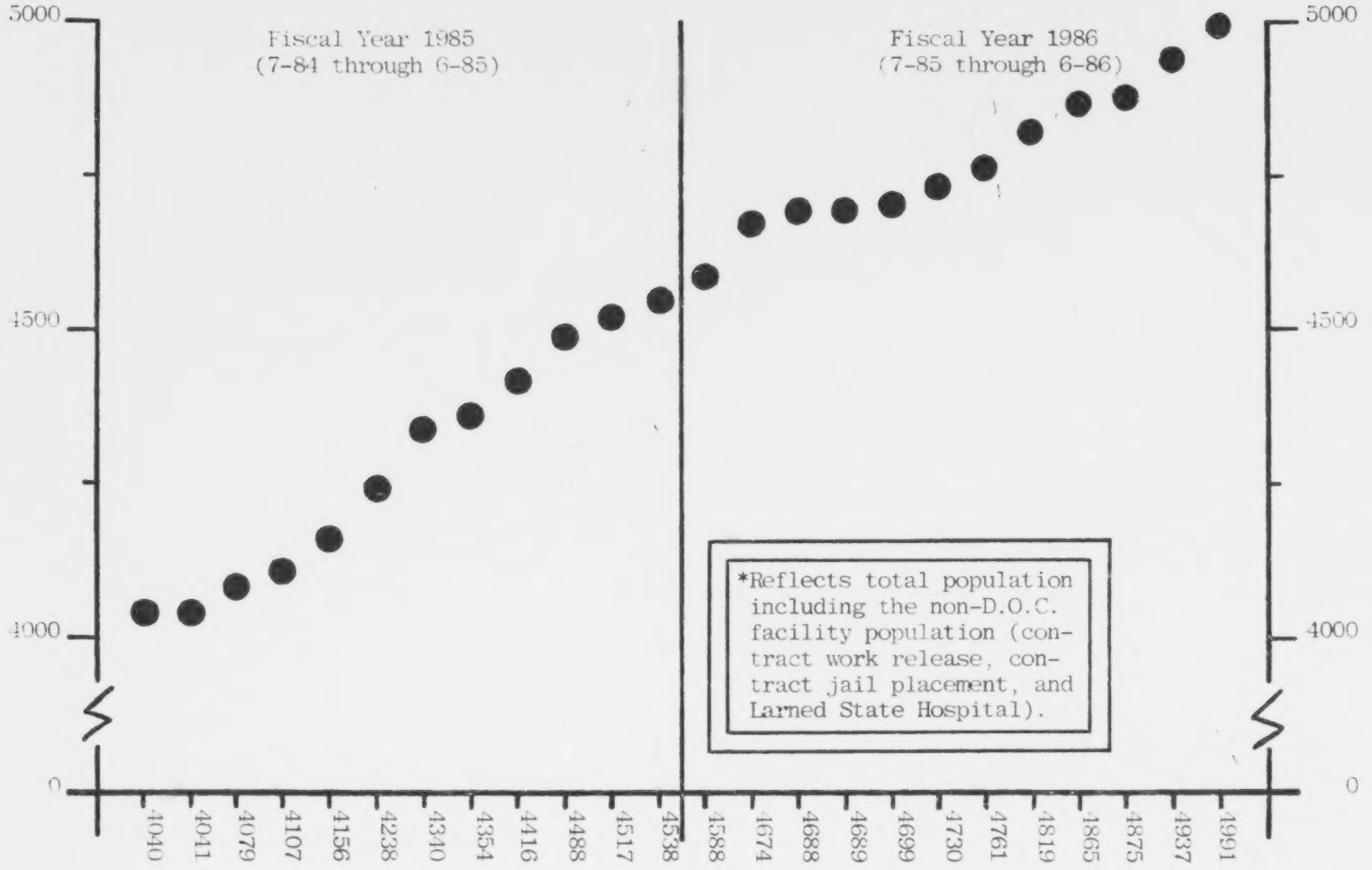
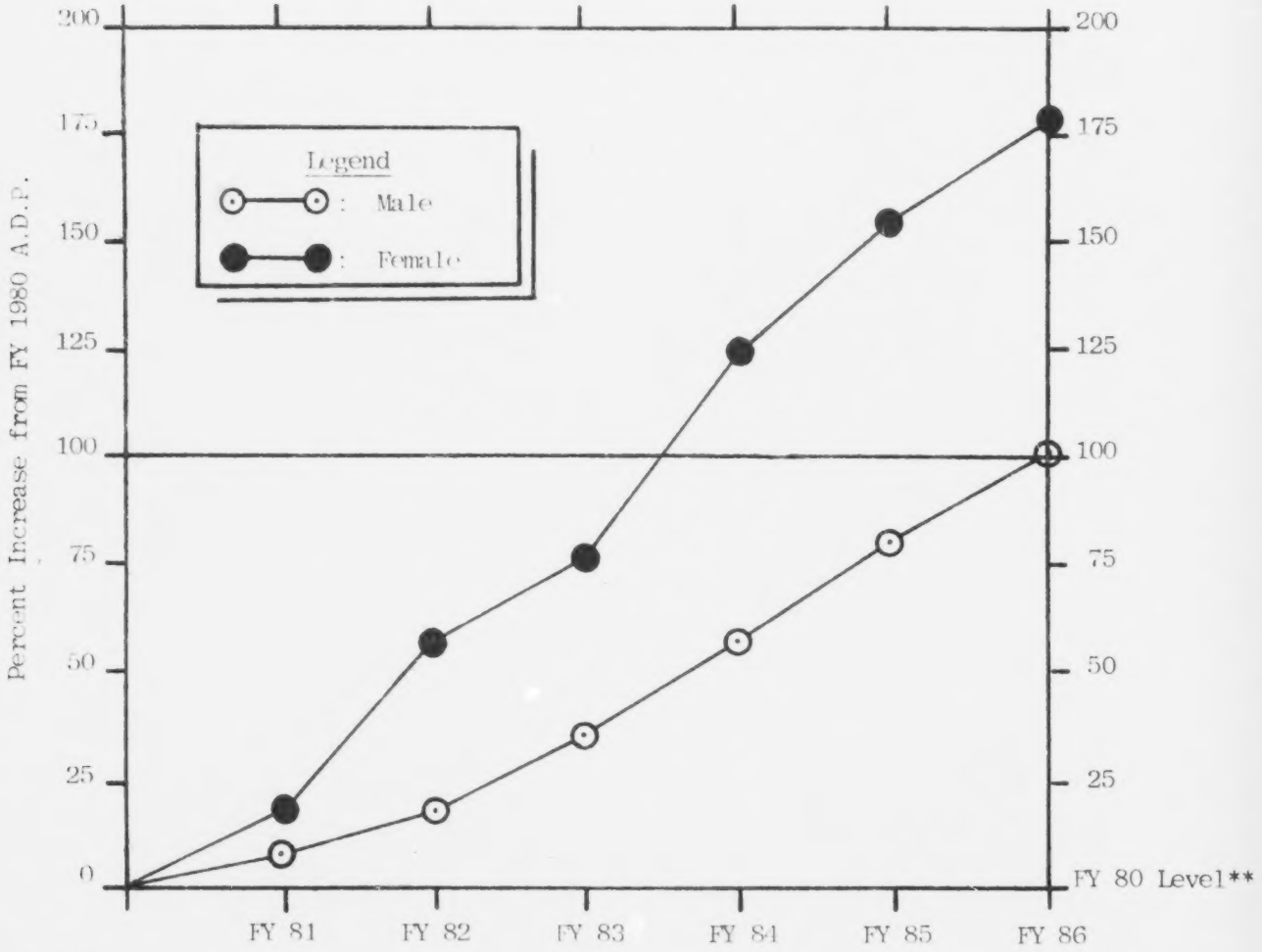


Figure 3

Rate of Growth in Average Daily Population (A.D.P.)
for Male and Female Offenders: FY 1980 - 1986*



A.D.P.						
Male	2376	2657	2996	3521	4021	4498
Female	109	144	164	205	235	258
Total	2485	2801	3160	3726	4256	4756
% Increase from FY 1980 Level						
Male	7%	19%	35%	58%	81%	102%
Female	18%	57%	78%	123%	155%	180%
Total	7%	21%	36%	61%	84%	105%

*The A.D.P. figures are based on the total inmate population, including the non-D.O.C. facility population (contract work release, contract jail placement, and Larned State Hospital).

**FY 1980: Male 2224; Female 92, Total 2316.

Table 2
Number of Inmates Confined (Census) and Average Daily Population, FY 1985 and FY 1986

Name of Correctional Facility	Average Daily Population					Number Confined (Census)				
	FY 1985		FY 1986		Increase or Decrease	Jun. 30, 1985		Jun. 30, 1986		Increase or Decrease
D.O.C. Facilities										
Kansas State Penitentiary	1895		2209		+314	1964		2314		+350
Kansas State Industrial Reformatory	1312		1374		+ 62	1432		1458		+ 26
Kansas Correctional-Vocational Training Center	212	(38)	210	(34)	- 2	214	(38)	222	(36)	+ 8
State Reception and Diagnostic Center	133		137		+ 4	138		140		+ 2
Kansas Correctional Institution at Lansing	187	(162)	211	(189)	+ 24	190	(167)	219	(196)	+ 29
Toronto Honor Camp	59		61		+ 2	60		62		+ 2
El Dorado Honor Camp	64		84		+ 20	65		102		+ 37
Topeka Work Release Center	23		25		+ 2	25		26		+ 1
Wichita Work Release Center	69	(7)	76	(9)	+ 7	77	(9)	76	(11)	- 1
Hutchinson Work Release Center	16		19		+ 3	15		20		+ 5
Topeka Pre-release Center	56	(15)	61	(14)	+ 5	61	(16)	59	(10)	- 2
Winfield Pre-release Center	115	(0)	134	(0)	+ 19	133	(0)	136	(0)	+ 3
Subtotal: D.O.C. Facility Population	4141	(222)	4601	(246)	+460	4374	(230)	4834	(253)	+460
Non-D.O.C. Facilities										
Contract Work Release Placement	21	(5)	23	(5)	+ 2	28	(5)	23	(6)	- 5
Contract Jail Placement	5	(1)	5	(1)	0	5	(1)	5	(1)	0
Larned State Hospital	89	(7)	127	(6)	+ 38	131	(10)	129	(9)	- 2
Subtotal: Non-D.O.C. Facility Population	115	(13)	155	(12)	+ 40	164	(16)	157	(16)	- 7
Grand Total: All Facilities	4256		4756		+500	4538		4991		+453
Male	4021		4498		+477	4292		4722		+430
Female	235		258		+ 23	246		269		+ 23

Note. A number in parentheses indicates the number of females included in the population.

• • • • • SECTION II • • • • •

Admissions and Releases During Fiscal Year 1986

Summary of Admission and Release Activities

Information on admissions and releases occurring during Fiscal Year 1986 is summarized in Table 3 by type of admission and type of release. For each type of admission and release, the level of change from Fiscal Year 1985 is included. The first column of the table, "Initial," includes a count of each offender's first entry (primary admission) and/or latest exit (primary release) during the period. The "Subsequent" column contains off-setting release-readmission transactions of two types:

(1) Those involving offenders in confinement at the beginning of the period who were subsequently released then readmitted, thus remaining in confinement at the end of the period; and

(2) Those involving offenders not in confinement at the beginning of the period who had one or more subsequent release-readmission transactions in addition to the primary admission and/or primary release counted in the "initial" column.

These "subsequent" transactions are counted separately because they have no impact on the net gain or loss to the inmate population. The "total" column contains the sums of the initial and subsequent columns and reflects the total number of admission and release transactions occurring during the period, excluding the known temporary releases footnoted in Table 3.

The total number of admissions during Fiscal Year 1986 was 2,443, up 200 (8.9%) from Fiscal Year 1985. The admission category, "court commitments," predominately new court commitments, accounted for 82% of the total admissions. The total number of releases during the period was 2,027, up 290 (16.7%) from Fiscal Year 1985. Of the total releases 1,256 (62.0%) were paroles and 598 (29.5%) were court-ordered releases, including probation.

During Fiscal Year 1986, there were 136 "subsequent" release-readmission transactions. These transactions resulted primarily from offenders released on parole who subsequently were readmitted as parole violators, either for technical violations of parole or because of new convictions for felony offenses. Parole violations of these types accounted for 80% of the total number of subsequent transactions for the period.

Table 4 provides data on yearly admissions and releases since Fiscal Year 1980. Examination of this information is helpful in identifying the factors underlying the continuing increase in population during recent years. The population increase observed in Fiscal Years 1982 and 1983 was primarily a function of the yearly increase in admissions outweighing the smaller increase in releases. However, for Fiscal Years 1984 and 1985 the increase in population was due primarily to a low rate of release. The number of releases was the lowest since before Fiscal Year 1980 even though the inmate population (pool of potential releasees) had nearly doubled from 2,333 at the end of 1980 to 4,538 at the end of 1985. For Fiscal Year 1986 both admissions and releases increased, but the increase in admissions nullified most of the effect of the accompanying increase in releases. Each of the yearly admissions and releases pattern produces the same result -- population increase.

One factor which had an impact in reducing the rate of release was the 1982 passage of Kansas House Bill 3104 which served to increase the average length of time to be served for a

large proportion of offenders committing offenses on or after July 1, 1982. With the passage of Senate Bill 858 in 1984, which reversed some of the sentence increasing provisions of H.B. 3104, the effect of H.B. 3104 has begun to diminish as is evident in data presented in subsequent sections of this report (sentencing patterns and length of confinement). The parole practices of the paroling authority (Kansas Parole Board) continue to contribute substantially to the overall low rate of release. The current rate of parole (the ratio of parole decisions to total decisions made) continues to be low compared to pre-1984 rates. Also the average length of time from the date of the parole decision to the date actually released continues to be lengthy. The effect of all these factors is the observed accumulation of offenders in prison.

Table 3
Admissions and Releases During FY 1986

Types of Admission	Number of Admissions, FY 1986*			Change from FY 85 (Total)	
	Admissions				
Admissions by Court Action	Initial	Subsequent**	Total	Number	%
Court Commitments					
New Court Commitment	1503	0	1503	120	8.7
Aggravated Juvenile Delinquency	8	0	8	- 3	-27.3
Probation Violator, Technical	217	23	240	23	10.6
Probation Violator, New Sentence	92	1	93	-21	-18.4
Parole Violator, New Sentence	128	27	155	7	4.7
Conditional Release Violator, New Sentence	5	2	7	- 3	-30.0
••Subtotals: Court Commitments	1953••	53••	2006••	123••	6.5••
Presentence Evaluation	25	0	25	- 6	-19.4
Return from Court Appearance	37	0	37	0	0
••Subtotals: Admissions by Court Action	2015••	53••	2068••	117••	6.0••
Returns by Department of Corrections Action					
Parole Violator, Technical	237	82	319	70	28.1
Conditional Release Violator, Technical	15	0	15	10	200.0
Escapee Returned	9	0	9	1	12.5
••Subtotals: Returns by D.O.C. Action	261••	82••	343••	81••	30.9••
Inter-jurisdictional Transfers					
Interstate/Federal Compact Received	21	0	21	4	23.5
Kansas Inmate Returned from Another Jurisdiction	10	1	11	- 2	-15.4
••Subtotals: Inter-jurisdictional Transfers	31••	1••	32••	2••	6.7••
Totals: All Types of Admission	2307	136	2443	200	8.9

Table 3 (cont.)

• • • • • • • • • Releases • • • • • • • • •

Types of Release	Number of Exits, FY 1986*			Change from FY 85 (Total)	
	Initial	Subsequent**	Total	Number	%
Parole					
Parole In-state	822	91	913	139	18.0
Parole Out-of-state (Compact)	230	17	247	27	12.3
Parole to Detainer	91	0	91	34	59.6
Reparole	4	1	5	- 7	-58.3
••Subtotals: Parole	1147••	109••	1256••	193••	18.2••
Conditional Release	99	2	101	15	17.4
Expiration of Sentence	7	0	7	7	-
Commutation or Pardon	1	0	1	0	0
Inter-jurisdictional Transfers					
Kansas Inmate Released for Housing	15	1	16	-11	-40.7
Interstate/Fed. Inmate Released to Sending Juris.	23	0	23	9	64.3
••Subtotals: Inter-jurisdictional Transfers	38••	1••	39••	- 2••	- 4.9••
Court-ordered Releases					
Probation	356	24	380	40	11.8
Returned Parolee Placed on Probation	0	0	0	0	0
Released on Appeal Bond	5	0	5	- 1	-16.7
Presentence Returned to Court	22	0	22	- 6	-21.4
Released for Court Appearance	187	0	187	38	25.5
Other Final Release by Court Order	4	0	4	0	0
••Subtotals: Court-ordered Releases	574••	24••	598••	71••	13.5••
Escape	15	0	15	2	15.4
Death (All Causes)	10	0	10	4	66.7
Totals: All Types of Release	1891	136	2027	290	16.7
Difference: Admissions Over Releases	416	-	416	-	-

*An "Initial" entry/exit represents the first entry by an offender during the period and/or his latest exit, with each individual counted only once as an entry and/or once as an exit. The "Subsequent" column includes the counting of offenders who were in confinement at the beginning of the period, but who were subsequently released and re-admitted, thus remaining in confinement at the end of the period. This column also includes the counting of the additional release-admission transactions for offenders already counted in the "Initial" column. The "Total" column contains the sum of the "Initial" and "Subsequent" entries/exits.

**Within the "Subsequent" column, certain types of transactions involving temporary exit from a correctional facility have been excluded: Release to court/return from court (453 transactions) and escape/return from escape (22 transactions).

Table 4
Yearly Admissions and Releases: FY 1980 - FY 1986*

• • • • • • • • • Admissions • • • • • • • • •

Types of Admission

Admissions by Court Action	FY 80	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	FY 86
Court Commitments							
New Court Commitment	1107	1296	1451	1588	1535	1383	1503
Aggravated Juvenile Delinquency	6	4	12	13	11	11	8
Probation Violator, Technical	82	143	180	178	221	217	240
Probation Violator, New Sentence	56	73	97	107	103	114	93
Parole Violator, New Sentence	144	221	212	236	246	148	155
Conditional Release Violator, New Sentence	4	7	6	4	3	10	7
••Subtotals: Court Commitments	1399••	1744••	1958••	2126••	2119••	1883••	2006••
Presentence Evaluation	63	70	56	48	22	31	25
Return from Court Appearance	30	28	30	29	27	37	37
••Subtotals: Admissions by Court Action	1492••	1842••	2044••	2203••	2168••	1951••	2068••
Returns by Department of Corrections Action							
Parole Violator, Technical	160	215	183	202	241	249	319
Conditional Release Violator, Technical	0	0	2	0	1	5	15
Escapee Returned	12	11	14	8	15	8	9
••Subtotals: Returns by D.O.C. Action	172••	226••	199••	210••	257••	262••	343•
Inter-jurisdictional Transfers							
Interstate/Federal Compact Received	14	12	17	21	21	17	21
Kansas Inmate Returned from Another Jurisdiction	8	12	6	14	11	13	11
••Subtotals: Inter-jurisdictional Transfers	22••	24••	23••	35••	32••	30••	32 ••
Totals: All Types of Admission	1686	2092	2266	2448	2457	2243	2443

Table 4 (cont.)

• • • • • • • • • Releases • • • • • • • • •

Types of Release	FY 80	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	FY 86
Parole							
Parole In-state	1019	955	1103	1072	747	774	913
Parole Out-of-state (Compact)	206	184	189	251	181	220	247
Parole to Detainer	3	8	32	69	49	57	91
Reparole	6	21	20	7	20	12	5
••Subtotals: Parole	1234••	1168••	1344••	1399••	997••	1063••	1256••
Conditional Release	51	58	43	46	90	86	101
Expiration of Sentence	0	1	1	1	5	0	7
Commutation or Pardon	0	0	0	0	2	1	1
Inter-jurisdictional Transfers							
Kansas Inmate Released for Housing	17	11	22	21	18	27	16
Interstate/Fed. Inmate Released to Sending Juris.	7	10	2	16	16	14	23
••Subtotals: Inter-jurisdictional Transfers	24••	21••	24••	37••	34••	41••	39••
Court-ordered Releases							
Probation	323	290	324	405	455	340	380
Returned Parolee Placed on Probation	12	6	7	3	0	0	0
Released on Appeal Bond	10	4	4	4	5	6	5
Presentence Returned to Court	53	63	46	41	22	28	22
Released for Court Appearance	35	107	129	112	216	149	187
Other Final Release by Court Order	7	6	4	8	7	4	4
••Subtotals: Court-ordered Releases	440••	476••	514••	573••	705••	527••	398••
Escape	17	18	10	15	5	13	15
Death (All Causes)	4	11	5	5	7	6	10
Totals: All Types of Release	1770	1753	1941	2076	1845	1737	2027
Difference: Admissions Over Releases	(84)	339	325	372	612	506	416

Note: A number in parentheses is a negative value.

*The data represent "total admissions" and "total releases" as defined in Table 3 footnotes.

Admissions by Court Action

Additional information on selected categories of admissions is presented in Figure 4 and Table 5. These data pertain only to admissions by court actions, specifically the "initial" admissions as defined in Table 3, including all categories of admission under the heading "Court Commitments." Figure 4 shows the distribution of these admissions by county. The number on top in each county is the total of such admissions occurring during Fiscal Year 1986, while the bottom figure represents the change in the number from Fiscal Year 1985. For Fiscal Year 1986 statewide, there were 1,953 of these admissions with the four most populous counties (Johnson, Sedgwick, Shawnee, and Wyandotte), as in previous years, collectively accounting for over half the total (53%).

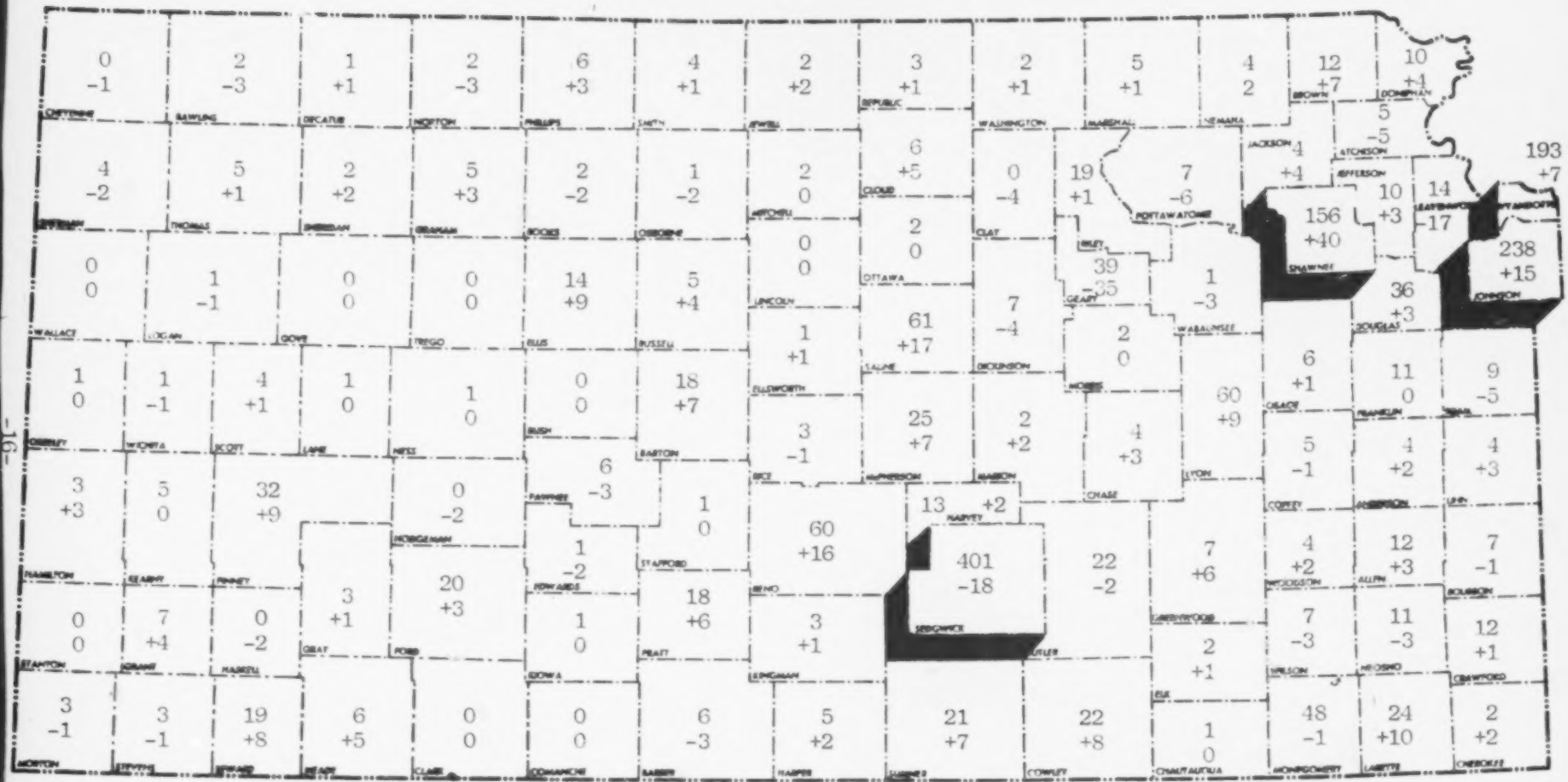
Information on these same types of admission is presented by felony class of offense for Fiscal Years 1981-1986 (Table 5). The information for Fiscal Year 1986 is further broken down by county of commitment. The Fiscal Year 1986 statewide total was distributed among the five felony classes as follows: class A, 1.4%; class B, 8.8%; class C, 22.0%; class D, 32.8%; class E 35.2%. This distribution has changed markedly during Fiscal Years 1985 and 1986. Due primarily to the passage of S.B. 858 in 1984, which changed many class D offenses to class E offenses, the proportion of admissions with class D offenses has continued to decrease while the proportion with class E has increased.

Table 6 contains admission data on the youthful offender. The number of admissions of offenders under age eighteen at the time of offense is presented by felony class of offense and type of offense -- whether person, property, drug, or other type of crime. The total number of these offenders admitted during Fiscal Year 1986 was 66, up 10 (18%) from Fiscal Year 1985.

Figure 4

Number of Admissions by Court Actions:
FY 1986 and Level of Change from FY 1985 by County*

KANSAS



*The top figure for each county is the number of "Initial" admissions as defined in Table 3 (all types of "Initial" admissions under the heading "Court Commitments"). The bottom figure represents the change in the number from FY 1985. For FY 1986 statewide, there were 1,953 such admissions (including 81 for which the county of admission was not available). Four counties (those projected on the map) collectively accounted for over half (53%) of the total.

Table 5

Admissions by Court Actions, by Felony Class of the Most Serious Current Offense Relating to the Latest Admission of the Period: FY 1981 - FY 1986*

Fiscal Year	Felony Class of Offense					
	A	B	C	D	E	Totals
1981	28	170	287	881	299	1665
1982	35	215	395	950	307	1902
1983	32	193	416	1060	347	2048
1984	36	178	410	1000	391	2015
1985	33	175	391	687	480	1766
1986 by County						
Sedgwick	9	56	116	139	81	401
Johnson	0	16	29	70	123	238
Wyandotte	5	24	43	63	58	193
Shawnee	1	16	37	39	63	156
Geary	0	3	9	11	16	39
Montgomery	0	4	9	20	15	48
Saline	1	6	25	12	17	61
Lyon	0	4	8	16	32	60
Reno	2	4	21	18	15	60
Finney	0	0	8	11	13	32
Douglas	0	3	8	9	16	36
Remaining 94 Counties	8	28	98	205	209	548
FY 1986 Totals	26	164	411	613	658	1872

*Entries represent "Initial" admissions as defined in Table 3; see "Subtotals: Court Commitments" (FY 86 = 1953; FY 85 = 1852; FY 84 = 2049; FY 83 = 2062; FY 82 = 1939; FY 81 = 1695) less the number of admissions for which the county and/or felony class was unknown at that time.

Table 6

Number of Admissions of Offenders Under Age Eighteen at the Time of Offense, by Felony Class and Type of Offense: FY 1980 - FY 1986

	Felony Class of Offense for Which Admitted					
Fiscal Year	A	B	C	D	E*	Totals
1980	1	12	6	21	9 (5)	49
1981	1	10	8	31	8 (6)	58
1982	3	6	14	40	23 (19)	86
1983	0	6	12	35	21 (16)	74
1984	0	8	13	37	13 (8)	71
1985	0	10	6	16	24 (12)	56
1986	1	6	14	24	21 (8)	66

	Type of Offense				
Fiscal Year	Person	Property	Drug	Other	Totals
1980	20	23	0	6	49
1981	18	32	2	6	58
1982	23	42	1	20	86
1983	17	39	2	16	74
1984	23	39	1	8	71
1985	17	25	2	12	56
1986	21	35	0	10	66

*A figure in parentheses represents the number of aggravated juvenile delinquency commitments within the total Class E felony admissions.

• • • • • SECTION III • • • • •

Inmate Profile Population: June 30, 1986

Introduction

This section provides a description of selected characteristics of the inmate population confined within Kansas correctional facilities on June 30, 1986, the last day of Fiscal Year 1986. The focus of this profile information is on the demographic attributes and social backgrounds of the offenders, the nature of the offenses for which incarcerated, the sentences imposed, and the criminal histories of the offenders.

The composition of the profile population was determined in the same manner as described in the annual reports for Fiscal Years 1981 - 1985. It includes, in addition to inmates actually housed in correctional facilities on June 30, 1986, all offenders in the following physical locations: state hospital, contract jail placement, contract work release, out for medical care, and out on furlough. Excluded from the profile population are offenders then undergoing presentence evaluation, inmates out for court appearances, inmates serving Kansas sentences while housed in out-of-state facilities under compact agreement, out-of-state offenders serving in Kansas facilities on sentences of other jurisdictions, inmates serving *in absentia* (inmates housed in other jurisdictions while serving Kansas sentences concurrently with sentences of other jurisdictions), escapees, offenders confined in local detention facilities, and all offenders on parole or probation status. This selection process produced a June 30, 1986 profile population of 4,934; 4,669 males and 265 females.

Characteristics of the Inmate Profile Population

The list below is offered as a capsule summary of some of the basic characteristics of the Fiscal Year 1986 inmate profile population. Each of the following characteristics was observed in a majority of the inmates upon admission to the correctional system:

- Sex - Male
- Racial/ethnic Group - White (41% non-white minority)
- Age - 26 or under
- Religion - Protestant
- Formal Education - High school, G.E.D., or greater (50.5%)
- Formal Vocational Training - None
- Employment Status - Not employed full-time
- Longest Period of Employment - One year or less
- Type of Admission - New court commitment
- Type of Offense :
  - for class A, B, C felons - person crime
  - for class D and E felons - property crime
- Length of Sentence (Minimum) - Four years or less
- Length of Current Confinement to Date - Two years or less
- Prior Felony Convictions - One or more
- Prior Felony Incarcerations - None

The distribution of the June 30, 1986 profile population among the correctional facilities is depicted graphically in Figure 5. Nearly half the population was housed at Kansas State Penitentiary (46.0%) and almost another third at Kansas State Industrial Reformatory (29.5%). Information on selected characterstics of the profile population is presented in Table 7 by facility of confinement. In Table 8 the profile populations for Fiscal Years 1985 and 1986 are compared on these same characteristics. For most characteristics the proportionate distribution of the inmates is about the same for both fiscal years. However, there is evidence of changes in certain attributes of the population. These changes in the composition of the profile population involve the same characteristics as noted in the changes from Fiscal Year 1984 to 1985 (the felony class of the most serious current offense, duration of present confinement, and type of admission). The increase from Fiscal Year 1985 to 1986 in the number of offenders with class E felonies was disproportionately great (46%) while the proportion with class D felonies decreased slightly (3.7%). The number of inmates who had served over two years during the present confinement increased substantially (25%) while the number who had served two years or less increased only very slightly (0.6%). In comparison, the number in the total profile population increased by 9.9% from Fiscal Year 1985 to Fiscal Year 1986.

The last part of Table 8 contains information on the type of admission (most recent entry) to a Department of Corrections facility. The group whose admission had resulted from violation of the conditions of probation, parole, or conditional release comprised 32% of the profile population for Fiscal Year 1986--about the same proportion as in the past several years. New commitments made up the remainder of the profile population. The increase in the total number of inmates who had been committed for technical parole violation (31.5%) was proportionately much greater than the increase in the number entering as new commitments (10.3%). The number admitted as new sentence violators of

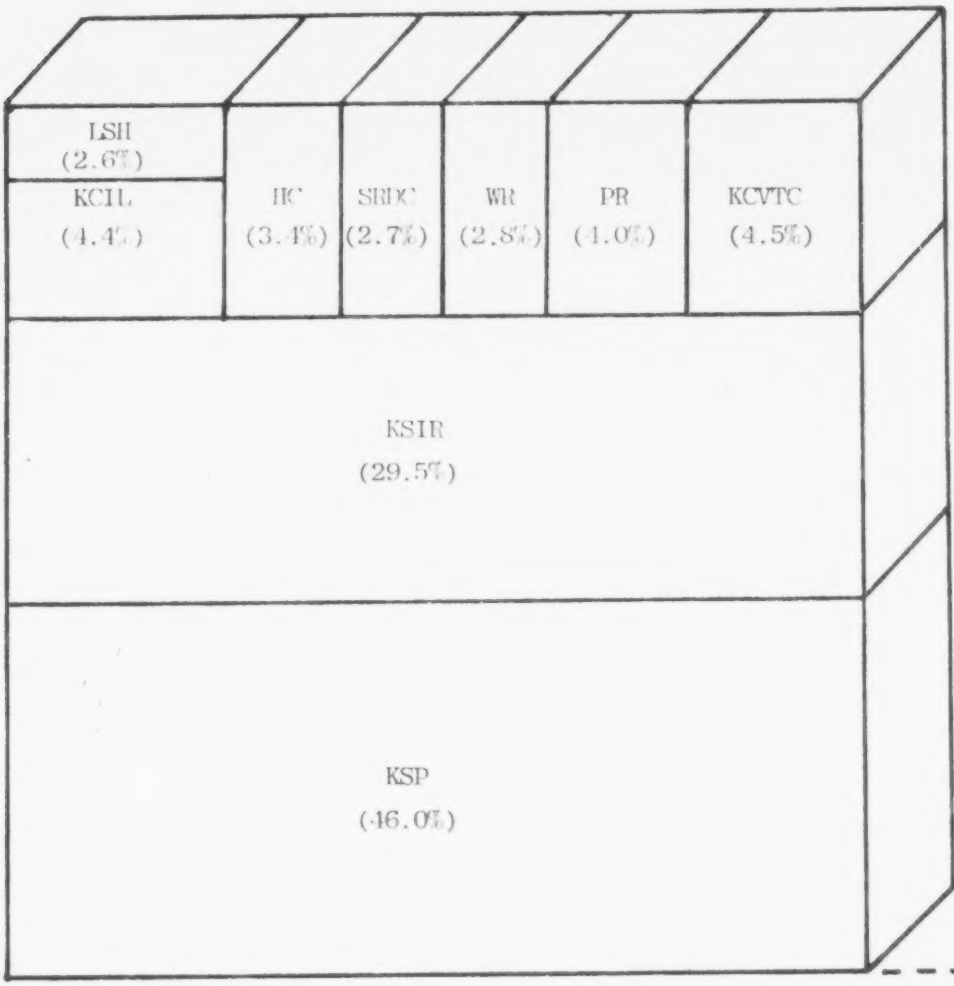
parole decreased slightly. Overall, the group comprising all types of violators contributed proportionately to the growth of the profile population from Fiscal Year 1985 to Fiscal Year 1986 at about the same rate as did the new commitments.

Table 9 contains additional data on the history of previous criminal activities of the offenders in the profile population. Both the number of previous felony convictions and the number of previous incarcerations for felony offenses are presented by felony class of the overall most serious current offense.

A summary of the status of the inmate population with regard to general institutional employment and program participation is presented in Table 10. Part 1 of this table contains data on general employment status while Part 2 identifies the particular detail or program to which the inmate is assigned. Of the total of 4,857 for which the information was obtained, 3,048 (62.8%) had full-time assignments, either work assignments or participation in academic or educational programs. The remaining 1,809 (37.2%) were, for a variety of reasons, not considered employed full-time. One large group of the unemployed (807) was unavailable for full-time work or program assignment because they were in some type of segregation, were in orientation status, or were undergoing intake evaluation. Most of the remaining 1,002 unemployed were able to work full-time, but were not working either because no assignments were available (511) or because they were unwilling or temporarily unable to work (439). The proportion employed or involved in programs full-time is up slightly from the previous year. However, the problem of inmate idleness continues to be in evidence.

Figure 5

Distribution of the June 30, 1986 Inmate Population Among Correctional Facilities



Correctional Facility	No.	%
Kansas State Penitentiary (KSP)	2269	46.0
Kansas State Industrial Reformatory (KSIR)	1454	29.5
Kansas Correctional-Vocational Training Center (KCVTC)	222	4.5
State Reception and Diagnostic Center (SRDC)	135	2.7
Kansas Correctional Institution at Lansing (KCIL)	215	4.4
Toronto Honor Camp (THC)	62	1.3
El Dorado Honor Camp (EHC)	102	2.1
Work Release (WR):		
Topeka Work Release Center	26	.5
Wichita Work Release Center	76	1.5
Hutchinson Work Release Center	20	.4
Contract Work Release	23	.4
Pre-release (PR):		
Topeka Pre-release Center	59	1.2
Winfield Pre-release Center	138	2.8
Contract Jail Placement	5	.1
Larned State Hospital	128	2.6
Total (All facilities)	4934	100.0

Table 7

Summary of Inmate Characteristics: June 30, 1986 Population

*Characteristic	Totals	Facility of Confinement									
		KSP	KSIR	KCVTC	SRDC	KCIL	HC	WR	PR	LSH	CJP
Age Group (Years)											
15 - 19	188	19	111	22	22	4	2	3	2	3	0
20 - 24	1330	273	723	102	43	31	42	40	52	24	0
25 - 29	1315	596	390	66	22	62	46	42	56	32	3
30 - 34	855	530	125	21	25	32	26	27	35	33	1
35 - 39	565	369	63	7	9	42	19	16	18	22	0
40+	671	481	41	4	14	36	29	17	34	14	1
Unknown	10	1	1	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	4934	2269	1454	222	135	215	164	145	197	128	5
Racial/Ethnic Group											
White	2955	1247	948	157	94	113	97	81	133	80	5
Black	1698	881	414	52	35	93	59	57	62	45	0
Hispanic	206	97	72	12	5	5	6	5	1	3	0
American Indian	62	39	14	1	1	3	1	2	1	0	0
Asian/Pac. Isl.	10	5	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Unknown	3	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	4934	2269	1454	222	135	215	164	145	197	128	5
Sex											
Male	4669	2269	1454	186	135	23	164	128	187	119	4
Female	265	0	0	36	0	192	0	17	10	9	1
Totals	4934	2269	1454	222	135	215	164	145	197	128	5
Education Level											
Grades 0-11	2123	968	703	89	22	70	66	69	77	57	2
High School Grad.	625	298	141	46	12	44	19	19	28	18	0
G.E.D.	1217	552	372	59	10	44	49	37	62	30	2
Greater Than H. S.	320	182	49	16	5	32	11	7	12	6	0
Unknown	649	269	189	12	86	25	19	13	18	17	1
Totals	4934	2269	1454	222	135	215	164	145	197	128	5
Custody Status											
Maximum	659	438	112	2	101	4	1	1	0	N/A	0
Close	693	98	543	3	8	41	0	0	0	N/A	0
Medium	1602	1203	366	2	6	22	2	0	1	N/A	0
Minimum	1852	530	433	215	20	148	161	114	196	N/A	5
Unassigned (LSH=N/A)	128	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	128	0
Totals	4934	2269	1454	222	135	215	164	145	197	128	5
Number of Previous Felony Convictions											
None	2007	751	716	118	52	95	70	63	82	59	1
1	1079	498	318	63	18	45	29	37	42	29	0
2	708	376	170	27	7	31	34	14	35	13	1
3 or more	555	357	90	9	6	22	12	21	24	13	1
Unknown	585	287	160	5	52	22	19	10	14	14	2
Totals	4934	2269	1454	222	135	215	164	145	197	128	5

Table 7 (cont.)

*Characteristic	Totals	Facility of Confinement									
		KSP	KSIR	KCVTC	SRDC	KCIL	HC	WR	PR	LSH	CJP
Number of Previous Incarcerations											
None	2418	921	826	163	40	132	81	79	107	67	2
1	851	464	204	15	7	36	31	29	38	27	0
2	373	247	60	4	4	16	12	11	15	4	0
3 or more	232	173	26	1	0	3	6	6	10	6	1
Unknown	1060	464	338	39	84	28	34	20	27	24	2
Totals	4934	2269	1454	222	135	215	164	145	197	128	5
Felony Class of Most Serious Current Offense											
A	360	247	82	0	2	19	2	1	0	7	0
B	1252	750	293	2	17	39	48	33	31	38	1
C	1196	572	333	42	29	39	57	30	57	34	3
D	1464	476	553	104	48	57	50	60	83	32	1
E	578	174	172	74	39	59	4	17	26	13	0
Unknown	84	50	21	0	0	2	3	4	0	4	0
Totals	4934	2269	1454	222	135	215	164	145	197	128	5
Duration of Present Confinement											
6 months or less	1082	270	484	103	130	64	7	1	8	15	0
Over 6 mo.-to 1 yr.	738	336	208	78	2	32	19	14	36	13	0
Over 1 yr.-to 2 yrs.	985	468	255	30	1	37	64	38	61	30	1
Over 2 yrs.-to 3 yrs.	738	331	241	6	0	29	34	31	49	15	2
Over 3 yrs.-to 4 yrs.	426	223	107	2	0	19	18	22	22	11	2
Over 4 yrs.-to 5 yrs.	309	190	59	3	1	7	9	16	13	11	0
Over 5 yrs.	654	451	99	0	1	27	13	23	7	33	0
Unknown	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	4934	2269	1454	222	135	215	164	145	197	128	5

*All characteristics reflect status on June 30, 1986 (or time calculated from that date) except "Education Level" which is as reported upon admission. The total number of inmates for which information was available varies with the type of characteristic assessed.

**Period from most recent admission to June 30, 1986.

Table 8

Inmate Characteristics:
Comparison of the June 30, 1985 and June 30, 1986 Populations

*Characteristic	Total Inmate Population FY 1985 Number	%	FY 1986 Number	%	% Change From FY 85
Age Group (Years)					
15-19	197	4	188	4	- 4.6
20-24	1327	30	1330	27	.2
25-29	1216	27	1315	27	8.1
30-34	699	16	855	17	22.3
35-39	496	11	565	11	13.9
40+	545	12	671	14	23.1
Totals	4480	100	4924	100	- -
Unknown	10	-	10	-	- -
Racial/Ethnic Group					
White	2652	59	2955	60	11.4
Black	1590	36	1698	35	6.8
Hispanic	173	4	206	4	19.1
American Indian	61	1	62	1	1.6
Asian or Pacific Islander	14	-	10	-	-28.6
Totals	4490	100	4931	100	- -
Unknown	0	-	3	-	- -
Sex					
Male	1250	95	4669	95	9.9
Female	240	5	265	5	10.4
Totals	4490	100	4934	100	- -
Education Level					
Grades 0 - 11	1970	51	2123	50	7.8
High School Graduate	535	14	625	15	16.8
G.E.D.	1057	28	1217	28	15.1
Greater Than High School	277	7	320	7	15.5
Totals	3839	100	4285	100	- -
Unknown	651	-	649	-	- -
Number of Previous Felony Convictions					
None	1768	45	2007	46	13.5
1	992	25	1079	25	8.8
2	673	17	708	16	5.2
3 or more	503	13	555	13	10.3
Totals	3936	100	4349	100	- -
Unknown	554	-	585	-	- -
Number of Previous Incarcerations					
None	2178	61	2418	62	11.0
1	816	23	851	22	4.3
2	346	10	373	10	7.8
3 or more	225	6	232	6	3.1
Totals	3565	100	3874	100	- -
Unknown	925	-	1060	-	- -

Table 8 (cont.)

*Characteristic	Total Inmate Population FY 1985 Number	%	FY 1986 Number	%	% Change From FY 85
Felony Class of Most Serious Current Offense					
A	338	8	360	7	6.5
B	1137	26	1252	26	10.1
C	1044	23	1196	25	14.6
D	1520	34	1464	30	- 3.7
E	396	9	578	12	46.0
Totals	4435	100	4850	100	- -
Unknown	55	-	84	-	- -
**Duration of Present Confinement					
6 months or less	1002	22	1082	22	8.0
Over 6 months - to 1 year	652	15	738	15	13.2
Over 1 year - to 2 years	1135	25	985	20	-13.2
Over 2 years - to 3 years	613	14	738	15	20.4
Over 3 years - to 4 years	374	8	426	9	13.9
Over 4 years - to 5 years	211	5	309	6	46.5
Over 5 years	503	11	654	13	30.0
Totals	4490	100	4932	100	- -
Unknown	0	-	2	-	- -
***Types of Admission					
Commitments for Violation					
Technical Probation Violation	232	5	249	5	7.3
Probation Violation/New Sentence	229	5	255	5	11.4
Subtotals (All Probation Violation)	461	10	504	10	9.3
Technical Parole Violation	276	6	363	7	31.5
Parole Violation/New Sentence	698	16	683	14	- 2.2
Subtotals (All Parole Violation)	974	22	1046	21	7.4
Conditional Release Violation	33	1	50	1	51.5
Subtotals (All Types of Violation)	1468	33	1600	32	9.0
Other Commitments					
New Commitments	3022	67	3334	68	10.3
Total Inmate Population	4490	100	4934	100	9.9

*All characteristics reflect status on June 30 of the specified year (or time calculated from that date) except "Education Level" which is as reported upon admission. The total number of inmates for which information was available varies with the type of characteristic assessed.

**Period from most recent admission to June 30 of the specified year.

***Figures represent the number of inmates in the population on the date specified whose most recent entry into the Department of Corrections was of the specified type.

Table 9

Number of Previous Felony Convictions and Incarcerations
by Felony Class of the Most Serious Current Offense:
June 30, 1986 Population

Number of Previous Convictions	Number of Offenders in Each Felony Class of Most Serious Current Offense					
	A	B	C	D	E	Totals (All Classes)
0	171	514	516	562	230	1993
1	77	292	252	320	131	1072
2	41	157	112	299	92	701
3	13	60	64	115	36	288
4 or more	8	63	58	90	31	250
Totals	310	1086	1002	1386	520	4304

Number of Previous Incarcerations						
0	199	635	601	687	280	2402
1	64	234	199	265	81	843
2	31	112	65	115	42	365
3	6	37	32	46	10	131
4 or more	4	24	25	28	7	88
Totals	304	1042	922	1141	420	3829

Missing observations: Felony class of most serious current offense = 84; number of previous convictions = 546; number of previous incarcerations = 1021.

Table 10

General Employment and Program Status of Offenders in the Inmate Population*

Part 1: Employment Status (Full-time Assignments)

Employment Status	Totals	Facility of Confinement							
		KSP	KSIR	KCVTC	SRDC	KCIL	HC	WR	PR
Employed Full-time:									
Student (Vocational training and academic education)	762	338	276	123	-	25	-	-	-
Unskilled Worker	564	254	191	34	-	85	-	-	-
Semi-skilled Worker	522	336	138	-	-	48	-	-	-
Skilled Worker	651	372	228	35	-	16	-	-	-
Private Industries	31	8	-	-	-	23	-	-	-
Other Employment/Program	518	-	-	3	-	11	164	145	195
Subtotal Employed	3048	1308	833	195	0	208	164	145	195
Not Employed:									
Lay-in (Able to work, no assignment available)	511	167	344	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lay-in (Failure to work, unwilling and/or unable)	439	309	130	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lay-in (Medical)	24	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Orientation	121	93	3	25	-	-	-	-	-
Administrative Segregation	122	90	31	1	-	-	-	-	-
Disciplinary Segregation	19	1	18	-	-	-	-	-	-
Protective Custody	269	268	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Medical Seg./Clinical Services	8	2	6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Not Employed/Not Assigned	52	21	19	1	-	11	-	-	-
Holdover	104	31	73	-	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal Not Employed	1669	1006	625	27	0	11	0	0	0
Undergoing Evaluation (SRDC or KCIL)	140	-	-	-	140	-	-	-	-
Grand Totals (All Offenders)	4857	2314	1458	222	140	219	164	145	195

Table 10 (cont.)

Part 2: Program or Work Assignments (Full-time)**

• • • • • • Major Institutions • • • • • •

Type of Assignment	Number Assigned			
	KSP	KSIR	KCVTC	KCIL
Institutional Support Detail	416	280	29	126
Maintenance Detail	157	149	15	8
Utility Work Detail	158	55	16	13
Kansas Correctional Industries	214	37	12	7
Private Industries	8	0	0	23
Academic Education:				
Clerk, orderly, tutor	14	20	0	6
Student	64	99	0	0
Vocational Education:				
Clerk, orderly	5	16	0	0
Trainee	272	177	123	25
Subtotals	1308	833	195	208
Remaining Population	1006	625	27	11
Total Population	2314	1458	222	219

Note. All full-time assignments in drafting, computer technology, and word processing are included under vocational education.

• • • • • • Other Correctional Facilities • • • • • •

	Number Assigned
SRDC	
Undergoing Evaluation (Total Population)	139

Honor Camps

	Toronto	El Dorado
State Park and Community Projects	46	85
Honor Camp Maintenance/Services	16	17
Total Population	62	102

Work Release Centers

	Topeka	Wichita	Hutchinson	Contract WR
Regular Program Assignment	25	72	19	23
Permanent Party	1	4	1	0
Total Population	26	76	20	23

Pre-release Centers

	Topeka	Winfield
Regular Program Assignment	43	121
Permanent Party	16	15
Total Population	59	136

Table 10(cont.)

*Note that the information pertains to the inmate population as of June 30, 1986. Inmates assigned to Larned State Hospital and contract jail placement are excluded. Source of information: 7-1-86 runs of "PGM-WRKASM".

**In addition to the full-time assignments tabled, many inmates participate in other programs on a part-time basis. Such part-time programs include certain courses in academic and vocational education as well as services available in the alcohol, drug, and adjustment counseling areas.

Comparison of the Characteristics of the Female and Male Inmates

As was pointed out in Figure 3, the increase in the number of females in the inmate population has been disproportionately great in the past several years. However, in terms of actual numbers the addition to the total population has been small. The increase of 166 in the female average daily population from Fiscal Years 1980 to 1986 represents only 6.8% of the increase of 2,440 in the A.D.P. for the total population. The growth in the female population, although small in absolute number, is significant in that it brings with it changes in inmate housing requirements and program needs.

A comparison of the characteristics of the female and male subgroups comprising the profile population is presented in Table 11. As with the corresponding groups of the previous two years, there are differences between the women and men on most of the characteristics included. Proportionately speaking, the female population was somewhat older, contained more blacks, and had a higher level of formal education upon admission than the male population. Regarding the felony class of the most serious current offense for which the inmate was serving, there were proportionately fewer women than men in the class B offense category but more women than men in class D. The duration of the current confinement (length of stay to date) was somewhat shorter for the women. The latter findings are believed to be at least partially attributable to differences between the men and women regarding the types of crime committed.

Data on the history of criminal activities indicates that a smaller proportion of women than men had records of previous felony incarcerations. In the profile populations of Fiscal Years 1984 and 1985 it was noted that proportionately fewer women had histories of prior felony convictions. This difference is considerably less pronounced in the Fiscal Year 1986 population. About 51% of the women had prior convictions compared to 54% of the men. The information on pre-confinement histories of sub-

stance abuse indicates that while serious problems with drugs were slightly more prevalent among women (47%) than men (42%), serious problems with alcohol were far more prevalent among men (38%) than women (19%).

Table 11

Comparison of the Characteristics of Male and Female Inmates:
June 30, 1986 Population

*Characteristic	Male		Female	
	Number	%	Number	%
Age Group (Years)				
15-19	184	4	4	2
20-24	1284	28	46	18
25-29	1231	26	84	33
30-34	806	17	49	19
35-39	523	11	42	16
40+	639	14	32	12
Totals	4667	100	257	100
Unknown	2	-	8	-
Racial/Ethnic Group				
White	2816	61	139	53
Black	1582	34	116	44
Hispanic	200	4	6	2
American Indian	59	1	3	1
Asian or Pacific Islander	10	-	0	-
Totals	4667	100	264	100
Unknown	2	-	1	-
Education Level				
Grades 0 - 11	2030	50	93	39
High School Graduate	568	14	57	24
G.E.D.	1163	29	54	22
Greater Than High School	284	7	36	15
Totals	4045	100	240	100
Unknown	624	-	25	-
Level of Alcohol Usage (Prior to Admission)				
No Known Usage	1423	37	148	62
Addition	716	18	31	13
Habitual Excessive	774	20	14	6
Episodic Excessive	811	21	43	18
Use at Time of Offense	169	4	2	1
Totals	3893	100	238	100
Unknown	776	-	27	-
Level of Drug Usage (Prior to Admission)				
No Known Usage	1636	42	97	41
Addiction	885	23	58	25
Episodic Excessive	725	19	52	22
Non-dependent Short-term	536	14	28	12
Use at Time of Offense	95	2	1	-
Totals	3877	100	236	100
Unknown	792	-	29	-

Table 11 (cont.)

*Characteristic	Male Number	Male %	Female Number	Female %
Felony Class of Most Serious Current Offense				
A	345	7	15	6
B	1224	27	28	11
C	1137	25	59	22
D	1390	30	74	28
E	489	11	89	33
Totals	4585	100	265	100
Unknown	84	-	0	-
Number of Previous Felony Convictions				
None	1888	46	119	49
1	1029	25	50	21
2	661	16	47	19
3 or more	529	13	26	11
Totals	4107	100	242	100
Unknown	562	-	23	-
Number of Previous Incarcerations				
None	2235	62	123	77
1	814	22	37	16
2	358	10	15	6
3 or more	229	6	3	1
Totals	3636	100	238	100
Unknown	1033	-	27	-
Duration of Present Confinement				
6 months or less	997	21	85	32
Over 6 months - to 1 year	688	15	50	19
Over 1 year - to 2 years	935	20	50	19
Over 2 years - to 3 years	701	15	37	14
Over 3 years - to 4 years	406	9	20	7
Over 4 years - to 5 years	301	6	8	3
Over 5 years	639	14	15	6
Totals	4667	100	265	100
Unknown	2	-	0	-

*All characteristics reflect status on June 30 of the specified year (or time calculated from that date) except "Education Level," "Level of Alcohol Usage," and "Level of Drug Usage" which are as reported upon admission. The total number of inmates for which information was available varies with the type of characteristic assessed.

**Period from most recent admission to June 30 of the specified year.

Characteristics of the New Admissions Population

Although the yearly turnover rate is relatively high among the inmates in the profile population, at any point in time there is a large proportion of the group that has been counted in yearly profile population for a number of years. The impact of these long-term inmates on the distribution of many of the profile characteristics is the same year after year. For the past several years the characteristics of newly admitted offenders have been examined in order to better assess any trends toward change in the composition of the inmate population. Included as new admissions are new court commitments, aggravated juvenile delinquency commitments, and probation violators. Many offenders in this group are also members of the general profile population since they were still on hand as of June 30, 1986.

Information on the characteristics of offenders entering the correctional system as new admissions during each of the past four years (Fiscal Years 1983 - 1986) is presented in Table 12. Note that the new admissions were not necessarily first-time offenders; some had been incarcerated previously in other states or had served Kansas sentences from which they had been discharged.

Compared to the June 30, 1986 profile population (Table 8) the Fiscal Year 1986 new admissions population contained proportionately more offenders in the younger age groups (the 15-19 and 20-24 age ranges), more offenders in the white racial/ethnic group (71% vs. 60%) and more women (9% vs. 5%). Regarding the felony class of the most serious offense, the proportion of offenders in the new admissions population with class E felonies was much greater (34% vs. 12%) and the proportion with class A or B felonies was much smaller (10% vs. 33%). The new admissions population also contained proportionately fewer offenders with prior felony convictions (43% vs. 54%) and prior incarcerations (26% vs. 38%). Pre-confinement histories of alcohol and drug problems were only slightly less prevalent in the new admissions

population. To some extent the differences noted between the two offender populations are due to type of offense and sentence length. The offenders with more serious offenses, extensive criminal histories, and longer sentences tend to accumulate in the inmate population. Thus, the population on hand contains proportionately more offenders with these and related characteristics than does the population of new incoming offenders.

Table 12

Characteristics of New Admissions Population:
Comparison of FY 1983 - FY 1986*

	New Admissions Population				
	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	FY 86	
Number in Population	1939	1929	1724	1849	
**Characteristic	%	%	%	No.	%
Age Group (Years)					
15-19	13	11	10	189	10
20-24	38	38	34	622	34
25-29	21	21	23	416	22
30-34	12	13	13	270	15
35-39	8	8	9	168	9
40+	8	9	11	181	10
Totals	100	100	100	1846	100
No. Unknown	38	35	8	3	-
Racial/Ethnic Group					
White	67	68	67	1322	71
Black	28	27	28	424	23
Hispanic	3	4	4	85	5
American Indian	2	1	1	14	1
Asian or Pacific Islander	-	-	-	3	-
Totals	100	100	100	1848	100
No. Unknown	37	28	0	1	-
Sex					
Male	91	89	91	1688	91
Female	9	11	9	161	9
Totals	100	100	100	1849	100
Education Level					
Grades 0 - 11	52	51	47	685	46
High School Graduate	17	21	17	287	19
G.E.D.	23	20	27	380	26
Greater Than High School	8	8	9	138	9
Totals	100	100	100	1490	100
No. Unknown	368	408	456	359	-
Level of Alcohol Usage (Prior to Admission)					
No Known Usage	36	45	44	581	40
Addiction	14	12	13	255	17
Habitual Excessive	21	17	17	256	18
Episodic Excessive	24	22	22	312	21
Use at time of Offense	5	4	4	60	4
Totals	100	100	100	1464	100
No. Unknown	557	493	481	385	-

Table 12 (cont.)

	New Admissions Population				
	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	FY 86	
**Characteristic	%	%	%	No.	%
Level of Drug Usage (Prior to Admission)					
No Known Usage	40	46	44	611	44
Addiction	21	17	18	287	20
Episodic Excessive	20	20	22	304	21
Non-dependent Short-term	17	15	14	195	13
Use at Time of Offense	2	2	2	37	2
Totals	100	100	100	1467	100
No. Unknown	603	509	486	382	-
Number of Previous Felony Convictions					
None	52	60	58	904	57
1	26	21	22	372	23
2	12	12	14	181	12
3 or more	10	7	6	123	8
Totals	100	100	100	1580	100
No. Unknown	486	435	339	269	-
Number of Previous Incarceration					
None	68	80	78	832	74
1	20	14	14	190	17
2	7	4	6	72	6
3 or more	5	2	2	35	3
Totals	100	100	100	1129	100
No. Unknown	747	625	544	720	-
Felony Class of Most Serious Current Offense					
A	2	2	2	25	1
B	10	8	10	155	9
C	21	21	23	402	22
D	51	50	40	612	34
E	16	19	25	613	34
Totals	100	100	100	1807	100
No. Unknown	8	16	39	42	-

*New admissions include new court commitments, aggravated juvenile delinquency commitments, and probation violators (both technical and new sentence) entering the system during the specified fiscal year. The total number of inmates for which information was available varies with the type of characteristic assessed.

**All characteristics reflect status on June 30 of the specified year except "Education Level," "Level of Alcohol Usage," and "Level of Drug Usage" which are as reported upon admission.

Criminal Offenses, Sentence Structure, and Time Served

Offenses for Which Incarcerated. In Table 13 the inmate profile populations for Fiscal Years 1983-1986 are compared on type of criminal offense. The offense described is the overall most serious offense of all active sentences for each inmate.

Of the Fiscal Year 1986 population, nearly one-third (30.2%) had most serious offenses within felony class D, followed by class B at 25.8%, class C at 24.7%, class E at 11.9%, and class A at 7.4%. Collectively, five specific crimes were identified as the most serious offenses of about half (49.0%) the profile population. The five offenses were burglary, which was the most serious offense in 15.2% of the cases, aggravated robbery (12.7%), theft (10.7%), first degree murder (5.4%), and robbery (5.0%). In relation to the FY 1985 profile population, the felony class groups which showed the greatest increase in the number of inmates were class E (46.0%) and class C (14.6%), followed by class B at 10.1%, and class A at 6.5%. The felony class D group actually decreased by 3.7%. The large increase in the felony class E group and the corresponding decrease in the felony class D group have resulted from modification of the criminal statutes (S.B. 858) which changed the felony class of several offenses from D to E.

Sentence Structure. Table 14 contains a comparison of Fiscal Year 1986 and previous years' profile populations with regard to the types of sentences being served. The summary item used in describing the sentence data is the controlling sentence which is the range of the term of confinement computed on all currently active sentences, expressing the minimum and maximum periods of confinement. These data are summarized by sentence minimum (in yearly increments) in the second part of Table 14 for Fiscal Years 1982-1986. Of the Fiscal Year 1986 population 14.5% was serving on sentences with minimums of one year; 12.5% had minimums of two years; and 18.8% had minimums of three years. Thus, nearly half

(45.8%) of the profile population was serving sentences with minimums of three years or less. Sentences with minimums of five years were being served by 15.6% and minimums of 15 years or more by 16.9%. Proportionately, the figures for Fiscal Years 1983-1986 are similar to each other, with more inmates with two and three-year minimums and substantially fewer with one-year minimums than observed in Fiscal Year 1982.

Length of Time Served in Correctional Facilities. Information on the actual amount of time served in Departmental facilities before release can be found in Table 15. A summary of the average length of stay in correctional facilities is presented by felony class of offense and sentence minimum for offenders paroled during each of the Fiscal Years 1983-1986. It should be noted that offenders excluded from this group of parolees are those with sentence structures which involved consecutive sentencing and those paroled from in absentia status. Also excluded are offenders receiving other types of release (e.g., conditional release, expiration of sentence). The length of stay represents the period of time served in Departmental facilities and does not necessarily reflect the total time served on the sentence(s). (Jail time or other periods of time credited to the sentence by the court have not been counted in the length of stay data.) For these data the felony class of offense is defined as the most serious offense associated with the offender's most recent admission and the minimum sentence is the minimum term associated with this same offense.

The first part of Table 15 pertains to cases in which neither the habitual criminal nor the mandatory sentence statutes were imposed. Most of the parolees (94%) fell into this category. The number of offenders paroled from felony class A offenses was too small (only one individual) to calculate a meaningful average length of stay. For Fiscal Year 1986 the average lengths of stay for the remaining four felony classes (all sentence minimums combined) were as follows: class B, 42.4 months (3.5 years); class C, 29.6 months (2.5 years), class D, 18.9 months (1.6

years); and class E, 11.7 months (.97 years). The second part of the table contains the corresponding data on the remaining parolees, cases in which the habitual criminal or mandatory sentence statutes, or both, had been imposed. Overall, the parolees released during Fiscal Year 1986 served substantially longer on the average than those released during prior years, especially those with class B, C, and D felonies. The offenders with class B felonies served somewhat less than in previous years, but there were considerably fewer released.

Given the current pattern of sentences within the inmate population and the present practices of the paroling authority, the trend toward longer periods of confinement will continue. Table 16 contains data on the projected average length of time to serve for the offenders admitted during Fiscal Year 1986, presented by felony class of offense and sentence minimum. The projections for average time to serve are conservative in that they represent the period to be served if all possible earned good time is awarded and everyone is released at the earliest date possible. Allowing for realistic levels regarding loss of good time and delays in release, the actual time to serve will be greater than indicated, probably several months longer on the average.

Table 13

Distribution of the Inmate Population
by Felony Class and Criminal Offense:
Comparison of Fiscal Years 1983 - 1986*

Kansas Statute	Offense Description	Number of Inmates (June 30) 1983	1984	1985	1986
	Class A Felonies				
21-3401	**Murder, First Degree	204	232	247	260
21-3421	Aggravated Kidnapping	70	79	91	100
	Total Class A Felonies	274	311	338	360
	Class B Felonies				
21-3401	Murder, First Degree (A/C/S)	2	3	5	8
21-3402	**Murder, Second Degree	121	111	141	158
21-3415	Aggravated Battery on a Law Enforcement Officer	6	9	8	12
21-3420	Kidnapping	123	136	149	155
21-3421	Aggravated Kidnapping (A/C/S)	0	1	1	1
21-3427	**Aggravated Robbery	486	530	574	617
21-3502	***Rape	105	128	145	166
21-3504	Agg. Indecent Liberties with a Child (and Indecent Liberties with a Ward)	1	3	11	13
21-3506	Aggravated Sodomy	58	72	89	105
21-3719	Aggravated Arson	8	9	10	12
65-4127A	Drug Offense	4	3	4	5
	Total Class B Felonies	914	1038	1137	1252
	Class C Felonies				
21-3401	Murder, First Degree (A/C/S)	4	4	4	3
21-3402	Murder, Second Degree (A/C/S)	2	7	7	6
21-3403	Voluntary Manslaughter	68	67	67	71
21-3411	Aggravated Assault on a Law Enforcement Officer	28	23	23	31
21-3414	Aggravated Battery	125	155	183	202
21-3420	Kidnapping A/C/S	2	3	2	4
21-3421	Aggravated Kidnapping (A/C/S)	2	2	4	5
21-3426	Robbery	184	222	226	244
21-3427	Aggravated Robbery (A/C/S)	12	22	26	30
21-3502	***Rape	22	30	32	36
21-3503	Indecent Liberties with a Child	58	86	130	186
21-3504	Agg. Indecent Liberties with a Child (and Ind. Lib. with a Ward) (A/C/S)	0	0	2	2
21-3506	Aggravated Sodomy (A/C/S)	2	4	6	11
21-3716	Aggravated Burglary	41	48	76	83
21-3718	Arson	33	38	47	61
21-3719	Aggravated Arson (A/C/S)	0	1	1	2
21-38051	Perjury (Made in Felony Trial)	3	2	1	2
65-41261	Drug Offense	1	0	0	0
65-4127A	Drug Offense	0	0	0	0
65-4127A1	Drug Offense	36	50	74	75
65-4127BB	Drug Offense	66	84	133	142
	Total Class C Felonies	689	848	1044	1196

Table 13 (cont.)

Kansas Statute	Offense Description	Number of Inmates (June 30) 1983	1984	1985	1986
	Class D Felonies				
21-3402	Murder, First Degree (A/C/S)	1	1	1	2
21-3403	Voluntary Manslaughter (A/C/S)	0	0	0	1
21-3404	Involuntary Manslaughter	4	15	23	30
21-3410	Aggravated Assault	71	91	110	121
21-3411	Aggravated Assault on a Law Enforcement Officer (A/C/S)	0	0	0	2
21-3414	Aggravated Battery (A/C/S)	8	14	18	21
21-3426	Robbery (A/C/S)	12	13	17	23
21-3503	Indecent Liberties with a Child	2	3	10	24
21-3509	Enticement of a Child	3	7	8	8
21-3518	Aggravated Sexual Battery	0	2	18	33
21-3603	Aggravated Incest	6	6	8	15
21-3609	Abuse of a Child	0	0	1	7
21-3701	****Theft ($100 or more)	375	417	400	287
21-3704	****Theft of Services ($100 or more)	0	2	2	0
21-3708	****Habitual Giving of Worthless Checks	7	10	7	5
21-3710	****Forgery	104	126	111	66
21-3711	Making a False Writing	3	5	3	4
21-3715	Burglary	550	673	720	738
21-3716	Aggravated Burglary (A/C/S)	2	6	10	14
21-3718	Arson (A/C/S)	1	1	1	1
21-3901	Bribery	0	0	1	2
21-4105	Inciting a Riot	0	0	0	1
21-42041	Unlawful Possession of Firearms	13	14	16	18
21-4209A	Possession of Explosives	0	0	0	1
65-4127A1	Drug Offense	1	1	3	3
65-4127B	Drug Offense	9	7	6	3
65-4127BA	Drug Offense	14	10	18	20
65-4127BB	Drug Offense	2	7	8	14
	Total Class D Felonies	1188	1431	1520	1464
	Class E Felonies				
08-262A	Driver's License Violation	1	1	1	8
08-287	Habitual Violation; Unlawful Operation of Vehicle When Prohibited	1	3	5	12
21-3404	Involuntary Manslaughter	14	6	4	4
21-3405A	Aggravated Vehicular Homicide	0	0	1	9
21-3410	Aggravated Assault (A/C/S)	5	12	11	16
21-3414	Aggravated Battery (A/C/S)	2	0	0	0
21-3419	Terroristic Threat	8	9	16	24
21-3420	Kidnapping (A/C/S)	1	1	0	0
21-3422A	Aggravated Interference with Parental Custody	0	0	0	1
21-3426	Robbery (A/C/S)	0	1	1	1
21-3427	Aggravated Robbery (A/C/S)	0	0	2	1
21-3428	Blackmail	0	0	0	1
21-3503	Indecent Lib. with a Child (A/C/S)	1	0	0	0
21-3509	Enticement of a Child	1	2	1	3
21-3511	Agg. Indecent Solicitation of a Child	3	8	10	9
21-3514	Habitual Promoting Prostitution	0	1	0	0

Table 13 (cont.)

Kansas Statute	Offense Description	Number of Inmates (June 30) 1983	1984	1985	1986
	Class E Felonies (cont.)				
21-3516	Sexual Exploitation of a Child	1	1	1	1
21-3518	Aggravated Sexual Battery	0	0	0	4
21-3602	Incest	1	0	0	0
21-3603	Aggravated Incest (A/C/S)	3	0	0	3
21-3605	Nonsupport of a Child	6	8	6	1
21-3609	Abuse of a Child	7	8	8	7
21-3611	Aggravated Juvenile Delinquency	11	13	15	16
21-3612	Contributing to Misconduct or Deprivation of a Child	0	0	0	1
21-3701	****Theft (Over $150 or more) and/or Attempted Theft	36	58	128	233
21-3704	****Theft of Services ($100 or more)	0	0	0	2
21-3707	Giving of a Worthless Check	27	36	26	33
21-3708	****Habitual Giving of Worthless Checks	0	0	0	7
21-3710	****Forgery (and/or Attempted Forgery)	3	9	31	56
21-3714	Possession of Forgery Devices	0	1	1	0
21-3715	Burglary (A/C/S)	21	29	40	39
21-3716	Aggravated Burglary (A/C/S)	0	0	1	1
21-3717	Possession of Burglary Tools	1	1	4	4
21-3718	Arson (A/C/S)	0	1	0	0
21-3720	Criminal Damage to Property	22	27	32	36
21-3729	Unlawful Use of Financial Cards	5	5	4	5
21-3734	Impairment of Security Interest	0	1	2	2
21-3806	Corruptly Influencing a Witness	1	0	0	0
21-3808	Obstruction of Legal Process (Felony Case)	1	3	2	2
21-3810	Aggravated Escape from Custody	5	4	8	8
21-3812	Aiding a Felon	5	6	5	4
21-3814	Aggravated Failure to Appear	4	2	2	4
21-3825	Aggravated False Impersonation	1	1	2	1
21-3826	Traffic in Contraband in a Penal Institution	2	3	2	2
21-3833	Aggravated Intimidation of Witness	0	0	2	2
21-42011	Unlawful Firearm, Possession, etc.	1	3	2	3
21-4202	Aggravated Weapons Violation	0	2	3	1
21-42041	Unlawful Possess. of Firearms (A/C/S)	0	0	0	0
21-4214	Obtaining Prescription Drug Fraudulently	0	0	2	1
21-4306	Dealing in Gambling Devices	0	0	1	0
36-206	Fraud in Obtaining Accommodations	1	1	1	0
65-4127A1	Drug Offense (A/C/S)	2	4	5	2
65-4127B	Drug Offense (A/C/S)	1	1	1	1
65-4127BA	Drug Offense (A/C/S)	3	4	4	5
65-4127BB	Drug Offense (A/C/S)	3	7	3	2
	Total Class E Felonies	211	283	396	578
	Total (All Felony Classes)	3276	3911	4435	4850
	Unknown Class of Offense	77	57	55	84
	Grand Total	3353	3968	4490	4934

Table 13 (cont.)

Breakdown of Unknown Category

Kansas Statute	Offense Description	Number of Inmates (June 30) 1983	1984	1985	1986
21-3401	Murder, First Degree	29	26	22	24
21-3402	Murder, Second Degree	5	3	2	2
21-3427	Aggravated Robbery	11	10	9	11
	Other Unclassified Felonies	13	8	9	8
	Felony Class Undetermined	19	10	13	39
	Total Unknown	77	57	55	84

*The offense described is the overall most serious offense of all active sentences for the inmate. The designation "A/C/S" (Attempt/Conspire/Solicitation) in the offense description denotes attempted crimes or in some cases to conspire to commit, or to aid, abet, advise, counsel, procure, or hire others to commit the crime.

**For the total number of inmates serving for this offense, add the corresponding unclassified offenses listed in the "Breakdown of Unknown Category."

***The offense of rape was changed from Class C to Class B on 7-1-1978; hence, there are inmates serving under each of the two classifications.

****On May 17, 1984, the felony class of several offenses (including theft, theft of services, habitual giving of worthless checks, and forgery) was changed from D to E.

Table 14

Structure of Controlling Sentences: June 30 Inmate Population
Comparison of FY 1986 with Previous Years

*Controlling Sentence		FY 1985		FY 1986	
Minimum	Maximum	No.	%	No.	%
1	2	104	2	126	3
1	3	45	1	72	1
1	5	328	8	393	8
1	10	94	2	85	2
Other 1-year minimum		33	1	33	1
2	5	297	7	227	5
2	7	41	1	64	1
2	10	211	5	231	5
Other 2-year minimum		75	1	88	2
3	10	634	14	670	13
3	20	54	1	37	1
Other 3-year minimum		184	4	210	4
4	10	47	1	64	1
4	15	83	2	100	2
4	20	52	1	57	1
Other 4-year minimum		44	1	66	1
5	20	493	11	532	11
Other 5-year minimum		195	4	229	5
6 to 9-year minimum		373	9	435	9
10	Life	99	2	103	2
Other 10-year minimum		128	3	146	3
11 to 14-year minimum		73	2	88	2
15	Life	141	3	147	3
Other 15-year minimum		38	1	45	1
20-year minimum		37	1	46	1
30	Life	54	1	56	1
Other 30-year minimum		6	0**	6	0**
Life	Life	364	8	385	8
Other minimum more than 15		127	3	143	3
Totals (All minimums)		4454	100	4884	100
Unknown Minimum		36	--	50	--
Grand Totals		4490	--	4934	--

Table 14 (cont.)

Summary by Minimum Term of Controlling Sentence

Minimum (Years)	% of Population at Each Minimum				FY 1986	
	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	No.	%
1	27.2	13.6	11.4	13.6	709	14.5
2	13.9	19.1	17.7	14.0	610	12.5
3	12.1	15.9	18.4	19.6	917	18.8
4	1.4	3.3	5.0	5.1	287	5.9
5	16.1	16.0	15.6	15.4	761	15.6
6	2.2	2.4	3.1	3.7	194	4.0
7	1.1	1.6	1.8	2.3	113	2.3
8	1.1	1.6	1.7	1.6	84	1.7
9	.5	.8	.8	.8	44	.9
10	5.1	5.4	5.1	5.1	249	5.1
11	.2	.3	.3	.5	24	.5
12	.3	.6	.7	.8	40	.8
13	.3	.2	.2	.2	15	.3
14	.1	.2	.2	.1	9	.2
15	4.1	4.4	4.3	4.0	192	3.9
20	.9	1.0	.8	.8	46	.9
30	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.4	62	1.3
Life	9.2	9.1	8.5	8.2	385	7.9
Other (more than 15)	2.6	2.8	2.9	2.8	143	2.9
Totals (All minimums)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	4884	100.0
Number of Inmates (on which % is based)	2950	3347	3957	4454	4884	

*The controlling sentence is the range, in years, determined by the longest minimum and the longest maximum term to be served. The controlling minimum is the indicator for the parole eligibility date. The controlling maximum is used to project the conditional release date (the date of the maximum term less the statutorily earned good time) which indicates completion of the sentence obligation.

**Less than .5 of one percent.

Table 15

Average Length of Stay in Correctional Facilities, by Felony Class of Offense and Sentence Minimum: Offenders Paroled During Fiscal Years 1983 - 1986*

Cases in Which Neither the Habitual Criminal or Mandatory Sentence Statutes Were Imposed

Felony Class and Minimum	FY 1983 No.	FY 1983 Avg. Stay (Months)	FY 1984 No.	FY 1984 Avg. Stay (Months)	FY 1985 No.	FY 1985 Avg. Stay (Months)	FY 1986 No.	FY 1986 Avg. Stay (Months)
Class A								
Life	1	**	2	**	2	**	1	**
Class B								
10 Year	6	58.24	7	34.82	1	52.30	1	108.40
4-5 Year	40	31.39	29	41.03	29	34.84	23	40.16
Other Minimums	6	69.03	5	53.88	3	45.92	4	38.82
All Class B	52	38.83	41	41.54	33	36.37	28	42.41
Class C								
5 Year	18	30.57	14	32.20	11	34.07	24	43.47
4 Year	2	**	3	**	4	**	4	41.19
3 Year	27	25.17	27	21.13	47	24.67	78	29.33
2 Year	42	16.08	56	17.69	10	17.21	10	12.37
1 Year	89	9.19	23	11.09	20	21.83	11	12.58
All Class C	178	15.71	123	19.02	92	24.82	127	29.59
Class D								
3 Year	76	21.48	61	20.67	79	24.13	116	25.84
2 Year	151	17.19	188	15.62	216	17.91	207	19.49
1 Year	421	10.14	146	11.61	161	11.28	144	12.60
All Class D	648	13.11	395	14.91	456	16.64	467	18.94
Class E								
2 Year	0	--	10	14.90	28	17.08	18	22.52
1 Year	189	9.90	132	9.07	133	10.04	191	10.65
All Class E	189	9.90	142	9.48	161	11.27	209	11.67
Total (All Classes)	1068	--	703	--	744	--	832	--

Table 15 (cont.)

Cases in Which Habitual Criminal or Mandatory Sentence Statutes or Both Imposed

Felony Class and Minimum	FY 1983 No.	FY 1983 Avg. Stay (Months)***	FY 1984 No.	FY 1984 Avg. Stay (Months)***	FY 1985 No.	FY 1985 Avg. Stay (Months)***	FY 1986 No.	FY 1986 Avg. Stay (Months)***
Class A (All Min.)	0	**	0	**	0	**	1	**
Class B (All Min.)	30	57.70	29	54.41	29	52.64	12	52.54
Class C (All Min.)	46	28.28	21	22.64	13	28.65	22	40.41
Class D (All Min.)	16	23.09	16	19.31	16	22.47	19	25.66
Class E (All Min.)	3	**	6	14.25	3	**	3	**
Total (All Classes)	95	--	72	--	61	--	57	--
Grand Total	1163	--	775	--	805	--	889	--

*Excluded from the parolee population are those with sentence structures which involved consecutive sentencing and those paroled from in absentia status. The length of stay is the period of time from the date of admission to the date of release (thus excluding any jail credit or other credits applied to the sentence). The felony class of offense is the most serious offense associated with the offender's most recent admission and the minimum sentence is the minimum term associated with this same offense. Source of information: PGM-AVSTAS run 7-15-1986.

**The number of parolees in this felony class is too small for calculation of a meaningful average. For the few class A felons paroled the average stay was about 15 years.

***In these cases the average length of stay for each felony class was estimated from a frequency distribution consisting of the number of offenders falling within each category of range of months served.

Table 16

Projected Average Length of Time to Serve:
FY 1986 Admissions Population

Felony Class by Minimum Sentence (Years)	Number of Offenders (Adjusted)**	Projected Average Time to Serve		Total Number of Years to Serve
		In Years	In Months	
Class A				
Life	27	15.00	180.0	405.00
Probation	0	-	-	-
Total Class A	27	15.00	180.0	405.00
Class B				
5	68	3.56	42.7	242.08
7.5	9	5.35	64.2	48.15
12	25	8.50	102.0	212.50
15	15	10.63	127.6	159.45
23	4	16.25	195.0	65.00
***10	58	7.06	84.7	409.48
Probation	8	.25	3.0	2.00
Total Class B	187	6.09	73.1	1138.66
Class C				
1	14	.75	9.0	10.50
2	6	1.44	17.3	8.64
3	200	2.13	25.6	426.00
4	28	2.88	34.6	80.64
5	49	3.56	42.7	174.44
8	6	5.69	68.3	34.14
***6	63	4.25	51.0	267.75
Probation	94	.25	3.0	23.50
Total Class C	460	2.23	26.8	1025.61
Class D				
1	206	.75	9.0	154.50
2	232	1.44	17.3	334.08
3	108	2.13	25.6	230.04
5	6	3.56	42.7	21.36
8	2	5.69	68.3	11.38
**4	156	2.88	34.6	449.28
Probation	124	.25	3.0	31.00
Total Class D	834	1.48	17.7	1231.64
Class E				
1	454	.75	9.0	340.50
2	7	1.44	17.3	10.08
3.5	4	2.51	30.1	10.04
*2	117	1.44	17.3	168.48
Probation	154	.25	3.0	38.50
Total Class E	736	.77	9.3	567.60
Total (All Classes)	2244	1.95	23.4	4368.51

Table 16 (cont.)

*Figures based on 2,244 admissions during FY 1986 (first admissions during the period per computer program PGM-ELLNAS run 7-15-86). The maximum allowable earned good time (per current good time laws) has been applied in all cases. Thus, projected time to serve is the period from the sentence begins date to earliest possible release date.

**Represents the number of offenders remaining in the specified group after the estimated number of probationers is removed from the group. For each felony class, the probationers (total of 380 for all classes) are identified separately and assigned an average time to serve of three months (.25 years).

***Represents cases involving the application of consecutive sentencing. In such cases the sentence minimum used is twice the current lowest possible minimum for the felony class.

• • • • • SECTION IV • • • • •

Kansas Parolee Population, June 30, 1986

This section provides a brief description of the population of offenders in the correctional system who were on parole or supervised conditional release as of June 30, 1986. Also included is a summary of various parole-related activities occurring during Fiscal Year 1986.

Parole and probation caseload information for Fiscal Years 1976-1986 is contained in Table 17. The parole officer caseload consists not only of Kansas offenders paroled to Kansas locations, but also out-of-state parolees and probationers sent to Kansas for supervision under interstate compact. There are no Kansas probationers included in the caseload since the supervision of this group has been a function of the district courts since July 1, 1979. On the last day of Fiscal Year 1986, there was a total of 2,272 offenders under the supervision of 36 Kansas parole officers, a increase of 51 (2%) from Fiscal Year 1985. The average caseload per parole officer was 63, up from 62 in Fiscal Year 1985.

As of June 30, 1986, there were 1,656 Kansas offenders on parole or conditional release in Kansas locations, compared to 1,514 in Fiscal Year 1985. Basic profile information on this population is summarized in Table 18 and Figure 6. The distribution of the parole population on the characteristics listed has changed relatively little in the past few years.

Presented in Table 19 is the distribution of Kansas paroles and conditional releases by county as well as out-of-state paroles and conditional releases by state. During Fiscal Year 1986, there

were 963 parole releases to Kansas locations, up considerably (21%) from the 799 occurring in Fiscal Year 1985. Sedgwick, Shawnee, and Wyandotte Counties collectively accounted for over half (59.0%) of the total number of Kansas paroles and conditional releases during the year. Sedgwick County alone received over one-fourth (29.2%) of the statewide total. Regarding paroles and CR's out-of-state, the second part of Table 19 indicates that three states (Missouri, Oklahoma, and Texas) collectively received over half (62.2%) those released out-of-state, Missouri alone accounting for over one-third (42.0%).

Table 20 contains information on the number of compact cases serving parole or probation in Kansas as of June 30, 1986, presented by sending state and type of case. The number of Kansas cases serving parole out-of-state on the same date is presented in Table 21 by receiving location. As in previous years, the amount of compact case activity was especially great in three states: Missouri, Oklahoma, and Texas.

Table 17

Probation and Parole Cases Under Supervision

As of June 30 for Each Year 1976-1986

Type of Case	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
Active Parole	977	1094	1208	1345	1503	1488	1506	1516	1304	1423	1480
Active Probation	1166	1342	1400	1417	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Active Compact	629	685	722	757	826	944	934	938	823	798	792
Total Cases	2772	3121	3330	3519	2329	2432	2440	2454	2127	2221	2272
Number of Parole Officers	45	43	54	55	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
Average Case Load	62	73	62	64	65	68	68	68	59	62	63

*As of July 1, 1979, supervision of felony offenders granted probation in Kansas became a function of the District Courts.

Table 18

Characteristics of Kansas Parolees:
Comparison of June 30, 1985 and June 30, 1986 Populations*

**Characteristic	Kansas Parolee Population FY 1985 Number	%	FY 1986 Number	%
Age Group (Years)				
15-19	18	1	26	2
20-24	479	32	432	26
25-29	176	32	572	35
30-34	245	16	295	18
35-39	129	9	155	9
40+	157	10	169	10
Totals	1504	100	1649	100
Unknown	10	-	7	-
Grand Totals	1514	-	1656	-
Racial/Ethnic Group				
White	994	66	1112	67
Black	450	30	473	29
Hispanic	43	3	46	3
American Indian	17	1	19	1
Asian or Pacific Islander	2	***	1	***
Totals	1506	100	1651	100
Unknown	8	-	5	-
Sex				
Male	1382	91	1500	91
Female	132	9	156	9
Totals	1514	100	1656	100
Felony Class of Most Serious Offense				
A	2	***	2	***
B	107	7	92	6
C	279	19	271	17
D	869	58	1009	61
E	239	16	266	16
Totals	1496	100	1640	100
Unknown	18	-	16	-
Number of Previous Felony Convictions				
None	683	47	731	46
1	398	27	422	27
2	217	15	261	16
3 or more	153	11	167	11
Totals	1451	100	1581	100
Unknown	63	-	75	-

Table 18 (cont.)

**Characteristic	Kansas Parolee Population FY 1985 Number	%	FY 1986 Number	%
Number of Previous Incarcerations				
None	841	66	911	66
1	286	22	303	22
2	89	7	101	8
3 or more	63	5	59	4
Totals	1279	100	1374	100
Unknown	235	-	282	-

Note: A number in parentheses is a negative value.

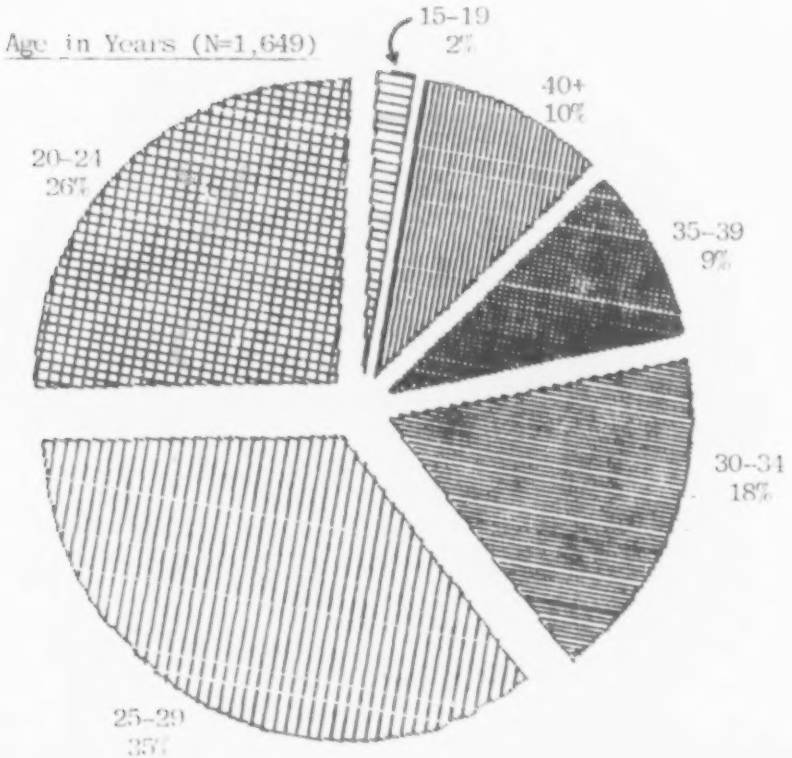
*Includes conditional releases.

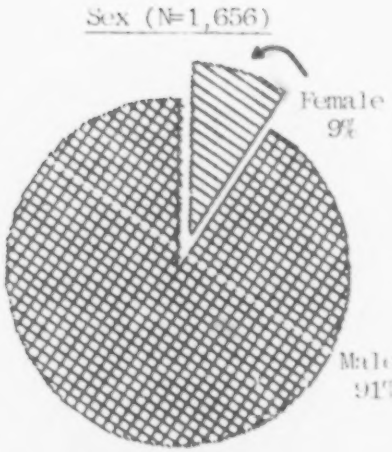
**All characteristics reflect status on June 30 of the specified year. The total number of inmates for which information was available varies with the type of characteristic assessed.

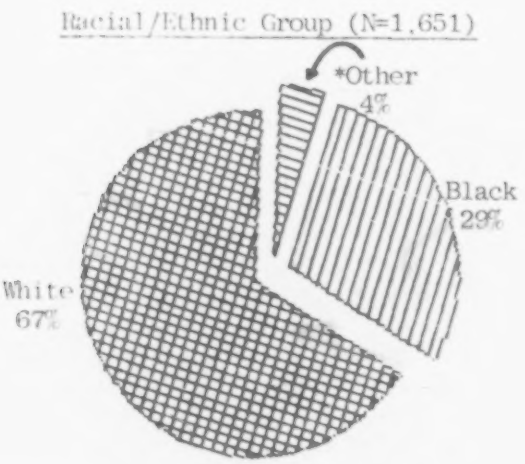
***Less than .5 of one percent.

Figure 6

Distribution of the June 30, 1986 Parolee Population
by Age, Sex, and Racial/Ethnic Group







Missing observations: Age (7), Racial/Ethnic Group (5).

*"Other" includes Hispanic, Asian, and American Indian.

Table 19

Kansas Offenders Paroled and Conditionally Released
During Fiscal Year 1986,
by County or State to Which Released*

• • • • • • Parole and CR to Kansas • • • • • •

County	Number		County	Number		County	Number	
	Par.	CR		Par.	CR		Par.	CR
Allen	5	0	Greeley	0	0	Osborne	0	0
Anderson	0	1	Greenwood	0	0	Ottawa	0	0
Atchison	1	0	Hamilton	0	0	Pawnee	33	4
Barber	1	0	Harper	0	0	Phillips	0	0
Barton	6	3	Harvey	17	0	Pottawatomie	3	0
Bourbon	11	0	Haskell	0	0	Pratt	0	0
Brown	0	0	Hodgeman	0	0	Rawlins	0	0
Butler	9	0	Jackson	1	0	Reno	14	2
Chase	3	0	Jefferson	3	0	Republic	2	0
Chautauqua	1	0	Jewell	0	0	Rice	3	0
Cherokee	1	0	Johnson	63	5	Riley	12	0
Cheyenne	0	0	Kearny	0	0	Rooks	2	0
Clark	1	1	Kingman	2	0	Rush	0	0
Clay	2	0	Kiowa	1	0	Russell	1	0
Cloud	0	0	Labette	9	0	Saline	9	4
Coffey	0	0	Lane	0	1	Scott	1	2
Comanche	0	0	Leavenworth	21	2	Sedgwick	294	8
Cowley	7	0	Lincoln	0	0	Seward	4	1
Crawford	5	1	Linn	2	0	Shawnee	142	15
Decatur	0	0	Logan	0	0	Sheridan	0	0
Dickinson	1	0	Lyon	15	3	Sherman	1	0
Doniphan	0	0	Marion	1	0	Smith	1	0
Douglas	13	1	Marshall	0	0	Stafford	0	1
Edwards	0	0	McPherson	7	2	Stanton	0	0
Elk	1	0	Meade	0	0	Stevens	2	0
Ellis	4	0	Miami	8	2	Sumner	4	0
Ellsworth	1	0	Mitchell	0	0	Thomas	1	0
Finney	8	1	Montgomery	17	1	Trego	0	0
Ford	4	0	Morris	1	0	Wabaunsee	2	0
Franklin	5	0	Morton	1	0	Wallace	0	0
Geary	20	1	Nemaha	0	0	Washington	0	0
Gove	0	0	Neosho	3	1	Wichita	0	0
Graham	0	0	Ness	1	0	Wilson	1	0
Grant	1	0	Norton	0	0	Woodson	0	0
Gray	0	0	Osage	4	0	Wyandotte	143	9
						Statewide Totals	963	72

Table 19 (cont.)

• • • • • • Parole and CR Out-of-state • • • • • •

State	Number Par.	CR	State	Number Par.	CR
Alabama	1	0	Nebraska	4	1
Alaska	0	0	Nevada	0	0
Arizona	5	0	New Hampshire	0	0
Arkansas	8	0	New Jersey	2	1
California	14	3	New Mexico	1	1
Colorado	7	0	New York	3	0
Connecticut	1	0	North Carolina	0	1
Delaware	0	0	North Dakota	1	0
Florida	6	0	Ohio	4	1
Georgia	2	0	Oklahoma	33	2
Hawaii	0	0	Oregon	2	0
Idaho	0	0	Pennsylvania	5	0
Illinois	3	0	Rhode Island	0	0
Indiana	1	0	South Carolina	3	0
Iowa	4	4	South Dakota	1	0
Kentucky	2	0	Tennessee	3	1
Louisiana	2	1	Texas	31	1
Maine	0	1	Utah	1	1
Maryland	1	0	Vermont	0	0
Massachusetts	0	0	Virginia	0	0
Michigan	4	0	Washington	3	0
Minnesota	6	1	West Virginia	0	0
Mississippi	0	0	Wisconsin	4	0
Missouri	112	18	Wyoming	1	0
Montana	1	0	Other (including Federal)	13	0
			Total (All States)	295	38

• • • • Summary of Parole and CR (FY 1986 Compared to FY 1985) • • • •

Type of Release	FY 1985	FY 1986	% Change
Parole (All Types)	1065	1258	+18.1
Conditional Release (All Types)	93	110	+18.3
Total (All Parole and CR)	1158	1368	+18.1

*The number includes any multiple parole/CR of an individual offender during the period. The types of parole/CR include: Parole, reparole, parole to detainer, parole of returned probationer, CR supervised, and CR unsupervised. In some cases the totals differ slightly from corresponding figures in Tables 3 and 4 (due to differences in the way the computer programs treat certain types of data).

Table 20

Number of Compact Cases Serving Parole or Probation in Kansas on June 30, 1986, by Sending State*

Sending State	Felony Cases		Totals (All Cases)
	Parole	Probation	
Alabama	1	0	1
Alaska	0	3	3
Arizona	3	10	13
Arkansas	11	6	17
California	7	26	33
Colorado	11	22	33
Connecticut	0	0	0
Delaware	0	0	0
District of Columbia	0	0	0
Florida	3	26	29
Georgia	2	4	6
Hawaii	0	1	1
Idaho	0	1	1
Illinois	3	7	10
Indiana	0	0	0
Iowa	3	18	21
Kentucky	3	2	5
Louisiana	1	3	4
Maine	0	0	0
Maryland	0	3	3
Massachusetts	0	1	1
Michigan	2	4	6
Minnesota	1	9	10
Mississippi	1	1	2
Missouri	70	197	267
Montana	1	2	3
Nebraska	2	10	12
Nevada	2	3	5

Table 20 (cont.)

Sending State	Felony Cases: Parole	Felony Cases: Probation	Totals (All Cases)
New Hampshire	0	0	0
New Jersey	2	2	4
New Mexico	3	6	9
New York	3	1	4
North Carolina	0	2	2
North Dakota	1	0	1
Ohio	1	4	5
Oklahoma	1	54	55
Oregon	1	6	7
Pennsylvania	3	2	5
Rhode Island	0	0	0
South Carolina	0	3	3
South Dakota	1	2	3
Tennessee	3	4	7
Texas	29	136	165
Utah	2	1	3
Vermont	1	0	1
Virginia	0	5	5
Washington	5	14	19
West Virginia	0	0	0
Wisconsin	4	1	5
Wyoming	0	3	3
**Dual Supervision	0	0	0
Totals	187	605	792

*Effective November 1, 1983 Kansas supervision of out-of-state misdemeanor probation cases was discontinued.

**Under dual supervision of two states.

Table 21

Number of Kansas Cases Serving Out-of-State Parole or Conditional Release:

As of June 30, 1986, by Location

Location	Number	Location	Number
Alabama	2	Nevada	2
Alaska	1	New Hampshire	0
Arizona	10	New Jersey	2
Arkansas	24	New Mexico	7
California	36	New York	6
Colorado	17	North Carolina	6
Connecticut	3	North Dakota	0
Delaware	0	Ohio	9
District of Columbia	0	Oklahoma	84
Florida	13	Oregon	1
Georgia	3	Pennsylvania	8
Hawaii	0	Rhode Island	1
Idaho	0	South Carolina	4
Illinois	13	South Dakota	3
Indiana	7	Tennessee	6
Iowa	10	Texas	77
Kentucky	7	Utah	2
Louisiana	8	Vermont	0
Maine	1	Virginia	4
Maryland	5	Washington	9
Massachusetts	1	West Virginia	1
Michigan	9	Wisconsin	4
Minnesota	14	Wyoming	3
Mississippi	1	United States	33*
Missouri	238	Other Countries	2
Montana	1	Total	714
Nebraska	13		

*United States - indicates parole to federal detainer.

S2940-1-4

Statistical Profile: Fiscal Year 1987 Offender Population of the Kansas Department of Corrections*

Prepared by:
Policy and Planning Unit

September 15, 1987

*The material contained in this report comprises the statistical component of the FY 1987 Annual Report.

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Preface

This report has been compiled to provide a detailed statistical profile of the adult offenders within the Kansas correctional system and to describe offender commitment and release trends for the state. In addition to being published separately, the material contained herein will comprise the statistical component of the Fiscal Year 1987 Annual Report.

Each year since Fiscal Year 1980, the data for this report have been obtained through an on-line computerized offender information system in which information is gathered systematically during the entire period that an individual is in the custody or control of the Department of Corrections. The number of offenders for which information could be obtained varies among the items of information being reported. For this reason, each percentage reported is based on the number of individuals for whom the data were available, and not necessarily on the total number in the population being described.

The Kansas correctional facilities to which reference is made include the following: Kansas State Penitentiary (KSP), Kansas State Industrial Reformatory (KSIR), Kansas Correctional-Vocational Training Center (KCVTC), State Reception and Diagnostic Center (SRDC), Kansas Correctional Institution at Lansing (KCIL), Toronto Honor Camp (THC), El Dorado Honor Camp (EHC), Topeka Work Release Center (TWRC), Wichita Work Release Center (WWRC), Hutchinson Work Release Center (HWRC), Topeka Pre-Release Center (TPRC), and Winfield Pre-Release Center (WPRC). Inmates are also housed at two contract work release facilities (Fort Scott Work Release Center and Topeka Halfway House), at the Dillon security unit of Larned State Hospital (LSH), and in contract jail placement (CJP). Data pertaining to the small facilities of the same type often are combined for purposes of clarity in presentation.

Information in three areas of particular interest will be highlighted and summarized briefly in this preface:

- Data on rate of parole (decisions of the paroling authority),
- Data on a measure of offender recidivism,
- Data on inmate population compared to housing capacity.

The third area pertains to the prison overcrowding issue and has been discussed as part of this report in previous years. As a result of recently developed computerized reports, it has become possible to produce comprehensive information on the first two areas as well, and publish it as part of the report.

A summary of Kansas Parole Board decisions for Fiscal Years 1985, 1986, and 1987 is presented in Table A. The three types of decision which can result from a parole hearing are: "parole," "pass" (parole denied with inmate to be re-heard on a specified date), and "continue" (decision pending). The significant feature of the information in this table is the decrease in the parole rate (proportion paroled) to 43% in Fiscal Year 1987, from 51% and 49% in the preceding two years. Had the parole rate remained at about 50% during Fiscal Year 1987, the inmate population at the end of the year would have been approximately 210 inmates smaller. Thus, the decrease in the rate of parole contributed significantly to the large population increase experienced during Fiscal Year 1987.

Relatively recently the Department has developed a measure of offender recidivism -- the rate of return to Kansas prisons by offenders released via parole or conditional release. In deriving the data on this measure each offender is tracked individually for the specified length of the follow-up period. Separate rates are calculated for those returning with new sentences and those returning because of technical violations of the conditions of release. Table B contains a summary of the return rates for each yearly cohort of releasees (Fiscal Years 1983-1986). The "combined failure rate" (returns via new sentence, technical violation, and new commitment combined) ranged from 16% to 20% after one

year, 31% to 32% after two years, and 37% to 39% after three years. An additional 8%-12% was on abscond status at the end of each follow-up period.

Prison overcrowding remains as a major problem in the Kansas correctional system. The factors underlying the large increase in inmate population during Fiscal Year 1987 will be examined in more detail in other sections of this report. Briefly, however, it stemmed from a very high rate of admissions (a rate unprecedented in recent years) coupled with a very low rate of release. The strain of the burgeoning inmate population continues to exert itself. As shown in Table C and summarized graphically in Figure A, the inmate population of June 30, 1987 (5,493 in D.O.C. facilities) exceeded maximum capacity (5,024) by a considerable margin (469). As described in the second part of Table C, several construction and renovation projects for which fiscal appropriations have been made are scheduled for completion in the next three years (FY 1988-FY 1990). Although these projects are projected to produce an additional 837 beds at optimum management capacity and 1,180 beds at maximum capacity, the bed deficit still will be approximately 373 (at maximum capacity) at the end of Fiscal Year 1990. Other housing projects which will reduce the projected deficit in beds during this period of time have been proposed by the Department for funding by the Kansas Legislature.

Table A

Kansas Parole Board Decisions by Type of Decision (FY 1985, FY 1986 and FY 1987)*

Fiscal Year	Type of KPB Decision							
	Parole		Pass		Continue		Total	
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
1985	1137	49	985	42	203	9	2325	100
1986	1382	51	1056	39	280	10	2718	100
1987	1327	43	1449	47	296	10	3072	100

*Source of Information: Kansas Department of Corrections computer program "KPBTBL" (KPB decisions that occurred during the period specified). The number of paroles and passes reflect all such KPB decisions during the period (from version 1 of "KPBTBL" - "All KPB Decisions"). The number of continuances is the number of offenders whose latest KPB decision of the period was "continued" (from version 2 of "KPBTBL" - "Most Recent KPB Decision"). The run dates for "KPBTBL" were: FY 85, 7-8-87; FY 86, 6-16-87; FY 87, 7-17-87.

The tabled information reflects KPB decisions only and not actual parole exits from correctional facilities. The data include all decisions (whether by regular hearing, special minute, etc.) that were entered into the KDOC computer by KPB staff. Thus, the information is considered the most comprehensive available and should supercede any previously derived estimates of parole rates for these years.

Table B

Return Rate of Offenders Released via Parole or Conditional Release
from KDOC Facilities During FY 1983 - FY 1986:
By Type of Readmission and Length of Follow-up Period*

	FY 1983		FY 1984		FY 1985		FY 1986	
One-year Follow-up	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Successes	1047	74.1	777	72.3	821	72.6	889	68.3
New Sentence Violation	117	8.3	69	6.4	45	4.0	75	5.8
Technical Violation	133	9.4	120	11.2	137	12.1	176	13.5
New Commitment (After Discharge)	0	0.0	1	0.1	1	0.1	3	0.2
Abscond Status (End of Period)	116	8.2	107	10.0	127	11.2	158	12.2
Total (All Cases)	1413	100.0	1074	100.0	1131	100.0	1301	100.0
Two-year Follow-up								
Successes	839	59.4	639	59.5	651	57.6	**	**
New Sentence Violation	220	15.6	125	11.6	111	9.8	**	**
Technical Violation	222	15.7	201	18.7	234	20.7	**	**
New Commitment (After Discharge)	7	0.5	4	0.4	9	0.8	**	**
Abscond Status (End of Period)	125	8.8	105	9.8	126	11.1	**	**
Total (All Cases)	1413	100.0	1074	100.0	1131	100.0	**	**
Three-year Follow-up								
Successes	761	53.9	558	52.0	**	**	**	**
New Sentence Violation	253	17.9	148	13.8	**	**	**	**
Technical Violation	269	19.0	246	22.9	**	**	**	**
New Commitment (After Discharge)	23	1.6	11	1.0	**	**	**	**
Abscond Status (End of Period)	107	7.6	111	10.3	**	**	**	**
Total (All Cases)	1413	100.0	1074	100.0	**	**	**	**

Table B (cont.)

Footnotes

*The release population includes all offenders released via parole or conditional release during the fiscal year specified (excluding releases to detainers). The follow-up period is applied individually for each inmate (release date plus the specified number of years in the follow-up period).

Explanation of row headings:

Successes = no readmission during follow-up;

New Sentence Violation = readmission to K.D.O.C. for a new felony offense;

Technical Violation = readmission to K.D.O.C. for technical violation of parole/CR;

New Commitment (After Discharge) = new admission to K.D.O.C (after discharge from sentence obligation, but before the end of the follow-up period.

Abscond Status (End of Period) = offender was on abscond status as of the end of the follow-up period.

**Information not yet available (end date of follow-up period has not yet passed).

Table C

Projected Inmate Population in Relation to Projected Facility Capacity: Fiscal Years 1988-1990*

Date	Inmate Population	Optimum Capacity	Capacity Deficit (Opt.)	Maximum Capacity	Capacity Deficit (Max.)
6-30-87(actual)	5493	3511	-1982	5024	-469
Net Change (During FY 88)	+518	+706	--	+801	--
6-30-88	6011	4217	-1794	5825	-186
Net Change (During FY 89)	+344	0	--	0	--
6-30-89	6355	4217	-2138	5825	-530
Net Change (During FY 90)	+222	+131	--	+379	--
6-30-90	6577	4348	-2229	6204	-373

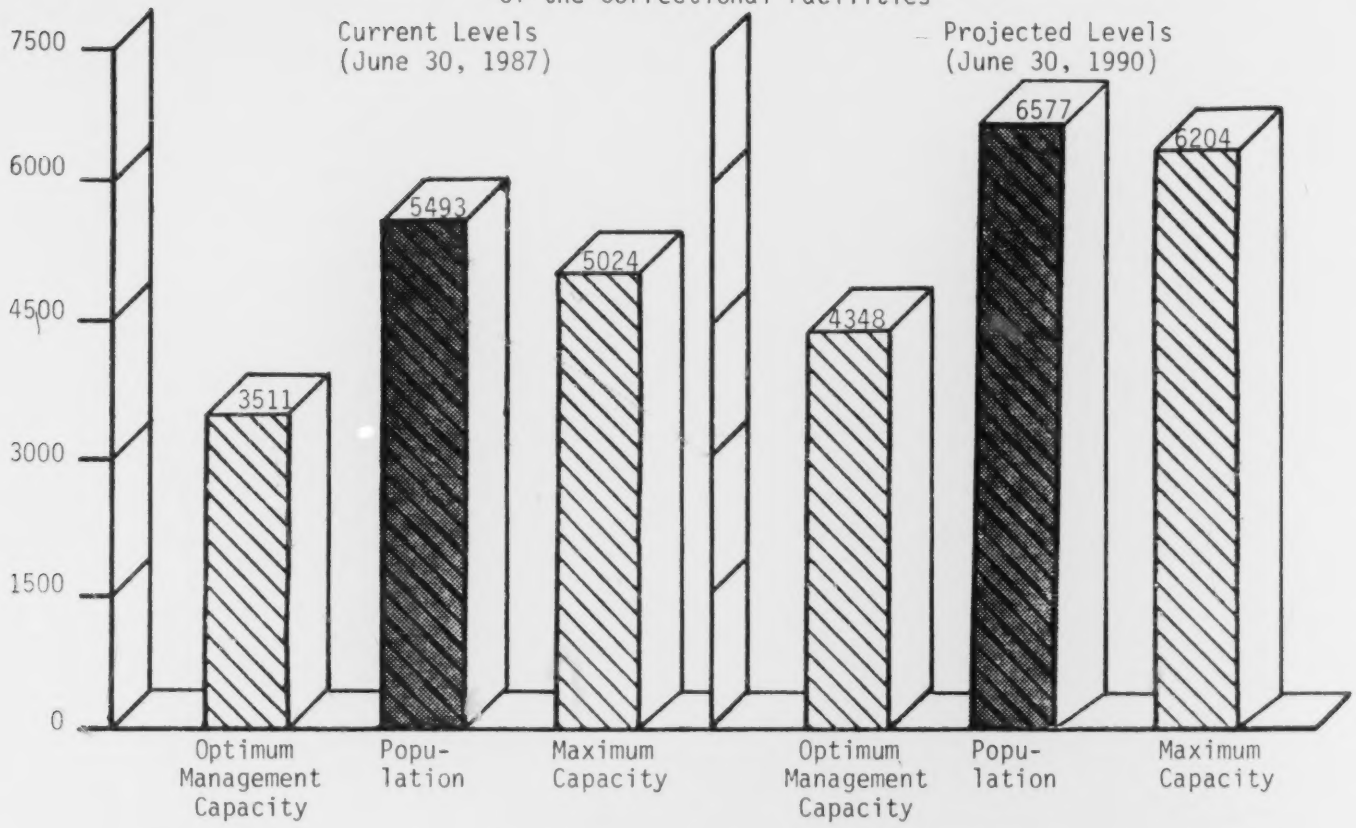
Summary of Appropriated Housing Projects

Type of Housing Project		Net Number of Beds Added Opt.	Max.
FY 88:	New Facility (Ellsworth - phase 1)	96	96
	Conversion of State Hospital Buildings (Osawatomie, Norton, Winfield, Topeka)	414	479
	Conversion of County Work Release Center (Forbes)	34	34
	Renovation in Existing Facilities (KSP, SRDC, TWRC)	162	192
	FY 88 Total	706	801
FY 89:	No projects appropriated. Note that there are other housing projects (FY 1989) for which funding has been requested; for example, a "boot camp" facility (100 beds) and a facility at Stockton (110 beds).	0	0
FY 90:	New Facility (Ellsworth - phase 2)	128	256
	New Unit in Existing Facility (KCIL)	3	123
	FY 90 Total	131	379
Total (All Appropriated Housing Projects FY 88-FY 90)		837	1180

*All population projections and capacity figures exclude the non-D.O.C. facility population (Larned State Hospital, contract work release, and contract jail placement). The changes in housing capacity reflect only those resulting from housing projects for which fiscal appropriations have been made. The capacity figures for FY 1988-FY 1990 are preliminary estimates with final capacities determined upon completion of the projects.

Figure A

Comparison of the Inmate Population to the Capacity of the Correctional Facilities*



*All figures related to projected capacity reflect preliminary estimates of the increases in capacity which will result from ongoing and planned housing projects for which fiscal appropriations have been made. Final capacities are determined upon completion of the projects. Both population and capacity figures pertain to K.D.O.C. facilities only. The non-D.O.C. population (contracted bed space) is excluded.

Introduction

The purpose of this statistical profile report is to summarize information regarding population levels, commitment trends, and characteristics of the offender population. The major components of the report include: a description of the pattern of growth in the offender population; a summary of admission and release activities occurring during Fiscal Year 1987; a detailed description of the characteristics of the inmate population confined on June 30, 1987 and a brief description of the June 30, 1987 population of offenders on supervised release. In the past several years there have been several changes in Kansas criminal statutes which have produced significant changes in various attributes of the offender population. For this reason emphasis has been placed on comparisons of current information with that of prior years (particularly for data pertaining to type of criminal offense, sentencing patterns, and length of time served).

• • • • • SECTION I • • • • •

Offender Population Levels for Fiscal Year 1987

The two basic measures which have been used in describing offender population levels are:

- "Population" (Census) which is the number of offenders counted on a particular date;
- Average daily population (ADP) which is the average number of offenders counted daily for a specified period.

A comparison of the number of felony offenders in custody or under supervision in the entire Kansas correctional system on June 30, 1986 and on June 30, 1987 is presented in Table 1 by category

of physical location. The two primary components of the system population are the inmates confined in correctional facilities and the offenders on some type of supervised release. The inmate population increased by 13.3% from June 30, 1986 to June 30, 1987, and the population under supervised release increased by 7.7%.

Displayed in Figure 1 is a comparison of the year-end total inmate population for Fiscal Years 1977 through 1987. The graph in Figure 2 plots the total population for each month of Fiscal Years 1986-1987. The inmate population increased dramatically during Fiscal Year 1987 -- at a rate even higher than the previous peak increase observed in Fiscal Year 1984. The increase was the result of an especially high, and unanticipated, rate of admissions to the system coupled with an ongoing low rate of releases. As shown below, the average monthly increase in total population has fluctuated markedly in the years of the past decade.

Fiscal Year	Average Monthly Increase
1978-1980	8.5
1981	27.8
1982	28.5
1983	31.8
1984	53.6
1985	42.1
1986	37.8
1987	55.3

The rate of growth in the inmate population during the past several years has been quite different for males and females (Figure 3). Since Fiscal Year 1980, the yearly average daily population has doubled for males, but has tripled for females.

Table 2 contains a comparison of population statistics for Fiscal Years 1986 and 1987, presented by individual correctional facility. The data on the number confined at the end of each fiscal year (year-end census) reflect basically the same level of increase as the data on average daily population.

Table 1

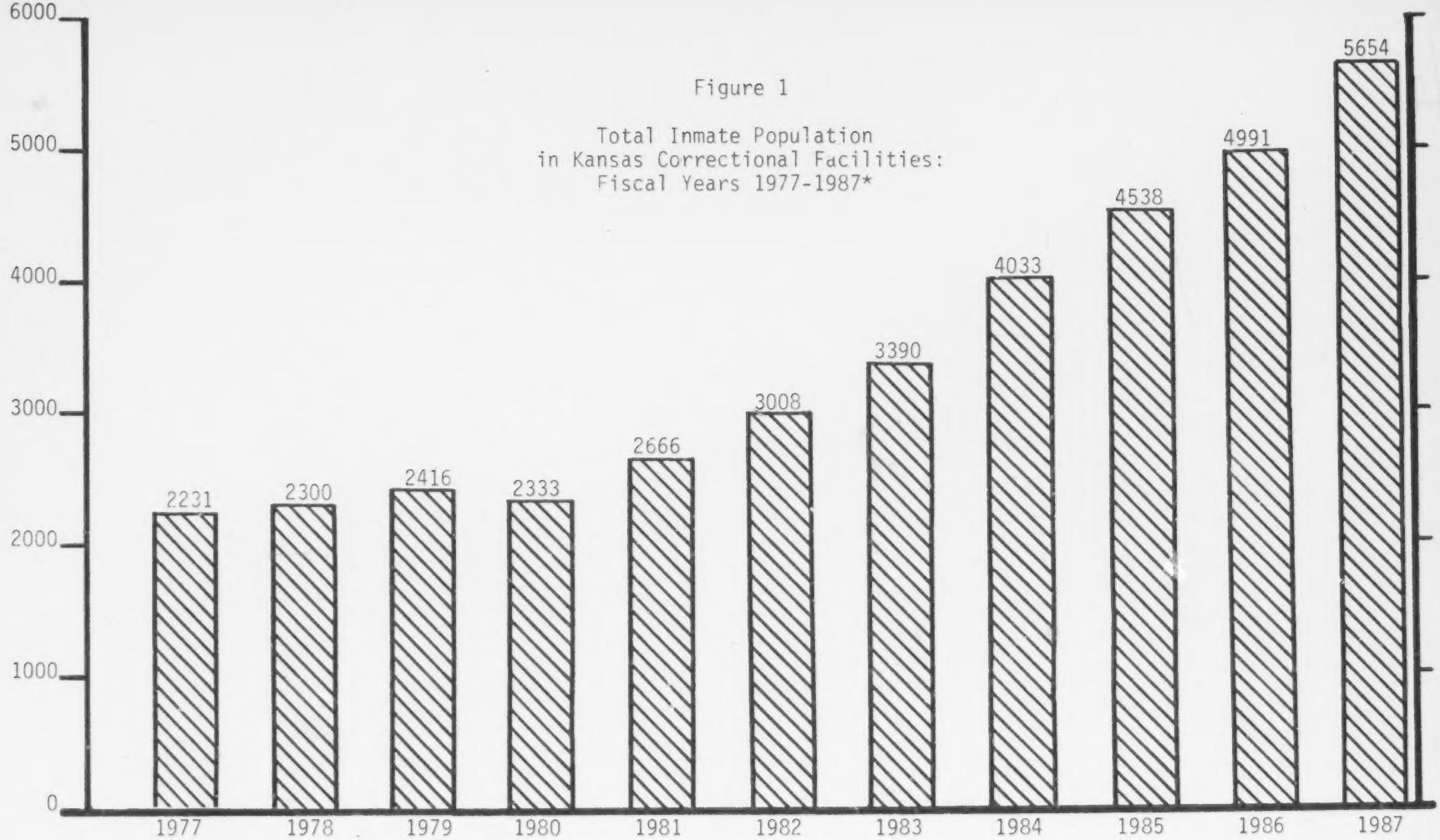
Status and Physical Location of All Felony Offenders in the Correctional System:

Comparison of the June 30, 1986 and June 30, 1987 Populations

Status/Physical Location	Number of Offenders 6-30-86	6-30-87	Change No.	%
Kansas correctional facilities:				
Intake evaluation complete	4491	5037	546	12.2
Awaiting intake evaluation (or in progress)	282	382	100	35.5
Presentence evaluation	5	4	- 1	-20.0
Interstate compact received	56	70	14	25.0
Other Kansas facilities:				
State hospital	129	127	- 2	- 1.6
Contract jail placement	5	10	5	100.0
Contract work release	23	24	1	4.4
Subtotals	4991	5654	663	13.3
Out-of-state correctional facilities:				
Interstate compact sent	80	79	- 1	- 1.3
In absentia	81	86	5	6.2
Subtotals	161	165	4	2.5
Other locations:				
Out for court appearance	302	379	77	25.5
Medical	1	5	4	400.0
Furlough	2	3	1	50.0
Local detention	9	15	6	66.7
Escape (at large)	21	20	- 1	- 4.8
Subtotals	335	422	87	26.0
*Parolees/Conditional Releasees (CRs) and Probationers:				
In-state parole/CR	1658	1816	158	9.5
Out-of-state parole/CR	715	743	28	3.9
Compact parole	187	235	48	25.7
Compact probationer	605	638	33	5.5
Active D.O.C. warrant (absconder, etc.)	584	607	23	3.9
Subtotals	3749	4039	290	7.7
Grand Totals (All Offenders)	9236	10280	1044	11.3

Figure 1

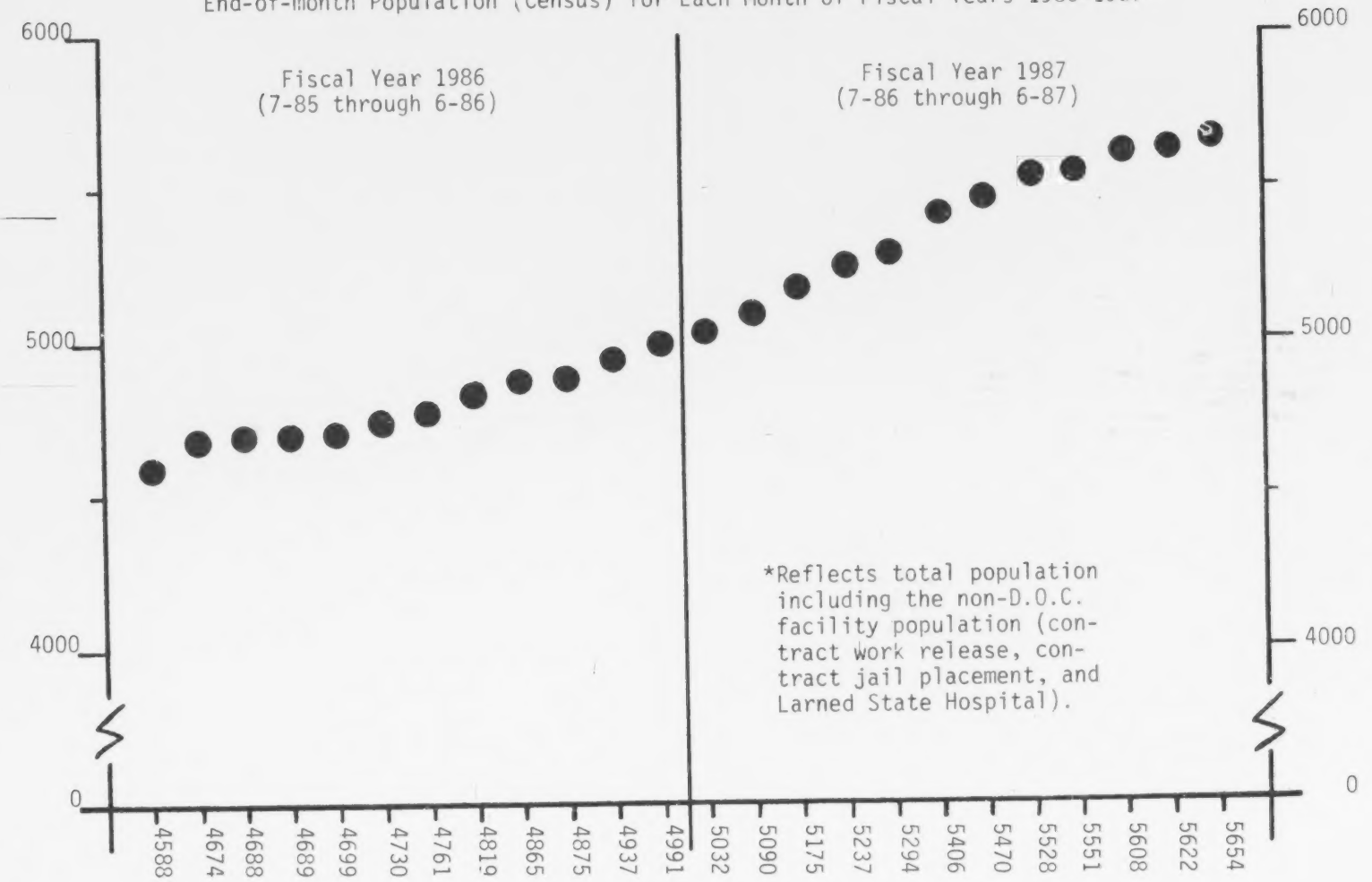
Total Inmate Population
in Kansas Correctional Facilities:
Fiscal Years 1977-1987*



*Figures reflect total inmate population as of the end of each fiscal year (June 30), including the non-D.O.C. facility population (contract work release, contract jail placement, and Larned State Hospital).

Figure 2

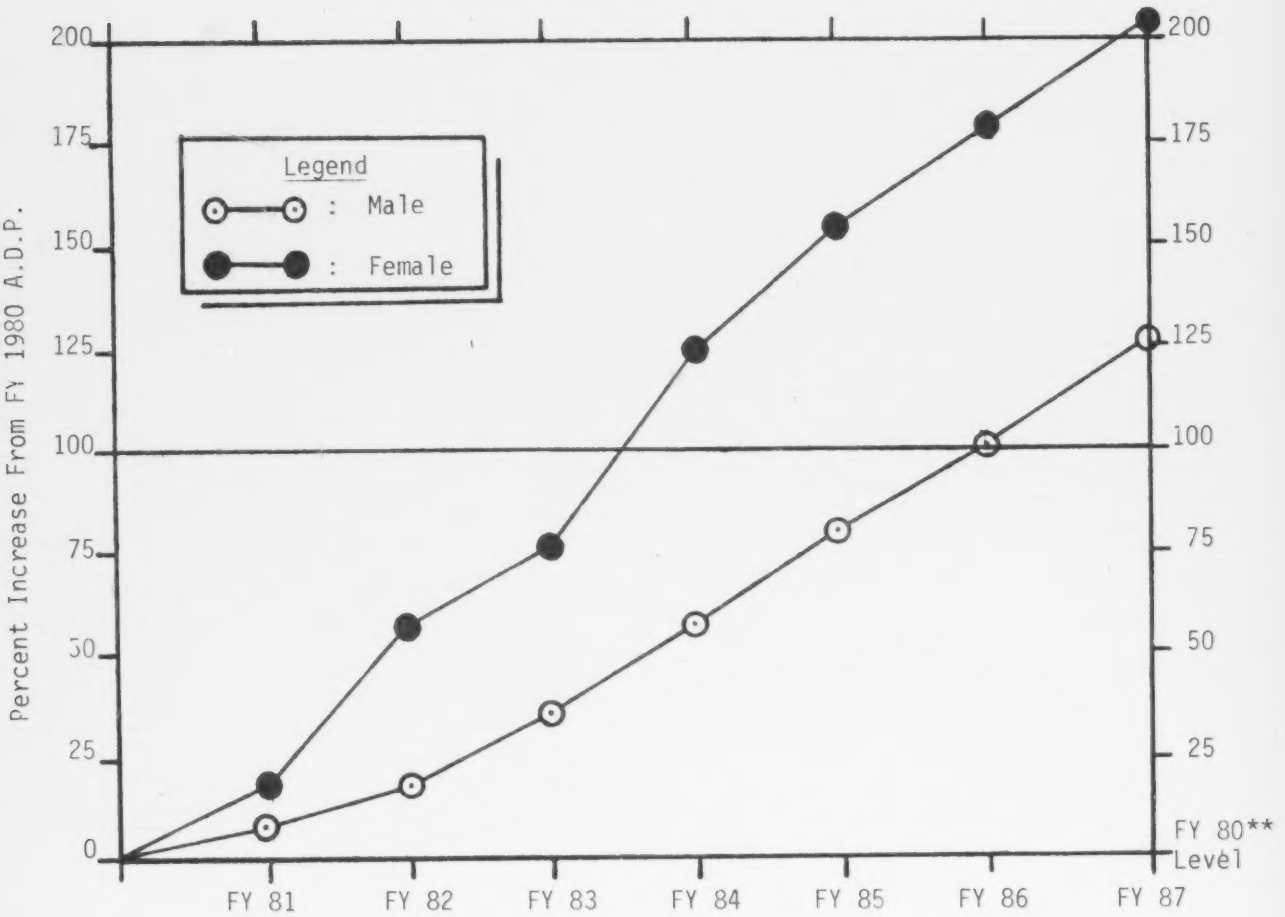
End-of-month Population (Census) for Each Month of Fiscal Years 1986-1987*



*Reflects total population including the non-D.O.C. facility population (contract work release, contract jail placement, and Larned State Hospital).

Figure 3

Rate of Growth in Average Daily Population (A.D.P.)
for Male and Female Offenders: FY 1980-1987*



A.D.P.							
Male	2376	2657	2996	3521	4021	4498	5079
Female	109	144	164	205	235	258	280
Total	2485	2801	3160	3726	4256	4756	5359
% Increase from FY 1980 Level							
Male	7%	19%	35%	58%	81%	102%	128%
Female	18%	57%	78%	123%	155%	180%	204%
Total	7%	21%	36%	61%	84%	105%	131%

*The A.D.P. figures are based on the total inmate population, including the non-D.O.C. facility population (contract work release, contract jail placement, and Larned State Hospital).

**FY 1980: Male 2224; Female 92, Total 2316.

Table 2
Number of Inmates Confined (Census) and Average Daily Population, FY 1986 and FY 1987

Name of Correctional Facility	Average Daily Population FY 1986		Average Daily Population FY 1987		Increase or Decrease	Number Confined (Census) June 30, 1986		Number Confined (Census) June 30, 1987		Increase or Decrease
D.O.C. Facilities										
Kansas State Penitentiary	2209		2542		+333	2314		2789		+475
Kansas State Industrial Reformatory	1374		1515		+141	1458		1544		+ 86
Kansas Correctional-Vocational Training Center	210	(34)	274	(32)	+ 64	222	(36)	278	(30)	+ 56
State Reception and Diagnostic Center	137		137		0	140		139		- 1
Kansas Correctional Institution at Lansing	211	(189)	241	(220)	+ 30	219	(196)	245	(225)	+ 26
Toronto Honor Camp	61		66		+ 5	62		74		+ 12
El Dorado Honor Camp	84		102		+ 18	102		101		- 1
Topeka Work Release Center	25		27		+ 2	26		27		+ 1
Wichita Work Release Center	76	(9)	77	(8)	+ 1	76	(11)	76	(4)	0
Hutchinson Work Release Center	19		19		0	20		17		- 3
Topeka Pre-release Center	61	(14)	76	(9)	+ 15	59	(10)	72	(8)	+ 13
Winfield Pre-release Center	134	(0)	132	(0)	- 2	136	(0)	131	(0)	- 5
Subtotal: D.O.C. Facility Population	4601	(246)	5208	(269)	+607	4834	(253)	5493	(267)	659
Non-D.O.C. Facilities										
Contract Work Release Placement	23	(5)	21	(4)	- 2	23	(6)	24	(3)	+ 1
Contract Jail Placement	5	(1)	6	(1)	+ 1	5	(1)	10	(0)	+ 5
Larned State Hospital	127	(6)	124	(6)	- 3	129	(9)	127	(5)	- 2
Subtotal: Non-D.O.C. Facility Population	155	(12)	151	(11)	- 4	157	(16)	161	(8)	+ 4
Grand Total: All Facilities	4756		5359		+603	4991		5654		+663
Male	4498		5079		+581	4722		5379		+657
Female	258		280		+ 22	269		275		+ 6

Note. A number in parentheses indicates the number of females included in the population.

• • • • • SECTION II • • • • •

Admissions and Releases During Fiscal Year 1987

Summary of Admission and Release Activities

Information on admissions and releases occurring during Fiscal Year 1987 is summarized in Table 3 by type of admission and type of release. For each type of admission and release, the level of change from Fiscal Year 1986 is included. The first column of the table, "Initial," includes a count of each offender's first entry (primary admission) and/or latest exit (primary release) during the period. The "Subsequent" column contains off-setting release-readmission transactions of two types:

(1) Those involving offenders in confinement at the beginning of the period who were subsequently released then readmitted, thus remaining in confinement at the end of the period; and

(2) Those involving offenders not in confinement at the beginning of the period who had one or more subsequent release-readmission transactions in addition to the primary admission and/or primary release counted in the "initial" column.

These "subsequent" transactions are counted separately because they have no impact on the net gain or loss to the inmate population. The "total" column contains the sums of the initial and subsequent columns and reflects the total number of admission and release transactions occurring during the period, excluding the known temporary releases footnoted in Table 3.

The total number of admissions during Fiscal Year 1987 was 2,675, up 232 (9.5%) from Fiscal Year 1986. The admission category, "court commitments," predominately new court commitments, accounted for 80% of the total admissions. The total number of releases during the period was 2,026 -- virtually no change from the 2,027 in Fiscal Year 1986. Of the total releases 1,193 (58.9%) were paroles and 615 (30.4%) were court-ordered releases, including probation.

During Fiscal Year 1987, there were 110 "subsequent" release-readmission transactions. These transactions resulted primarily from offenders released on parole who subsequently were readmitted as parole violators, either for technical violations of parole or because of new convictions for felony offenses. Parole violations of these types accounted for 80% of the total number of subsequent transactions for the period.

Table 4 provides data on yearly admissions and releases since Fiscal Year 1980. Examination of this information is helpful in identifying the factors underlying the continuing increase in population during recent years. The population increase observed in Fiscal Years 1982 and 1983 was primarily a function of the yearly increase in admissions outweighing the smaller increase in releases. However, for Fiscal Years 1984 and 1985 the increase in population was due primarily to a low rate of release. For Fiscal Year 1986 both admissions and releases increased, but the increase in admissions nullified most of the effect of the accompanying increase in releases. In Fiscal Year 1987 there was little change in the number of releases, but a large increase in the number of admissions.

One factor which had an impact in reducing the rate of release in the past few years was the 1982 passage of Kansas House Bill 3104 which served to increase the average length of time to be served for a large proportion of offenders committing offenses on or after July 1, 1982. With the passage of Senate Bill 858 in 1984, which reversed some of the sentence increasing provisions of

H.B. 3104, the effect of H.B. 3104 has begun to diminish as is evident in data presented in subsequent sections of this report (sentencing patterns and length of confinement). The parole practices of the paroling authority (Kansas Parole Board) continue to contribute substantially to the overall low rate of release. The current rate of parole (the ratio of parole decisions to total decisions made) is especially low (43%) compared to pre-1984 rates and has even decreased substantially from the already low rates observed in Fiscal Years 1985 (49%) and 1986 (51%). The effect of these factors is the observed accumulation of offenders in prison.

Table 3
Admissions and Releases During FY 1987

• • • • • • • • •Admissions • • • • • • • • •

Types of Admission	Number of Admissions, FY 1987*			Change from FY 86 (Total)	
Admissions by Court Action	Initial	Subsequent**	Total	Number	%
Court Commitments					
New Court Commitment	1537	0	1537	34	2.3
Aggravated Juvenile Delinquency	7	0	7	- 1	- 12.5
Probation Violator, Technical	244	12	256	16	6.7
Probation Violator, New Sentence	148	5	153	60	64.5
Parole Violator, New Sentence	168	18	186	31	20.0
Conditional Release Violator, New Sentence	8	3	11	4	57.1
••Subtotals: Court Commitments	2112••	38••	2150••	144••	7.2••
Presentence Evaluation	34	0	34	9	36.0
Return from Court Appeacance	42	0	42	5	13.5
••Subtotals: Admissions by Court Action	2188••	38••	2226••	158••	7.6••
Returns by Department of Corrections Action					
Parole Violator, Technical	309	70	379	60	18.8
Conditional Release Violator, Technical	14	0	14	- 1	- 6.7
Escapee Returned	15	0	15	6	66.7
••Subtotals: Returns by D.O.C. Action	338••	70••	408••	65••	19.0••
Inter-jurisdictional Transfers					
Interstate/Federal Compact Received	29	0	29	8	38.1
Kansas Inmate Returned from Another Jurisdiction	10	2	12	1	9.1
••Subtotals: Inter-jurisdictional Transfers	39••	2••	41••	9••	28.1••
Totals: All Types of Admission	2565	110	2675	232	9.5

Table 3 (cont.)

• • • • • • • • • Releases • • • • • • • • •

Types of Release	Number of Exits, FY 1987*			Change from FY 86 (Total)	
	Initial	Subsequent**	Total	Number	%
Parole					
Parole In-state	851	82	933	20	2.2
Parole Out-of-state (Compact)	190	6	196	- 51	- 20.7
Parole to Detainer	64	0	64	- 27	- 29.7
Reparole	0	0	0	- 5	-100.0
••Subtotals: Parole	1105••	88••	1193••	- 63••	- 5.0••
Conditional Release	143	3	146	45	44.6
Expiration of Sentence	21	0	21	14	200.0
Commutation or Pardon	0	0	0	- 1	-100.0
Inter-jurisdictional Transfers					
Kansas Inmate Released for Housing	11	2	13	- 3	- 18.8
Interstate/Fed. Inmate Released to Sending Juris.	14	0	14	- 9	- 39.1
••Subtotals: Inter-jurisdictional Transfers	25••	2••	27••	- 12••	- 30.8••
Court-ordered Releases					
Probation	315	17	332	- 48	- 12.6
Returned Parolee Placed on Probation	0	0	0	0	0.0
Released on Appeal Bond	12	0	12	7	140.0
Presentence Returned to Court	31	0	31	9	40.9
Released for Court Appearance	229	0	229	42	22.5
Other Final Release by Court Order	11	0	11	7	175.0
••Subtotals: Court-ordered Releases	598••	17••	615••	17••	2.8••
Escape	15	0	15	0	0.0
Death (All Causes)	9	0	9	- 1	- 10.0
Totals: All Types of Release	1916	110	2026	- 1	- 0.1
Difference: Admissions Over Releases	649	-	649	-	-

*An "Initial" entry/exit represents the first entry by an offender during the period and/or his latest exit, with each individual counted only once as an entry and/or once as an exit. The "Subsequent" column includes the counting of offenders who were in confinement at the beginning of the period, but who were subsequently released and re-admitted, thus remaining in confinement at the end of the period. This column also includes the counting of the additional release-admission transactions for offenders already counted in the "Initial" column. The "Total" column contains the sum of the "Initial" and "Subsequent" entries/exits.

**Within the "Subsequent" column, certain types of transactions involving temporary exit from a correctional facility have been excluded: Release to court/return from court (496 transactions) and escape/return from escape (28 transactions).

Table 4
Yearly Admissions and Releases: FY 1980 - FY 1987*

• • • • • • • • • Admissions • • • • • • • • •

Types of Admission	FY 80	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	FY 86	FY 87
Admissions by Court Action								
Court Commitments								
New Court Commitment	1107	1296	1451	1588	1535	1383	1503	1537
Aggravated Juvenile Delinquency	6	4	12	13	11	11	8	7
Probation Violator, Technical	82	143	180	178	221	217	240	256
Probation Violator, New Sentence	56	73	97	107	103	114	93	153
Parole Violator, New Sentence	144	221	212	236	246	148	155	186
Conditional Release Violator, New Sent.	4	7	6	4	3	10	7	11
••Subtotals: Court Commitments	1399••	1744••	1958••	2126••	2119••	1883••	2006••	2150••
Presentence Evaluation	63	70	56	48	22	31	25	34
Return from Court Appearance	30	28	30	29	27	37	37	42
••Subtotals: Admissions by Court Action	1492••	1842••	2044••	2203••	2168••	1951••	2068••	2226••
Returns by Department of Corrections Action								
~~Parole~~ Violator, Technical	160	215	183	202	241	249	319	379
Conditional Release Violator, Technical	0	0	2	0	1	5	15	14
Escapee Returned	12	11	14	8	15	8	9	15
••Subtotals: Returns by D.O.C. Action	172••	226••	199••	210••	257••	262••	343••	408••
Inter-jurisdictional Transfers								
Interstate/Federal Compact Received	14	12	17	21	21	17	21	29
Kansas Inmate Returned from Another Juris.	8	12	6	14	11	13	11	12
••Subtotals: Inter-juris. Transfers	22••	24••	23••	35••	32••	30••	32 ••	41 ••
Totals: All Types of Admission	1686	2092	2266	2448	2457	2243	2443	2675

Table 4 (cont.)

• • • • • • • • • Releases • • • • • • • • •

Types of Release	FY 80	FY 81	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	FY 86	FY 87
Parole								
Parole In-state	1019	955	1103	1072	747	774	913	933
Parole Out-of-state (Compact)	206	184	189	251	181	220	247	196
Parole to Detainer	3	8	32	69	49	57	91	64
Reparole	6	21	20	7	20	12	5	0
••Subtotals: Parole	1234••	1168••	1344••	1399••	997••	1063••	1256••	1193••
Conditional Release	51	58	43	46	90	86	101	146
Expiration of Sentence	0	1	1	1	5	0	7	21
Commutation or Pardon	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	0
Inter-jurisdictional Transfers								
Kansas Inmate Released for Housing	17	11	22	21	18	27	16	13
Interstate/Fed. Inmate Rel. to Sending Juris.	7	10	2	16	16	14	23	14
••Subtotals: Inter-juris. Transfers	24••	21••	24••	37••	34••	41••	39••	27••
Court-ordered Releases								
Probation	323	290	324	405	455	340	380	332
Returned Parolee Placed on Probation	12	6	7	3	0	0	0	0
Released on Appeal Bond	10	4	4	4	5	6	5	12
Presentence Returned to Court	53	63	46	41	22	28	22	31
Released for Court Appearance	35	107	129	112	216	149	187	229
Other Final Release by Court Order	7	6	4	8	7	4	4	11
••Subtotals: Court-ordered Releases	440••	476••	514••	573••	705••	527••	598••	615••
Escape	17	18	10	15	5	13	15	15
Death (All Causes)	4	11	5	5	7	6	10	9
Totals: All Types of Release	1770	1753	1941	2076	1845	1737	2027	2026
Difference: Admissions Over Releases	(84)	339	325	372	612	506	416	649

Note: A number in parentheses is a negative value.

*The data represent "total admissions" and "total releases" as defined in Table 3 footnotes.

Admissions by Court Action

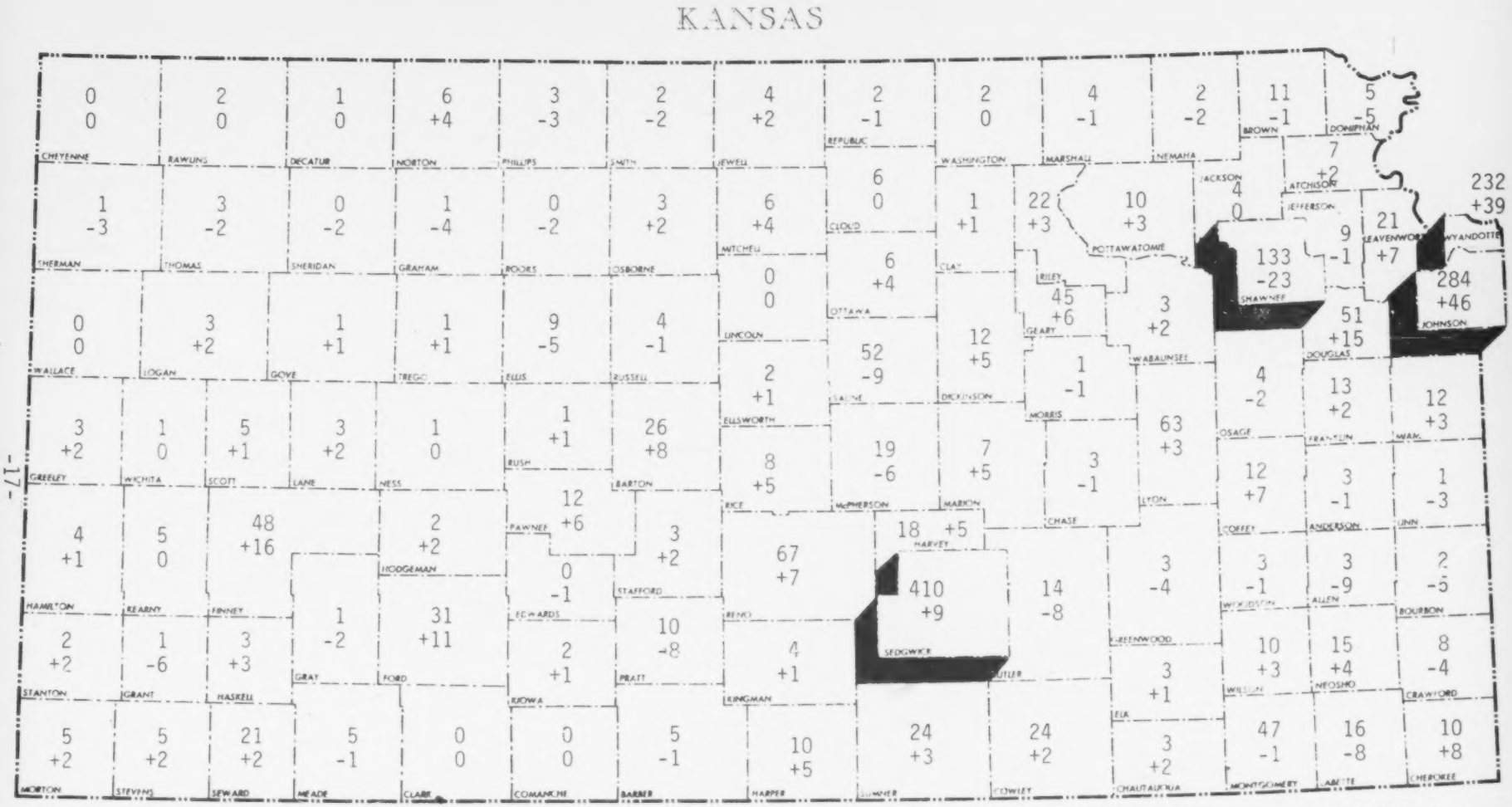
Additional information on selected categories of admissions is presented in Figure 4 and Table 5. These data pertain only to admissions by court actions, specifically the "initial" admissions as defined in Table 3, including all categories of admission under the heading "Court Commitments." Figure 4 shows the distribution of these admissions by county. The number on top in each county is the total of such admissions occurring during Fiscal Year 1987, while the bottom figure represents the change in the number from Fiscal Year 1986. For Fiscal Year 1987 statewide, there were 2,112 of these admissions with the four most populous counties (Johnson, Sedgwick, Shawnee, and Wyandotte), as in previous years, collectively accounting for over half the total (52%).

Information on these same types of admission is presented by felony class of offense for Fiscal Years 1981-1987 (Table 5). The information for Fiscal Year 1987 is further broken down by county of commitment. The Fiscal Year 1987 statewide total was distributed among the five felony classes as follows: class A, 1.5%; class B, 7.5%; class C, 21.7%; class D, 30.1%; class E 39.2%. This distribution has changed significantly during Fiscal Years 1985-1987. Due primarily to the passage of S.B. 858 in 1984, which changed many class D offenses to class E, the proportion of admissions with class D offenses has continued to decrease while the proportion with class E has increased.

Table 6 contains admission data on the youthful offender. The number of admissions of offenders under age eighteen at the time of offense is presented by felony class of offense and type of offense -- whether person, property, drug, or other type of crime. The total number of these offenders admitted during Fiscal Year 1987 was 71, up 5 (8%) from Fiscal Year 1986.

Figure 4

Number of Admissions by Court Actions:
FY 1987 and Level of Change from FY 1986 by County*



*The top figure for each county is the number of "Initial" admissions as defined in Table 3 (all types of "Initial" admissions under the heading "Court Commitments"). The bottom figure represents the change in the number from FY 1986. For FY 1987 statewide, there were 2,112 such admissions (including 91 for which the county of admission was not available). Four counties (those projected on the map) collectively accounted for over half (52%) of the total.

Table 5

Admissions by Court Actions, by Felony Class of the Most Serious Current Offense Relating to the Latest Admission of the Period: FY 1981 - FY 1987*

Fiscal Year	Felony Class of Offense A	B	C	D	E	Totals
1981	28	170	287	881	299	1665
1982	35	215	395	950	307	1902
1983	32	193	416	1060	347	2048
1984	36	178	410	1000	391	2015
1985	33	175	391	687	480	1766
1986	26	164	411	613	658	1872
1987 by County						
Sedgwick	9	47	110	129	115	410
Johnson	3	16	30	71	164	284
Wyandotte	7	23	49	79	74	232
Shawnee	0	12	35	24	62	133
Geary	2	3	12	13	15	45
Montgomery	0	4	3	20	20	47
Saline	0	3	16	12	21	52
Lyon	0	1	9	17	36	63
Reno	0	6	17	17	27	67
Finney	0	1	10	20	17	48
Douglas	0	4	25	10	12	51
Remaining 94 Counties	9	31	123	196	230	589
FY 1987 Totals	30	151	439	608	793	2021

*Entries represent "Initial" admissions as defined in Table 3; see "Subtotals: Court Commitments" (FY 87 = 2112; FY 86 = 1953; FY 85 = 1852; FY 84 = 2049; FY 83 = 2062; FY 82 = 1939; FY 81 = 1695) less the number of admissions for which the county and/or felony class was unknown at that time.

Table 6

Number of Admissions of Offenders Under Age Eighteen at the Time of Offense, by Felony Class and Type of Offense: FY 1980 - FY 1987

	Felony Class of Offense for Which Admitted					
Fiscal Year	A	B	C	D	E*	Totals
1980	1	12	6	21	9 (5)	49
1981	1	10	8	31	8 (6)	58
1982	3	6	14	40	23 (19)	86
1983	0	6	12	35	21 (16)	74
1984	0	8	13	37	13 (8)	71
1985	0	10	6	16	24 (12)	56
1986	1	6	14	24	21 (8)	66
1987	1	7	11	20	32 (6)	71

	Type of Offense				
Fiscal Year	Person	Property	Drug	Other	Totals
1980	20	23	0	6	49
1981	18	32	2	6	58
1982	23	42	1	20	86
1983	17	39	2	16	74
1984	23	39	1	8	71
1985	17	25	2	12	56
1986	21	35	0	10	66
1987	20	44	1	6	71

*A figure in parentheses represents the number of aggravated juvenile delinquency commitments within the total Class E felony admissions.

• • • • • SECTION III • • • • •

Inmate Profile Population: June 30, 1987

Introduction

This section provides a description of selected characteristics of the inmate population confined within Kansas correctional facilities on June 30, 1987, the last day of Fiscal Year 1987. The focus of this profile information is on the demographic attributes and social backgrounds of the offenders, the nature of the offenses for which incarcerated, the sentences imposed, and the criminal histories of the offenders.

The composition of the profile population was determined in the same manner as described in the annual reports since Fiscal Year 1981. It includes, in addition to inmates actually housed in correctional facilities on June 30, 1987, all offenders in the following physical locations: state hospital, contract jail placement, contract work release, out for medical care, and out on furlough. Excluded from the profile population are offenders then undergoing presentence evaluation, inmates out for court appearances, inmates serving Kansas sentences while housed in out-of-state facilities under compact agreement, out-of-state offenders serving in Kansas facilities on sentences of other jurisdictions, inmates serving in absentia (inmates housed in other jurisdictions while serving Kansas sentences concurrently with sentences of other jurisdictions), escapees, offenders confined in local detention facilities, and all offenders on parole or probation status. This selection process produced a June 30, 1987 profile population of 5,586; 5,316 males and 270 females. Note that the profile population differs slightly from the general in-house population described in other parts of this report (e.g., Tables 1 and 2).

Characteristics of the Inmate Profile Population

The list below is offered as a capsule summary of some of the basic characteristics of the Fiscal Year 1987 inmate profile population. Each of the following characteristics was observed in a majority of the inmates upon admission to the correctional system (or, as in the case of "length of current confinement," the status as of June 30, 1987):

- Sex - Male
- Racial/ethnic Group - White (40% non-white minority)
- Age - 27 or under
- Religion - Protestant
- Formal Education - Less than high school or G.E.D. (52%)
- Formal Vocational Training - None
- Employment Status - Not employed full-time
- Longest Period of Employment - One year or less
- Type of Admission - New court commitment
- Type of Offense :
    - for class A, B, C felons - person crime
    - for class D and E felons - property crime
- Length of Sentence (Minimum) - Four years or less
- Length of Current Confinement to Date - Two years or less
- Prior Felony Convictions - One or more
- Prior Felony Incarcerations - None

The distribution of the June 30, 1987 profile population among the correctional facilities is depicted graphically in Figure 5. Nearly half the population was housed at Kansas State Penitentiary (48.9%) and over a quarter at Kansas State Industrial Reformatory (27.7%). Information on selected characterstics of the profile population is presented in Table 7 by facility of confinement. In Table 8 the profile populations for Fiscal Years 1986 and 1987 are compared on these same characteristics. For most characteristics the proportionate distribution of the inmates is about the same for both fiscal years. However, there is evidence of changes in certain attributes of the population. In contrast to previous years, the number of males in the population increased more (13.9%) than did the females (only 1.9%). As in the past two years, the increase in the number of offenders with class E felonies was disproportionately great (32.7%). In addition, the number of inmates who had served longer terms (over five years) during the present confinement increased substantially (35%).

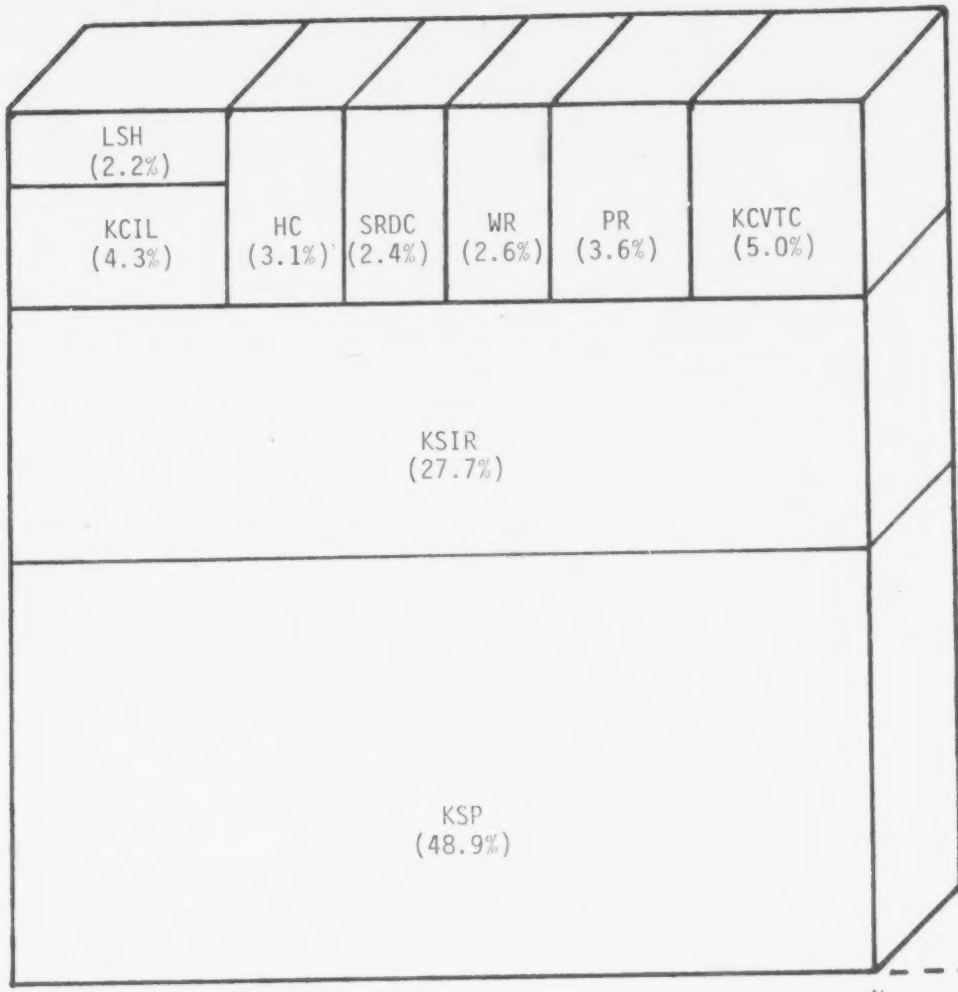
The last part of Table 8 contains information on the type of admission (most recent entry) to a Department of Corrections facility. The group whose admission had resulted from violation of the conditions of probation, parole, or conditional release comprised 34% of the profile population for Fiscal Year 1987. New commitments made up the remainder of the profile population. The increase in the total number of inmates who had been committed for technical parole violation (23.4%) was proportionately much greater than the increase in the number entering as new commitments (10.7%). Overall, the group comprising all types of violators contributed proportionately more to the growth of the profile population from Fiscal Year 1986 to Fiscal Year 1987 than did the new commitments.

Table 9 contains additional data on the history of previous criminal activities of the offenders in the profile population. Both the number of previous felony convictions and the number of previous incarcerations for felony offenses are presented by felony-class of the overall most serious current offense.

A summary of the status of the inmate population with regard to general institutional employment and program participation is presented in Table 10. Part 1 of this table contains data on general employment status while Part 2 identifies the particular detail or program to which the inmate is assigned. Of the total of 5,517 for which the information was obtained, 3,487 (63%) had full-time assignments, either work assignments or participation in academic or educational programs. The remaining 2,030 (37%) were, for a variety of reasons, not considered employed full-time. One large group of the unemployed (945) was unavailable for full-time work or program assignment because they were in some type of segregation or treatment, were in orientation status, or were undergoing intake evaluation. Most of the remaining 1,085 unemployed were able to work full-time, but were not working either because no assignments were available (610) or because they were unwilling or temporarily unable to work (440). The proportion employed or involved in programs full-time is about the same as the previous year. The problem of inmate idleness continues to be in evidence.

Figure 5

Distribution of the June 30, 1987 Inmate Population Among Correctional Facilities



Correctional Facility	No.	%
Kansas State Penitentiary (KSP)	2730	48.9
Kansas State Industrial Reformatory (KSIR)	1548	27.7
Kansas Correctional-Vocational Training Center (KCVTC)	278	5.0
State Reception and Diagnostic Center (SRDC)	135	2.4
Kansas Correctional Institution at Lansing (KCIL)	241	4.3
Toronto Honor Camp (THC)	72	1.3
El Dorado Honor Camp (EHC)	102	1.8
Work Release (WR):		
Topeka Work Release Center	26	.5
Wichita Work Release Center	76	1.4
Hutchinson Work Release Center	17	.3
Contract Work Release	24	.4
Pre-release (PR):		
Topeka Pre-release Center	71	1.3
Winfield Pre-release Center	131	2.3
Contract Jail Placement	10	.2
Larned State Hospital	125	2.2
Total (All facilities)	5586	100.0

Table 7

Summary of Inmate Characteristics: June 30, 1987 Population

		Facility of Confinement*									
**Characteristic	Totals	KSP	KSIR	KCVTC	SRDC	KCIL	HC	WR	PR	LSH	CJP
Age Group (Years)											
15 - 19	181	5	128	19	20	2	3	0	4	0	0
20 - 24	1299	224	734	119	33	42	48	33	46	17	3
25 - 29	1522	704	447	72	39	59	52	53	60	31	5
30 - 34	1115	718	144	40	26	52	25	29	36	40	5
35 - 39	639	443	56	19	6	41	19	11	24	18	2
40+	824	628	39	9	11	40	27	17	32	19	2
Unknown	6	1	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	5586	2723	1548	278	135	241	174	143	202	125	17
Racial/Ethnic Group											
White	3382	1539	1017	205	90	131	103	75	130	76	16
Black	1886	1028	433	61	36	100	62	61	65	39	1
Hispanic	235	109	78	9	7	5	8	4	6	9	0
American Indian	61	35	14	2	2	2	1	3	1	1	0
Asian/Pac. Isl.	19	12	6	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Unknown	3	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	5586	2723	1548	278	135	241	174	143	202	125	17
Sex											
Male	5316	2723	1548	248	135	20	174	135	195	121	17
Female	270	0	0	30	0	221	0	8	7	4	0
Totals	5586	2723	1548	278	135	241	174	143	202	125	17
Education Level											
Grades 0-11	2556	1196	791	144	40	84	75	73	88	58	7
High School Grad.	774	385	161	67	17	49	25	21	31	16	2
G.E.D.	1194	569	347	41	7	60	46	32	57	30	5
Greater Than H. S.	361	225	47	22	1	25	15	8	13	4	1
Unknown	701	348	202	4	70	23	13	9	13	17	2
Totals	5586	2723	1548	278	135	241	174	143	202	125	17
Inmate Security Classification											
Special Management	534	381	98	1	46	8	0	0	0	N/A	0
Maximum	874	440	417	0	1	16	0	0	0	N/A	0
Medium	1253	775	441	0	1	36	0	0	0	N/A	0
Minimum	2407	961	474	276	10	150	174	143	202	N/A	17
Unassigned (orientation, etc.)	393	166	118	1	77	31	0	0	0	N/A	0
Totals	5461	2723	1548	278	135	241	174	143	202	-	17
LSH (Not Applicable)	125	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	125	-
Number of Previous Felony Convictions											
None	2341	932	812	159	55	99	79	71	77	53	4
1	1192	559	350	63	19	57	28	32	56	23	5
2	795	442	161	30	6	43	36	22	35	18	2
3 or more	649	448	79	24	6	22	18	10	27	12	3
Unknown	609	342	146	2	49	20	13	8	7	19	3
Totals	5586	2723	1548	278	135	241	174	143	202	125	17

Table 7 (cont.)

**Characteristic	Totals	Facility of Confinement*									
		KSP	KSIR	KCVTC	SRDC	KCIL	HC	WR	PR	LSH	CJP
Number of Previous Incarcerations											
None	2944	1191	960	233	50	159	86	83	109	65	8
1	925	529	195	20	5	43	33	29	43	24	4
2	409	292	52	11	2	10	12	5	19	5	1
3 or more	279	211	22	6	4	6	8	4	10	7	1
Unknown	1029	500	319	8	74	23	35	22	21	24	3
Totals	5586	2723	1548	278	135	241	174	143	202	125	17
Felony Class of Most Serious Current Offense											
A	388	271	84	0	3	20	2	1	2	5	0
B	1363	833	322	7	14	39	47	35	27	36	3
C	1358	687	347	57	36	48	65	39	39	33	7
D	1628	604	573	109	38	66	51	51	96	34	6
E	767	269	209	103	44	67	8	14	37	15	1
Unknown	82	59	13	2	0	1	1	3	1	2	0
Totals	5586	2723	1548	278	135	241	174	143	202	125	17
***Duration of Present Confinement											
6 months or less	1175	482	376	105	127	63	4	0	8	10	0
Over 6 mo.-to 1 yr.	867	388	240	103	1	44	24	5	43	16	3
Over 1 yr.-to 2 yrs.	1127	439	398	49	2	51	55	41	69	19	4
Over 2 yrs.-to 3 yrs.	678	356	175	9	0	22	40	22	28	22	4
Over 3 yrs.-to 4 yrs.	506	250	137	3	2	19	24	25	26	18	2
Over 4 yrs.-to 5 yrs.	349	201	77	4	1	14	11	17	10	11	3
Over 5 yrs.	883	607	145	5	2	27	16	33	18	29	1
Unknown	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	5586	2723	1548	278	135	241	174	143	202	125	17

*Seven of the inmates (all white males) included under CJP (Contract Jail Placement) are physically located at Crawford County Jail, but technically assigned to KSP.

**All characteristics reflect status on June 30, 1987 (or time calculated from that date) except "Education Level" which is as reported upon admission. The total number of inmates for which information was available varies with the type of characteristic assessed. On Feb. 3, 1987, the new inmate security classification system was installed and replaced the inmate custody classification system.

***Period from most recent admission to June 30, 1987.

Table 8

Inmate Characteristics:
Comparison of the June 30, 1986 and June 30, 1987 Populations

*Characteristic	Total Inmate Population FY 1986 Number	%	FY 1987 Number	%	% Change From FY 86
Age Group (Years)					
15-19	188	4	181	3	- 3.7
20-24	1330	27	1299	23	- 2.3
25-29	1315	27	1522	27	15.7
30-34	855	17	1115	20	30.4
35-39	565	11	639	12	13.1
40+	671	14	824	15	22.8
Totals	4924	100	5580	100	- -
Unknown	10	-	6	-	- -
Racial/Ethnic Group					
White	2955	60	3382	61	14.4
Black	1698	35	1886	34	11.1
Hispanic	206	4	235	4	14.1
American Indian	62	1	61	1	- 1.6
Asian or Pacific Islander	10	-	19	-	90.0
Totals	4931	100	5583	100	- -
Unknown	3	-	3	-	- -
Sex					
Male	4669	95	5316	95	13.9
Female	265	5	270	5	1.9
Totals	4934	100	5586	100	- -
Education Level					
Grades 0 - 11	2123	50	2556	52	20.4
High School Graduate	625	15	774	16	23.8
G.E.D.	1217	28	1194	25	- 1.9
Greater Than High School	320	7	361	7	12.8
Totals	4285	100	4885	100	- -
Unknown	649	-	701	-	- -
Number of Previous Felony Convictions					
None	2007	46	2341	47	16.6
1	1079	25	1192	24	10.5
2	708	16	795	16	12.3
3 or more	555	13	649	13	16.9
Totals	4349	100	4977	100	- -
Unknown	585	-	609	-	- -
Number of Previous Incarcerations					
None	2418	62	2944	65	21.8
1	851	22	925	20	8.7
2	373	10	409	9	9.7
3 or more	232	6	279	6	20.3
Totals	3874	100	4557	100	- -
Unknown	1060	-	1029	-	- -

Table 8 (cont.)

*Characteristic	Total Inmate Population FY 1986 Number	%	FY 1987 Number	%	% Change From FY 86
Felony Class of Most Serious Current Offense					
A	360	7	388	7	7.8
B	1252	26	1363	25	8.9
C	1196	25	1358	24	13.6
D	1464	30	1628	30	11.2
E	578	12	767	14	32.7
Totals	4850	100	5504	100	- -
Unknown	84	-	82	-	- -
**Duration of Present Confinement					
6 months or less	1082	22	1175	21	8.6
Over 6 months - to 1 year	738	15	867	16	17.5
Over 1 year - to 2 years	985	20	1127	20	14.4
Over 2 years - to 3 years	738	15	678	12	- 8.1
Over 3 years - to 4 years	426	9	506	9	18.8
Over 4 years - to 5 years	309	6	349	6	12.9
Over 5 years	654	13	883	16	35.0
Totals	4932	100	5585	100	- -
Unknown	2	-	1	-	- -
***Types of Admission					
Commitments for Violation					
Technical Probation Violation	249	5	304	5	22.1
Probation Violation/New Sentence	255	5	320	6	25.5
Subtotals (All Probation Violation)	504	10	624	11	23.8
Technical Parole Violation	363	7	448	8	23.4
Parole Violation/New Sentence	683	14	744	13	8.9
Subtotals (All Parole Violation)	1046	21	1192	21	14.0
Conditional Release Violation	50	1	80	2	60.0
Subtotals (All Types of Violation)	1600	32	1896	34	18.5
Other Commitments					
New Commitments	3334	68	3690	66	10.7
Total Inmate Population	4934	100	5586	100	13.2

*All characteristics reflect status on June 30 of the specified year (or time calculated from that date) except "Education Level" which is as reported upon admission. The total number of inmates for which information was available varies with the type of characteristic assessed.

**Period from most recent admission to June 30 of the specified year.

***Figures represent the number of inmates in the population on the date specified whose most recent entry into the Department of Corrections was of the specified type.

Table 9

Number of Previous Felony Convictions and Incarcerations
by Felony Class of the Most Serious Current Offense:
June 30, 1987 Population

Number of Previous Convictions	Number of Offenders in Each Felony Class of Most Serious Current Offense					
	A	B	C	D	E	Totals (All Classes)
0	191	572	613	616	334	2326
1	81	319	272	363	150	1185
2	40	164	132	323	129	788
3	14	67	87	128	51	347
4 or more	9	70	67	108	31	285
Totals	335	1192	1171	1538	695	4931

Number of Previous Incarcerations						
0	219	724	731	828	425	2927
1	67	238	203	299	109	916
2	32	115	94	113	46	400
3	6	44	36	55	18	159
4 or more	5	26	27	43	8	109
Totals	329	1147	1091	1338	606	4511

Missing observations: Felony class of most serious current offense = 79; number of previous convictions = 609; number of previous incarcerations = 1029.

Table 10

General Employment and Program Status of Offenders
in the Inmate Population*

Part 1: Employment Status (Full-time Assignments)

Employment Status	Totals	Facility of Confinement							
		KSP	KSIR	KCVTC	SRDC	KCIL	HC	WR	PR
Employed Full-time:									
Student (Vocational training and academic education)	919	438	299	157	-	25	-	-	-
Unskilled Worker	655	309	216	40	-	90	-	-	-
Semi-skilled Worker	586	355	162	-	-	69	-	-	-
Skilled Worker	784	501	189	68	-	26	-	-	-
Private Industries	14	7	-	-	-	7	-	-	-
Other Employment/Program	529	7	-	-	-	0	175	144	203
Subtotal Employed	3487	1617	866	265	0	217	175	144	203
Not Employed:									
Lay-in (Able to work, no assignment available)	610	289	321	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lay-in (Failure to work, unwilling and/or unable)	440	313	127	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lay-in (Medical)	43	43	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Orientation	56	45	-	11	-	-	-	-	-
Administrative Segregation	125	98	27	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disciplinary Segregation	37	-	36	1	-	-	-	-	-
Protective Custody	255	254	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Medical Seg./Clinical Services	6	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Drug Treatment Unit	57	-	57	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Not Employed/Not Assigned	35	4	2	1	-	28	-	-	-
Holdover	227	126	101	-	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal Not Employed	1891	1172	678	13	0	28	0	0	0
Undergoing Evaluation (SRDC or KCIL)	139	-	-	-	139	-	-	-	-
Grand Totals (All Offenders)	5517	2789	1544	278	139	245	175	144	203

Table 10 (cont.)

Part 2: Program or Work Assignments (Full-time)**

• • • • • • Major Institutions • • • • • •

Type of Assignment	Number Assigned KSP	KSIR	KCVTC	KCIL
Institutional Support Detail	549	271	41	139
Maintenance Detail	198	150	44	36
Utility Work Detail	147	67	13	0
Kansas Correctional Industries	255	39	13	10
Private Industries	7	0	0	7
Crawford County Jail	7	0	0	0
Academic Education:				
Clerk, orderly, tutor	14	18	0	0
Student	146	95	0	0
Vocational Education:				
Clerk, orderly	5	19	0	0
Trainee	289	207	154	25
Subtotals	1617	866	265	217
Remaining Population	1172	678	13	28
Total Population	2789	1544	278	245

Note. All full-time assignments in drafting, computer technology, and word processing are included under vocational education. The number assigned to academic education at KSP includes the 65 assigned to the St. Mary's AA degree program.

• • • • • • Other Correctional Facilities • • • • • •

	Number Assigned
SRDC	
Undergoing Evaluation (Total Population)	139

Honor Camps

	Toronto	El Dorado
State Park and Community Projects	58	82
Honor Camp Maintenance/Services	16	19
Total Population	74	101

Work Release Centers

	Topeka	Wichita	Hutchinson	Contract WR
Regular Program Assignment	26	72	16	24
Permanent Party	1	4	1	0
Total Population	27	76	17	24

Pre-release Centers

	Topeka	Winfield
Regular Program Assignment	40	116
Permanent Party	32	15
Total Population	72	131

Table 10 (cont.)

*Note that the information pertains to the inmate population as of June 30, 1987 (in-house population as presented in Table 2, not the profile population as identified in Table 7). Inmates assigned to Larned State Hospital (127) and contract jail placement (10) are excluded. Source of information: 7-1-87 runs of "PGM-WRKASM".

**In addition to the full-time assignments tabled, many inmates participate in other programs on a part-time basis. Such part-time programs include certain courses in academic and vocational education as well as services available in the alcohol, drug, and adjustment counseling areas.

Comparison of the Characteristics of the Female and Male Inmates

As was pointed out with Figure 3, the increase in the number of females in the inmate population has been disproportionately great in the past several years. However, in terms of actual numbers the addition to the total population has been small. The increase of 188 in the female average daily population from Fiscal Years 1980 to 1987 represents only 6.2% of the increase of 3,043 in the A.D.P. for the total population. The growth in the female population, although small in absolute number, is significant in that it brings with it changes in inmate housing requirements and program needs.

A comparison of the characteristics of the female and male subgroups comprising the profile population is presented in Table 11. As with the corresponding groups of the previous two years, there are differences between the women and men on most of the characteristics included. Proportionately speaking, the female population was somewhat older, contained more blacks, and had a higher level of formal education upon admission than the male population. Regarding the felony class of the most serious current offense for which the inmate was serving, there were proportionately fewer women than men in the class B offense category but more women than men in class E. The duration of the current confinement (length of stay to date) was somewhat shorter for the women. The latter findings are believed to be at least partially attributable to differences between the men and women regarding the types of crime committed.

Data on the history of criminal activities indicates that a smaller proportion of women than men had records of previous felony incarcerations. In the profile populations of Fiscal Years 1984 and 1985 it was noted that proportionately fewer women had histories of prior felony convictions. This difference was less pronounced in the Fiscal Year 1986 population, and has disappeared completely in the Fiscal Year 1987 population. Like the men, about 53% of the women had prior convictions. The information on

pre-confinement histories of substance abuse indicates that while serious problems with drugs were slightly more prevalent among women (48%) than men (42%), serious problems with alcohol were far more prevalent among men (38%) than women (20%).

Table 11

Comparison of the Characteristics of Male and Female Inmates:
June 30, 1987 Population

*Characteristic	Male Number	Male %	Female Number	Female %
Age Group (Years)				
15-19	179	3	2	1
20-24	1251	24	48	18
25-29	1443	27	79	30
30-34	1054	20	61	23
35-39	597	11	42	16
40+	791	15	33	12
Totals	5315	100	265	100
Unknown	1	-	5	-
Racial/Ethnic Group				
White	3233	61	149	56
Black	1777	34	109	41
Hispanic	228	4	7	2
American Indian	59	1	2	1
Asian or Pacific Islander	19	-	0	-
Totals	5316	100	267	100
Unknown	0	-	3	-
Education Level				
Grades 0 - 11	2454	53	102	40
High School Graduate	719	16	55	22
G.E.D.	1129	24	65	26
Greater Than High School	331	7	30	12
Totals	4633	100	252	100
Unknown	683	-	18	-
Level of Alcohol Usage (Prior to Admission)				
No Known Usage	1671	37	161	64
Addiction	804	18	27	11
Habitual Excessive	881	20	23	9
Episodic Excessive	956	21	39	16
Use at Time of Offense	184	4	1	-
Totals	4496	100	251	100
Unknown	820	-	19	-
Level of Drug Usage (Prior to Admission)				
No Known Usage	1866	42	97	39
Addiction	1023	23	68	27
Episodic Excessive	866	19	51	21
Non-dependent Short-term	616	14	33	13
Use at Time of Offense	112	2	1	-
Totals	4483	100	250	100
Unknown	833	-	20	-

Table 11 (cont.)

*Characteristic	Male Number	Male %	Female Number	Female %
Felony Class of Most Serious Current Offense				
A	371	7	17	6
B	1332	25	31	11
C	1297	25	61	23
D	1550	30	78	29
E	685	13	82	31
Totals	5235	100	269	100
Unknown	81	-	1	-
Number of Previous Felony Convictions				
None	2222	47	119	47
1	1132	24	60	24
2	746	16	49	19
3 or more	624	13	25	10
Totals	4724	100	253	100
Unknown	592	-	17	-
Number of Previous Incarcerations				
None	2749	64	195	78
1	883	21	42	17
2	399	9	10	4
3 or more	275	6	4	1
Totals	4306	100	251	100
Unknown	1010	-	19	-
****Duration of Present Confinement**				
6 months or less	1105	21	70	26
Over 6 months - to 1 year	809	15	58	21
Over 1 year - to 2 years	1061	20	67	25
Over 2 years - to 3 years	655	13	23	9
Over 3 years - to 4 years	486	9	20	7
Over 4 years - to 5 years	334	6	15	6
Over 5 years	865	16	17	6
Totals	5315	100	270	100
Unknown	1	-	0	-

*All characteristics reflect status on June 30 of the specified year (or time calculated from that date) except "Education Level," "Level of Alcohol Usage," and "Level of Drug Usage" which are as reported upon admission. The total number of inmates for which information was available varies with the type of characteristic assessed.

**Period from most recent admission to June 30 of the specified year.

Characteristics of the New Admissions Population

Although the yearly turnover rate is relatively high among the inmates in the profile population, at any point in time there is a large proportion of the group that has been counted in yearly profile population for a number of years. The impact of these long-term inmates on the distribution of many of the profile characteristics is the same year after year. For the past several years the characteristics of newly admitted offenders have been examined in order to better assess any trends toward change in the composition of the inmate population. Included as new admissions are new court commitments, aggravated juvenile delinquency commitments, and probation violators. Many offenders in this group are also members of the general profile population since they were still on hand as of June 30, 1987.

Information on the characteristics of offenders entering the correctional system as new admissions during each of the past five years (Fiscal Years 1983 - 1987) is presented in Table 12. Note that the new admissions were not necessarily first-time offenders; some had been incarcerated previously in other states or had served Kansas sentences from which they had been discharged.

Compared to tne June 30, 1987 profile population (Table 8) the Fiscal Year 1987 new admissions population contained proportionately more offenders in the younger age groups (the 15-19 and 20-24 age ranges), more offenders in the white racial/ethnic group (70% vs. 61%) and more women (8% vs. 5%). Regarding the felony class of the most serious offense, the proportion of offenders in the new admissions population with class E felonies was much greater (36% vs. 14%) and the proportion with class A or B felonies was much smaller (9% vs. 32%). The new admissions population also contained proportionately fewer offenders with prior felony convictions (39% vs. 53%) and prior incarcerations (20% vs. 35%). Pre-confinement histories of alcohol and drug problems were only slightly less prevalent in the new admissions

population. To some extent the differences noted between the two offender populations are due to type of offense and sentence length. The offenders with more serious offenses, extensive criminal histories, and longer sentences tend to accumulate in the inmate population. Thus, the population on hand contains proportionately more offenders with these and related characteristics than does the population of new incoming offenders.

Table 12

Characteristics of New Admissions Population:
Comparison of FY 1983 - FY 1987*

	New Admissions Population					
	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	FY 86	FY 87	
Number in Population	1939	1929	1724	1849	1952	
**Characteristic	%	%	%	%	No.	%
Age Group (Years)						
15-19	13	11	10	10	176	9
20-24	38	38	34	34	615	33
25-29	21	21	23	22	419	21
30-34	12	13	13	15	337	17
35-39	8	8	9	9	181	9
40+	8	9	11	10	220	11
Totals	100	100	100	100	1948	100
No. Unknown	38	35	8	-	4	-
Racial/Ethnic Group						
White	67	68	67	71	1360	70
Black	28	27	28	23	467	24
Hispanic	3	4	4	5	96	5
American Indian	2	1	1	1	11	-
Asian or Pacific Islander	-	-	-	-	13	1
Totals	100	100	100	100	1947	100
No. Unknown	37	28	0	-	5	-
Sex						
Male	91	89	91	91	1798	92
Female	9	11	9	9	154	8
Totals	100	100	100	100	1952	100
Education Level						
Grades 0 - 11	52	51	47	46	923	59
High School Graduate	17	21	17	19	346	22
G.E.D.	23	20	27	26	156	10
Greater Than High School	8	8	9	9	132	9
Totals	100	100	100	100	1557	100
No. Unknown	368	408	456	-	395	-
Level of Alcohol Usage (Prior to Admission)						
No Known Usage	36	45	44	40	635	41
Addiction	14	12	13	17	264	17
Habitual Excessive	21	17	17	18	225	15
Episodic Excessive	24	22	22	21	373	24
Use at time of Offense	5	4	4	4	47	3
Totals	100	100	100	100	1544	100
No. Unknown	557	493	481	-	408	-

Table 12 (cont.)

**Characteristic	New Admissions Population FY 83 %	FY 84 %	FY 85 %	FY 86 %	FY 87 No.	FY 87 %
Level of Drug Usage (Prior to Admission)						
No Known Usage	40	46	44	44	611	40
Addiction	21	17	18	20	340	22
Episodic Excessive	20	20	22	21	329	21
Non-dependent Short-term Use at Time of Offense	17	15	14	13	216	14
	2	2	2	2	51	3
Totals	100	100	100	100	1547	100
No. Unknown	603	509	486	-	405	-
Number of Previous Felony Convictions						
None	52	60	58	57	1024	61
1	26	21	22	23	336	20
2	12	12	14	12	189	11
3 or more	10	7	6	8	136	8
Totals	100	100	100	100	1685	100
No. Unknown	486	435	339	-	267	-
Number of Previous Incarceration						
None	68	80	78	74	1264	80
1	20	14	14	17	196	13
2	7	4	6	6	65	4
3 or more	5	2	2	3	46	3
Totals	100	100	100	100	1571	100
No. Unknown	747	625	544	-	381	-
Felony Class of Most Serious Current Offense						
A	2	2	2	1	28	1
B	10	8	10	9	144	8
C	21	21	23	22	442	23
D	51	50	40	34	611	32
E	16	19	25	34	684	36
Totals	100	100	100	100	1909	100
No. Unknown	8	16	39	-	43	-

*New admissions include new court commitments, aggravated juvenile delinquency commitments, and probation violators (both technical and new sentence) entering the system during the specified fiscal year. The total number of inmates for which information was available varies with the type of characteristic assessed.

**All characteristics reflect status on June 30 of the specified year except "Education Level," "Level of Alcohol Usage," and "Level of Drug Usage" which are as reported upon admission.

Criminal Offenses, Sentence Structure, and Time Served

Offenses for Which Incarcerated. In Table 13 the inmate profile populations for Fiscal Years 1983-1987 are compared on type of criminal offense. The offense described is the overall most serious offense of all active sentences for each inmate.

Of the Fiscal Year 1987 population, nearly one-third (29.6%) had most serious offenses within felony class D, followed by class B at 24.8%, class C at 24.7%, class E at 13.9%, and class A at 7.1%. Collectively, six specific crimes were identified as the most serious offenses of over half (52.2%) the profile population. The six offenses were burglary, which was the most serious offense in 15.4% of the cases, aggravated robbery (12.0%), theft (10.7%), first degree murder (5.5%), indecent liberties with a child (4.3%), and robbery (4.3%). In relation to the FY 1986 profile population, the felony class group which showed the greatest increase in the number of inmates was class E (32.7%) followed by class C (13.6%), class D at 11.2%, class B at 8.9%, and class A at 7.8%. The large increase in the felony class E group has resulted from modification of the criminal statutes (S.B. 858) which changed the felony class of several offenses from D to E.

Sentence Structure. Table 14 contains a comparison of Fiscal Year 1987 and previous years' profile populations with regard to the types of sentences being served. The summary item used in describing the sentence data is the controlling sentence which is the range of the term of confinement computed on all currently active sentences, expressing the minimum and maximum periods of confinement. These data are summarized by sentence minimum (in yearly increments) in the second part of Table 14 for Fiscal Years 1982-1987. Of the Fiscal Year 1987 population 15.1% was serving on sentences with minimums of one year; 12.6% had minimums of two years; and 18.9% had minimums of three years. Thus, nearly half

(46.6%) of the profile population was serving sentences with minimums of three years or less. Sentences with minimums of five years were being served by 14.7% and minimums of 15 years or more by 16.4%. These figures represent little change from the distribution of the Fiscal Year 1986 population.

Length of Time Served in Correctional Facilities. Information on the actual amount of time served in Departmental facilities before release can be found in Table 15. A summary of the average length of stay in correctional facilities is presented by felony class of offense and sentence minimum for offenders paroled during each of the Fiscal Years 1984-1987. It should be noted that offenders excluded from this group of parolees are those with sentence structures which involved consecutive sentencing and those paroled from in absentia status. Also excluded are offenders receiving other types of release (e.g., conditional release, expiration of sentence). The length of stay represents the period of time served in Departmental facilities and does not necessarily reflect the total time served on the sentence(s). (Jail time or other periods of time credited to the sentence by the court have not been counted in the length of stay data.) For these data the felony class of offense is defined as the most serious offense associated with the offender's most recent admission and the minimum sentence is the minimum term associated with this same offense.

The first part of Table 15 pertains to cases in which neither the habitual criminal nor the mandatory sentence statutes were imposed. Most of the parolees (94%) fell into this category. The number of offenders paroled from felony class A offenses was too small (only one individual) to calculate a meaningful average length of stay. For Fiscal Year 1987 the average lengths of stay for the remaining four felony classes (all sentence minimums combined) were as follows: class B, 43.2 months (3.6 years); class C, 32.6 months (2.7 years); class D, 19.1 months (1.6 years); and class E, 12.7 months (1.1 years). The second part of the table contains the corresponding data on the remaining

parolees, cases in which the habitual criminal or mandatory sentence statutes, or both, had been imposed. The parolees released during Fiscal Year 1987 served longer on the average than those released during Fiscal Year 1986, especially those with class C and E felonies. Overall, the trend of the past several years -- toward longer terms served -- was maintained in Fiscal Year 1987.

Given the current pattern of sentences within the inmate population and the present practices of the paroling authority, the trend toward longer periods of confinement will continue. Table 16 contains data on the projected average length of time to serve for the offenders admitted during Fiscal Year 1987, presented by felony class of offense and sentence minimum. The projections for average time to serve are conservative in that they represent the period to be served if all possible earned good time is awarded and everyone is released at the earliest date possible. Recent data on parole decisions indicate that, on the average, offenders are serving slightly more than their minimum sentences before release via parole. Taking this into account and allowing for realistic levels regarding loss of good time and delays in release, the actual time to serve will be greater than indicated, possibly as much as six to eight months longer on the average.

Table 13

Distribution of the Inmate Population
by Felony Class and Criminal Offense:
Comparison of Fiscal Years 1983 - 1987*

Kansas Statute	Offense Description	Number of Inmates (June 30) 1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
	Class A Felonies					
21-3401	**Murder, First Degree	204	232	247	260	280
21-3421	Aggravated Kidnapping	70	79	91	100	107
65-4127A3	Drug Offense	0	0	0	0	1
	Total Class A Felonies	274	311	338	360	388
	Class B Felonies					
21-3401	Murder, First Degree (A/C/S)	2	3	5	8	12
21-3402	**Murder, Second Degree	121	144	141	158	171
21-3415	Aggravated Battery on a Law Enforcement Officer	6	9	8	12	11
21-3420	Kidnapping	123	136	149	155	174
21-3421	Aggravated Kidnapping (A/C/S)	0	1	1	1	0
21-3427	**Aggravated Robbery	486	530	574	617	662
21-3502	***Rape	105	128	145	166	188
21-3504	Agg. Indecent Liberties with a Child (and Indecent Liberties with a Ward)	1	3	11	13	14
21-3506	Aggravated Sodomy	58	72	89	105	114
21-3719	Aggravated Arson	8	9	10	12	15
65-4127A	Drug Offense	4	3	4	5	2
	Total Class B Felonies	914	1038	1137	1252	1363
	Class C Felonies					
21-3401	Murder, First Degree (A/C/S)	4	4	4	3	7
21-3402	Murder, Second Degree (A/C/S)	2	7	7	6	6
21-3403	Voluntary Manslaughter	68	67	67	71	74
21-3411	Aggravated Assault on a Law Enforcement Officer	28	23	23	31	34
21-3414	Aggravated Battery	125	155	183	202	224
21-3420	Kidnapping A/C/S	2	3	2	4	7

Table 13 (cont.)

Kansas Statute	Offense Description	Number of Inmates (June 30) 1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
	Class C Felonies (cont.)					
21-3421	Aggravated Kidnapping (A/C/S)	2	2	4	5	3
21-3426	Robbery	184	222	226	244	234
21-3427	Aggravated Robbery (A/C/S)	12	22	26	30	28
21-3502	***Rape	22	30	32	36	38
21-3503	Indecent Liberties with a Child	58	86	130	186	238
21-3504	Agg. Indecent Liberties with a Child (and Ind. Lib. with a Ward) (A/C/S)	0	0	2	2	2
21-3506	Aggravated Sodomy (A/C/S)	2	4	6	11	14
21-3716	Aggravated Burglary	41	48	76	83	95
21-3718	Arson	33	38	47	61	62
21-3719	Aggravated Arson (A/C/S)	0	1	1	2	4
21-38051	Perjury (Made in Felony Trial)	3	2	1	2	1
65-41261	Drug Offense	1	0	0	0	0
65-4127A	Drug Offense	0	0	0	0	0
65-4127A1	Drug Offense	36	50	74	75	94
65-4127BB	Drug Offense	66	84	133	142	193
	Total Class C Felonies	689	848	1044	1196	1358
	Class D Felonies					
21-3402	Murder, First Degree (A/C/S)	1	1	1	2	1
21-3403	Voluntary Manslaughter (A/C/S)	0	0	0	1	1
21-3404	Involuntary Manslaughter	4	15	23	30	31
21-3410	Aggravated Assault	71	91	110	121	130
21-3411	Aggravated Assault on a Law Enforcement Officer (A/C/S)	0	0	0	2	2
21-3414	Aggravated Battery (A/C/S)	8	14	18	21	24
21-3426	Robbery (A/C/S)	12	13	17	23	34
21-3503	Indecent Liberties with a Child	2	3	10	24	28
21-3506	Aggravated Sodomy (A/C/S)	0	0	0	0	1
21-3509	Enticement of a Child	3	7	8	8	10
21-3518	Aggravated Sexual Battery	0	2	18	33	46
21-3603	Aggravated Incest	6	6	8	15	25
21-3609	Abuse of a Child	0	0	1	7	8

Table 13 (cont.)

Kansas Statute	Offense Description	Number of Inmates (June 30) 1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
	Class D Felonies (cont.)					
21-3701	****Theft ($100 or more)	375	417	400	287	245
21-3704	****Theft of Services ($100 or more)	0	2	2	0	0
21-3708	****Habitual Giving of Worthless Checks	7	10	7	5	3
21-3710	****Forgery	104	126	111	66	62
21-3711	Making a False Writing	3	5	3	4	2
21-3715	Burglary	550	673	720	738	850
21-3716	Aggravated Burglary (A/C/S)	2	6	10	14	18
21-3718	Arson (A/C/S)	1	1	1	1	8
21-3805	Perjury (Made in Felony Trial)(A/C/S/)	0	0	0	0	2
21-3901	Bribery	0	0	1	2	1
21-4105	Inciting a Riot	0	0	0	1	1
21-42041	Unlawful Possession of Firearms	13	14	16	18	27
21-4209A	Possession of Explosives	0	0	0	1	1
65-4127A1	Drug Offense	1	1	3	3	10
65-4127B	Drug Offense	9	7	6	3	3
65-4127BA	Drug Offense	14	10	18	20	34
65-4127BB	Drug Offense	2	7	8	14	20
	Total Class D Felonies	1188	1431	1520	1464	1628
	Class E Felonies					
08-116	Vehicle Identification Violation	0	0	0	0	1
08-262A	Driver's License Violation	1	1	1	8	9
08-287	Habitual Violation; Unlawful Operation of Vehicle When Prohibited	1	3	5	12	14
21-3404	Involuntary Manslaughter	14	6	4	4	2
21-3405A	Aggravated Vehicular Homicide	0	0	1	9	21
21-3410	Aggravated Assault (A/C/S)	5	12	11	16	14
21-3414	Aggravated Battery (A/C/S)	2	0	0	0	1
21-3419	Terroristic Threat	8	9	16	24	27
21-3420	Kidnapping (A/C/S)	1	1	0	0	0
21-3422A	Aggravated Interference with Parental Custody	0	0	0	1	1

Table 13 (cont.)

Kansas Statute	Offense Description	Number of Inmates (June 30) 1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
	Class E Felonies (cont.)					
21-3426	Robbery (A/C/S)	0	1	1	1	2
21-3427	Aggravated Robbery (A/C/S)	0	0	2	1	0
21-3428	Blackmail	0	0	0	1	0
21-3503	Indecent Lib. with A Child (A/C/S)	1	0	0	0	0
21-3509	Enticement of a Child	1	2	1	3	2
21-3511	Agg. Indecent Solicitation of a Child	3	8	10	9	7
21-3514	Habitual Promoting Prostitution	0	1	0	0	0
21-3516	Sexual Exploitation of a Child	1	1	1	1	2
21-3518	Aggravated Sexual Battery	0	0	0	4	9
21-3602	Incest	1	0	0	0	3
21-3603	Aggravated Incest (A/C/S)	3	0	0	3	6
21-3605	Nonsupport of a Child	6	8	6	1	4
21-3609	Abuse of a Child	7	8	8	7	6
21-3611	Aggravated Juvenile Delinquency	11	13	15	16	12
21-3612	Contributing to Misconduct or Deprivation of a Child	0	0	0	1	1
21-3701	****Theft (Over $150 or more) and/or Attempted Theft	36	58	128	233	344
21-3704	****Theft of Services ($100 or more)	0	0	0	2	1
21-3707	Giving of a Worthless Check	27	36	26	33	26
21-3708	****Habitual Giving of Worthless Checks	0	0	0	7	3
21-3710	****Forgery (and/or Attempted Forgery)	3	9	31	56	87
21-3714	Possession of Forgery Devices	0	1	1	0	0
21-3715	Burglary (A/C/S)	21	29	40	39	54
21-3716	Aggravated Burglary (A/C/S)	0	0	1	1	0
21-3717	Possession of Burglary Tools	1	1	4	4	3
21-3718	Arson (A/C/S)	0	1	0	0	0
21-3720	Criminal Damage to Property	22	27	32	36	44
21-3726	Agg. Tampering with Traffic Signal	0	0	0	0	1
21-3729	Unlawful Use of Financial Cards	5	5	4	5	8
21-3734	Impairment of Security Interest	0	1	2	2	1
21-3806	Corruptly Influencing a Witness	1	0	0	0	0
21-3808	Obstruction of Legal Process (Felony Case)	1	3	2	2	2

Table 13 (cont.)

Kansas Statute	Offense Description	Number of Inmates (June 30) 1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
	Class E Felonies (cont.)					
21-3810	Aggravated Escape from Custody	5	4	8	8	7
21-3812	Aiding a Felon	5	6	5	4	6
21-3814	Aggravated Failure to Appear	4	2	2	4	3
21-3825	Aggravated False Impersonation	1	1	2	1	0
21-3826	Traffic in Contraband in a Penal Institution	2	3	2	2	3
21-3833	Aggravated Intimidation of Witness	0	0	2	2	4
21-3904	Presenting False Claim ($50 or more)	0	0	0	0	1
21-42011	Unlawful Firearm, Possession, etc.	1	3	2	3	1
21-4202	Aggravated Weapons Violation	0	2	3	1	2
21-42041	Unlawful Possess. of Firearms (A/C/S)	0	0	0	0	1
21-4214	Obtaining Prescription Drug Fraudulently	0	0	2	1	0
21-4306	Dealing in Gambling Devices	0	0	1	0	0
36-206	Fraud in Obtaining Accommodations	1	1	1	0	2
65-4127A1	Drug Offense (A/C/S)	2	4	5	2	5
65-4127B	Drug Offense (A/C/S)	1	1	1	1	0
65-4127BA	Drug Offense (A/C/S)	3	4	4	5	6
65-4127BB	Drug Offense (A/C/S)	3	7	3	2	8
	Total Class E Felonies	211	283	396	578	767
	Total (All Felony Classes)	3276	3911	4435	4850	5504
	Unknown Class of Offense	77	57	55	84	82
	Grand Total	3353	3968	4490	4934	5586

Table 13 (cont.)

Breakdown of Unknown Category

Kansas Statute	Offense Description	Number of Inmates (June 30) 1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
21-3401	Murder, First Degree	29	26	22	24	22
21-3402	Murder, Second Degree	5	3	2	2	2
21-3427	Aggravated Robbery	11	10	9	11	11
	Other Unclassified Felonies	13	8	9	8	10
	Felony Class Undetermined	19	10	13	39	37
	Total Unknown	77	57	55	84	82

*The offense described is the overall most serious offense of all active sentences for the inmate. The designation "A/C/S" (Attempt/ Conspire/ Solicitation) in the offense description denotes attempted crimes or in some cases to conspire to commit, or to aid, abet, advise, counsel, procure, or hire others to commit the crime.

**For the total number of inmates serving for this offense, add the corresponding unclassified offenses listed in the "Breakdown of Unknown Category."

***The offense of rape was changed from Class C to Class B on 7-1-1978; hence, there are inmates serving under each of the two classifications.

****On May 17, 1984, the felony class of several offenses (including theft, theft of services, habitual giving of worthless checks, and forgery) was changed from D to E.

Table 14

Structure of Controlling Sentences: June 30 Inmate Population
Comparison of FY 1987 with Previous Years

*Controlling Sentence		FY 1986		FY 1987	
Minimum	Maximum	No.	%	No.	%
1	2	126	3	153	3
1	3	72	1	89	2
1	5	393	8	483	9
1	10	85	2	79	1
Other 1-year minimum		33	1	37	1
2	5	227	5	222	4
2	7	64	1	73	1
2	10	231	5	274	5
Other 2-year minimum		88	2	132	2
3	10	670	13	766	14
3	15	64	1	84	1
3	20	37	1	46	1
Other 3-year minimum		146	3	152	3
4	10	64	1	67	1
4	15	100	2	136	2
4	20	57	1	69	1
Other 4-year minimum		66	1	85	2
5	20	532	11	563	10
Other 5-year minimum		229	5	255	5
6 to 9-year minimum		435	9	489	9
10	Life	103	2	110	2
Other 10-year minimum		146	3	166	3
11 to 14-year minimum		88	2	114	2
15	Life	147	3	162	3
Other 15-year minimum		45	1	53	1
20-year minimum		46	1	51	1
30	Life	56	1	56	1
Other 30-year minimum		6	0**	5	0**
Life	Life	385	8	410	7
Other minimum more than 15		143	3	171	3
Totals (All minimums)		4884	100	5552	100
Unknown Minimum		50	—	34	—
Grand Totals		4934	—	5586	—

Table 14 (cont.)

Summary by Minimum Term of Controlling Sentence

Minimum (Years)	% of Population at Each Minimum					
	FY 82	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	FY 86	FY 87
1	27.2	13.6	11.4	13.6	14.5	15.1
2	13.9	19.1	17.7	14.0	12.5	12.6
3	12.1	15.9	18.4	19.6	18.8	18.9
4	1.4	3.3	5.0	5.1	5.9	6.4
5	16.1	16.0	15.6	15.4	15.6	14.7
6	2.2	2.4	3.1	3.7	4.0	3.8
7	1.1	1.6	1.8	2.3	2.3	2.3
8	1.1	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.8
9	.5	.8	.8	.8	.9	.9
10	5.1	5.4	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.0
11	.2	.3	.3	.5	.5	.6
12	.3	.6	.7	.8	.8	.9
13	.3	.2	.2	.2	.3	.4
14	.1	.2	.2	.1	.2	.2
15	4.1	4.4	4.3	4.0	3.9	3.9
20	.9	1.0	.8	.8	.9	.9
30	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.1
Life	9.2	9.1	8.5	8.2	7.9	7.4
Other (more than 15)	2.6	2.8	2.9	2.8	2.9	3.1
Totals (All minimums)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number of Inmates (on which % is based)	2950	3347	3957	4454	4884	5552

*The controlling sentence is the range, in years, determined by the longest minimum and the longest maximum term to be served. The controlling minimum is the indicator for the parole eligibility date. The controlling maximum is used to project the conditional release date (the date of the maximum term less the statutorily earned good time) which indicates completion of the sentence obligation.

**Less than .5 of one percent.

Table 15

Average Length of Stay in Correctional Facilities, by Felony Class of Offense and Sentence Minimum: Offenders Paroled During Fiscal Years 1984 - 1987*

Cases in Which Neither the Habitual Criminal or Mandatory Sentence Statutes Were Imposed

Felony Class and Minimum	FY 1984 No.	FY 1984 Avg. Stay (Months)	FY 1985 No.	FY 1985 Avg. Stay (Months)	FY 1986 No.	FY 1986 Avg. Stay (Months)	FY 1987 No.	FY 1987 Avg. Stay (Months)
Class A								
Life		**	2	**	1	**	1	**
Class B								
10 Year	7	34.82	1	52.30	1	108.40	4	-
4-5 Year	29	41.03	29	34.84	23	40.16	22	46.68
Other Minimums	5	53.88	3	45.92	4	38.82	1	89.00
All Class B	41	41.54	33	36.37	28	42.41	27	43.16
Class C								
5 Year	14	32.20	11	34.07	24	43.47	25	43.22
4 Year	3	**	4	**	4	41.19	13	42.23
3 Year	27	21.13	47	24.67	78	29.33	117	30.96
2 Year	56	17.69	10	17.21	10	12.37	3	22.21
1 Year	23	11.09	20	21.83	11	12.58	10	15.15
All Class C	123	19.02	92	24.82	127	29.59	168	32.56
Class D								
3 Year	61	20.67	79	24.13	116	25.84	72	29.62
2 Year	188	15.62	216	17.91	207	19.49	141	19.17
1 Year	146	11.61	161	11.28	144	12.60	123	12.98
All Class D	395	14.91	456	16.64	467	18.94	336	19.14
Class E								
2 Year	10	14.90	28	17.08	18	22.52	10	29.08
1 Year	132	9.07	133	10.04	191	10.65	212	11.90
All Class E	142	9.48	161	11.27	209	11.67	222	12.67
Total (All Classes)	703	--	744	--	832	--	754	--

Table 15 (cont.)

Cases in Which Habitual Criminal or Mandatory Sentence Statutes or Both Imposed

Felony Class and Minimum	FY 1984 No.	FY 1984 Avg. Stay (Months)***	FY 1985 No.	FY 1985 Avg. Stay (Months)***	FY 1986 No.	FY 1986 Avg. Stay (Months)***	FY 1987 No.	FY 1987 Avg. Stay (Months)***
Class A (All Min.)	0	**	0	**	1	**	0	**
Class B (All Min.)	29	54.41	29	52.64	12	52.54	15	59.47
Class C (All Min.)	21	22.64	13	28.65	22	40.41	25	48.54
Class D (All Min.)	16	19.31	16	22.47	19	25.66	7	27.97
Class E (All Min.)	6	14.25	3	**	3	**	0	**
Total (All Classes)	72	--	61	--	57	--	47	--
Grand Total	775	--	805	--	889	--	801	--

*Excluded from the parolee population are those with sentence structures which involved consecutive sentencing and those paroled from in absentia status. The length of stay is the period of time from the date of admission to the date of release (thus excluding any jail credit or other credits applied to the sentence). The felony class of offense is the most serious offense associated with the offender's most recent admission and the minimum sentence is the minimum term associated with this same offense. Source of information: PGM-AVSTAS run 7-21-1987.

**The number of parolees in this felony class is too small for calculation of a meaningful average. For the few class A felons paroled the average stay was about 15 years.

***In these cases the average length of stay for each felony class was estimated from a frequency distribution consisting of the number of offenders falling within each category of range of months served.

Table 16

Projected Average Length of Time to Serve:
FY 1987 Admissions Population*

Felony Class by Minimum Sentence (Years)	Number of Offenders (Adjusted)**	Projected Average Time to Serve		Total Number of Years to Serve
		In Years	In Months	
Class A				
Life	31	15.00	180.0	465
Probation	0	-	-	-
Total Class A	31	15.00	180.0	465
Class B				
5	47	3.56	42.7	167
7.5	12	5.35	64.2	64
12	28	8.50	102.0	238
15	24	10.63	127.6	255
23	4	16.25	195.0	65
***10	51	7.06	84.7	360
Probation	16	.25	3.0	4
Total Class B	182	6.34	76.0	1153
Class C				
1	9	.75	9.0	7
2	12	1.44	17.3	17
3	230	2.13	25.6	490
4	34	2.88	34.6	98
5	72	3.56	42.7	256
8	8	5.69	68.3	46
***6	74	4.25	51.0	315
Probation	65	.25	3.0	16
Total Class C	504	2.47	29.6	1245
Class D				
1	194	.75	9.0	146
2	228	1.44	17.3	328
3	141	2.13	25.6	300
5	6	3.56	42.7	21
8	1	5.69	68.3	6
***4	205	2.88	34.6	590
Probation	101	.25	3.0	25
Total Class D	876	1.62	19.4	1416
Class E				
1	484	.75	9.0	363
2	14	1.44	17.3	20
3.5	5	2.51	30.1	13
***2	203	1.44	17.3	292
Probation	150	.25	3.0	38
Total Class E	856	.85	10.2	726
Total (All Classes)	2449	2.04	24.5	5005

Table 16 (cont.)

*Figures based on 2,449 admissions during FY 1987 (first admissions during the period per computer program PGM-ELLNAS run 7-16-87). The maximum allowable earned good time (per current good time laws) has been applied in all cases. Thus, projected time to serve is the period from the sentence begins date to earliest possible release date.

**Represents the number of offenders remaining in the specified group after the estimated number of probationers is removed from the group. For each felony class, the probationers (total of 332 for all classes) are identified separately and assigned an average time to serve of three months (.25 years).

***Represents cases involving the application of consecutive sentencing. In such cases the sentence minimum used is twice the current lowest possible minimum for the felony class.

• • • • • SECTION IV • • • • •

Kansas Parolee Population, June 30, 1987

This section provides a brief description of the population of offenders in the correctional system who were on parole or supervised conditional release as of June 30, 1987. Also included is a summary of various parole-related activities occurring during Fiscal Year 1987.

Parole and probation caseload information for Fiscal Year 1987 is contained in Table 17. In previous annual reports the parole services caseload information was limited to clients in good standing. This year there is more detailed information regarding the various categories of clients. The parole officer caseload consists not only of Kansas offenders paroled to Kansas locations, but also out-of-state parolees and probationers sent to Kansas for supervision under interstate compact. There are no Kansas probationers included in the caseload since the supervision of this group has been a function of the district courts since July 1, 1979. On the last day of Fiscal Year 1987, there was a total of 2,731 offenders under the supervision of 37 Kansas parole officers, an average caseload of 74 per parole officer. As shown in the second part of Table 17, there was an additional group of 932 offenders whose cases were being supervised out-of-state. The group of 363 offenders on abscond status brings the total number of offenders managed by Kansas Parole Services to 4,026.

Basic profile information on the population of Kansas offenders on parole or conditional release in Kansas is summarized in Table 18 and Figure 6. The distribution of the parole population on the characteristics listed has changed relatively little in the past several years.

Presented in Table 19 is the distribution of Kansas paroles and conditional releases by county as well as out-of-state paroles and conditional releases by state. During Fiscal Year 1987, three counties (Sedgwick, Shawnee, and Wyandotte) collectively accounted for well over half (63%) of the total number of Kansas paroles and conditional releases during the year. Sedgwick County alone received nearly one-third (32%) of the statewide total. Regarding paroles and CR's out-of-state, the second part of Table 19 indicates that three states (Missouri, Oklahoma, and Texas) collectively received nearly two-thirds (64%) of those released out-of-state, Missouri alone accounting for over one-third (36%).

Table 20 contains information on the number of compact cases serving parole or probation in Kansas as of June 30, 1987, presented by sending state and type of case. The number of Kansas cases serving parole out-of-state on the same date is presented in Table 21 by receiving location. As in previous years, the amount of compact case activity was especially great in three states: Missouri, Oklahoma, and Texas.

Table 17

Composition of Offender Caseload Managed by
Kansas Parole Officers: Status as of June 30, 1987*

• • • • • • Kansas Caseload • • • • • •

	Number of Offenders
Clients in Good Standing:	
Parole	1605
Conditional Release	101
Compact Parole	225
Compact Probation	630
Subtotal (In Good Standing)	2561
Clients Held in County Jail:	
Felony Charge	35
Misdemeanor Charge	6
Serving Misdemeanor Sentence	4
Awaiting Return to KDOC Institution	9
Other	4
Subtotal (Held in County Jail)	58
Other Clients:	
KDOC Warrant Case Monitored by Parole Officer	41
Cases Not Yet Assigned to Parole Officer	71
Subtotal (Other Clients)	112
Total Kansas Caseload	2731
Average Caseload Per Parole Officer	74

• • • Kansas Offenders on Supervised Release Out-of-state • • •

Kansas Offenders Out-of-state:	Number of Offenders
Parole	596
Conditional Release	45
Parole to Detainer	108
KDOC Warrant Out-of-state (Case Monitored)	183
Total (Out-of-state)	932

• • • • • • Other Offenders • • • • • •

Absconders	363
Grand Total (All Categories of Offender)	4026

*Source of information: Parole activities report (computer program "PARREP") run 7-7-1987 for FY 1987.

Table 18

Characteristics of Kansas Parolees:
Comparison of June 30, 1986 and June 30, 1987 Populations*

	Kansas Parolee Population			
	FY 1986		FY 1987	
**Characteristic	Number	%	Number	%
Age Group (Years)				
15-19	26	2	6	***
20-24	432	26	423	23
25-29	572	35	605	34
30-34	295	18	352	20
35-39	155	9	195	11
40+	169	10	225	12
Totals	1649	100	1806	100
Unknown	7	-	8	-
Grand Totals	1656	-	1814	-
Racial/Ethnic Group				
White	1112	67	1184	66
Black	473	29	543	30
Hispanic	46	3	59	3
American Indian	19	1	20	1
Asian or Pacific Islander	1	***	3	***
Totals	1651	100	1809	100
Unknown	5	-	5	-
Sex				
Male	1500	91	1631	90
Female	156	9	183	10
Totals	1656	100	1814	100
Felony Class of Most Serious Offense				
A	2	***	2	***
B	92	6	92	5
C	271	17	371	21
D	1009	61	1007	56
E	266	16	331	18
Totals	1640	100	1803	100
Unknown	16	-	11	-
Number of Previous Felony Convictions				
None	731	46	805	47
1	422	27	423	25
2	261	16	305	18
3 or more	167	11	176	10
Totals	1581	100	1709	100
Unknown	75	-	105	-

Table 18 (cont.)

**Characteristic	Kansas Parolee Population FY 1986 Number	%	FY 1987 Number	%
Number of Previous Incarcerations				
None	911	66	1006	68
1	303	22	313	21
2	101	8	115	8
3 or more	59	4	53	3
Totals	1374	100	1487	100
Unknown	282	-	327	-

Note: A number in parentheses is a negative value.

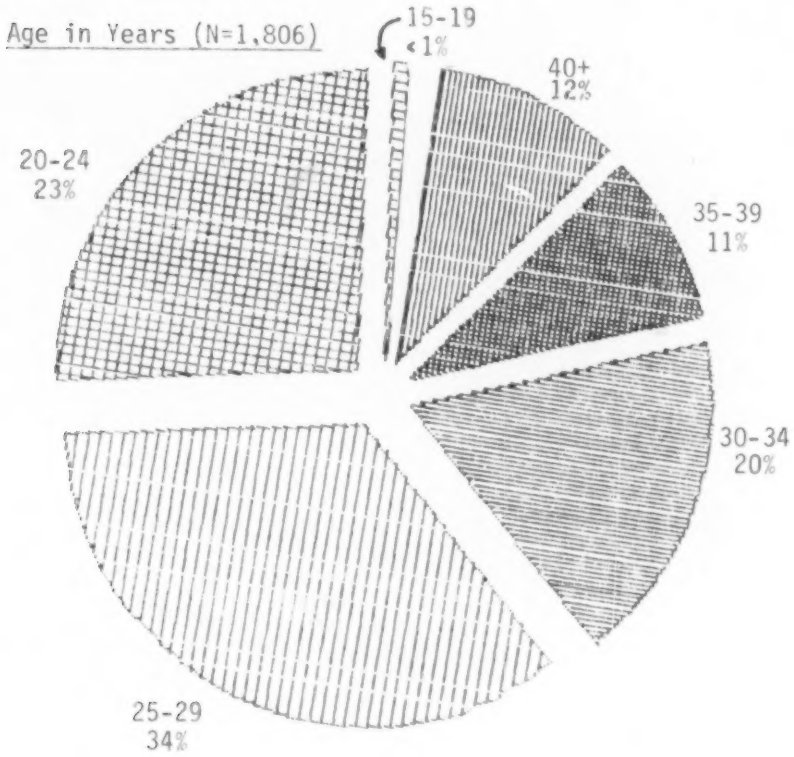
*Includes conditional releases.

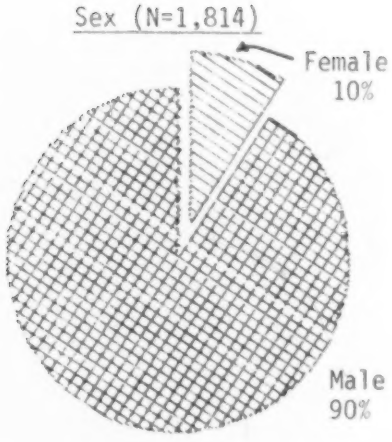
**All characteristics reflect status on June 30 of the specified year. The total number of inmates for which information was available varies with the type of characteristic assessed.

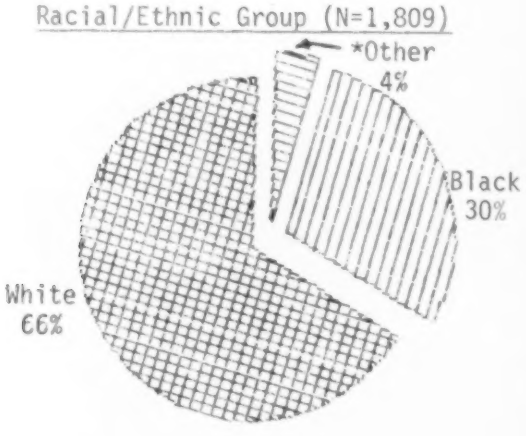
***Less than .5 of one percent.

Figure 6

Distribution of the June 30, 1987 Parolee Population
by Age, Sex, and Racial/Ethnic Group







Missing observations: Age 8, Racial/Ethnic Group (5).

*"Other" includes Hispanic, Asian, and American Indian.

Table 19

Kansas Offenders Paroled and Conditionally Released
During Fiscal Year 1987,
by County or State to Which Released*

• • • • • • Parole and CR to Kansas • • • • • •

County	Number		County	Number		County	Number	
	Par.	CR		Par.	CR		Par.	CR
Allen	3	2	Greeley	1	0	Osborne	0	0
Anderson	3	0	Greenwood	3	1	Ottawa	0	0
Atchison	1	0	Hamilton	0	0	Pawnee	24	1
Barber	1	0	Harper	1	0	Phillips	1	0
Barton	5	0	Harvey	14	1	Pottawatomie	2	1
Bourbon	4	0	Haskell	0	0	Pratt	1	0
Brown	4	0	Hodgeman	0	0	Rawlins	1	0
Butler	11	1	Jackson	0	1	Reno	21	9
Chase	0	0	Jefferson	4	0	Republic	0	0
Chautauqua	2	0	Jewell	0	1	Rice	3	0
Cherokee	0	0	Johnson	56	5	Riley	0	0
Cheyenne	0	0	Kearny	0	0	Rooks	0	0
Clark	0	0	Kingman	1	0	Rush	0	0
Clay	0	0	Kiowa	0	0	Russell	1	0
Cloud	0	0	Labette	2	2	Saline	15	7
Coffey	1	0	Lane	0	1	Scott	2	0
Comanche	0	0	Leavenworth	21	1	Sedgwick	330	21
Cowley	11	1	Lincoln	0	0	Seward	2	0
Crawford	3	0	Linn	0	0	Shawnee	119	15
Decatur	0	0	Logan	0	0	Sheridan	0	0
Dickinson	2	0	Lyon	11	5	Sherman	1	0
Doniphan	2	0	Marion	2	0	Smith	1	0
Douglas	17	2	Marshall	0	0	Stafford	0	0
Edwards	0	1	McPherson	3	1	Stanton	0	0
Elk	0	0	Meade	2	0	Stevens	0	2
Ellis	1	1	Miami	2	5	Sumner	4	2
Ellsworth	1	0	Mitchell	0	0	Thomas	3	0
Finney	20	1	Montgomery	12	2	Trego	0	0
Ford	12	0	Morris	1	0	Wabaunsee	0	0
Franklin	3	1	Morton	0	0	Wallace	0	0
Geary	11	1	Nemaha	0	0	Washington	0	0
Gove	0	0	Neosho	3	1	Wichita	0	1
Graham	0	0	Ness	0	0	Wilson	2	0
Grant	0	0	Norton	0	0	Woodson	1	0
Gray	1	0	Osage	4	2	Wyandotte	175	19
						Statewide Totals	971	118

Table 19 (cont.)

• • • • • • Parole and CR Out-of-state • • • • • •

State	Number		State	Number	
	Par.	CR		Par.	CR
Alabama	2	0	Nebraska	5	0
Alaska	0	0	Nevada	1	0
Arizona	3	0	New Hampshire	0	0
Arkansas	2	0	New Jersey	1	0
California	17	2	New Mexico	2	0
Colorado	5	2	New York	2	0
Connecticut	0	0	North Carolina	3	0
Delaware	0	0	North Dakota	1	0
Florida	3	1	Ohio	0	0
Georgia	2	0	Oklahoma	37	1
Hawaii	1	0	Oregon	1	1
Idaho	0	0	Pennsylvania	0	1
Illinois	3	1	Rhode Island	0	0
Indiana	5	0	South Carolina	0	0
Iowa	5	1	South Dakota	0	0
Kentucky	0	0	Tennessee	0	1
Louisiana	0	0	Texas	35	2
Maine	0	0	Utah	0	0
Maryland	0	0	Vermont	1	0
Massachusetts	1	0	Virginia	4	0
Michigan	1	0	Washington	2	0
Minnesota	1	1	West Virginia	0	0
Mississippi	1	0	Wisconsin	0	1
Missouri	80	17	Wyoming	0	0
Montana	1	0	Other (including Federal)	5	2
			Total (All States)	233	34

• • • • Summary of Parole and CR (FY 1986 Compared to FY 1985) • • • •

Type of Release	FY 1986	FY 1987	% Change
Parole (All Types)	1258	1204	- 4.3
Conditional Release (All Types)	110	152	+38.2
Total (All Parole and CR)	1368	1356	- 0.9%

*The number includes any multiple parole/CR of an individual offender during the period. The types of parole/CR include: Parole, reparole, parole to detainer, parole of returned probationer, CR supervised, and CR unsupervised. In some cases the totals differ slightly from corresponding figures in Tables 3 and 4 (due to differences in the way the computer programs treat certain types of data).

Table 20

Number of Compact Cases Serving Parole or Probation in Kansas on June 30, 1987, by Sending State*

Sending State	Felony Cases		Totals (All Cases)
	Parole	Probation	
Alabama	2	2	4
Alaska	2	3	5
Arizona	2	11	13
Arkansas	9	6	15
California	8	27	35
Colorado	10	18	28
Connecticut	0	0	0
Delaware	0	0	0
District of Columbia	0	0	0
Florida	2	24	26
Georgia	6	3	9
Hawaii	0	1	1
Idaho	0	3	3
Illinois	6	7	13
Indiana	2	0	2
Iowa	10	14	24
Kentucky	1	2	3
Louisiana	1	9	10
Maine	0	1	1
Maryland	0	0	0
Massachusetts	0	1	1
Michigan	1	7	8
Minnesota	1	9	10
Mississippi	3	1	4
Missouri	85	216	301
Montana	4	4	8
Nebraska	2	9	11
Nevada	2	4	6

Table 20 (cont.)

Sending State	Felony Cases: Parole	Felony Cases: Probation	Totals (All Cases)
New Hampshire	1	0	1
New Jersey	2	2	4
New Mexico	5	5	10
New York	3	3	6
North Carolina	0	1	1
North Dakota	1	4	5
Ohio	1	3	4
Oklahoma	10	61	71
Oregon	1	4	5
Pennsylvania	3	5	8
Rhode Island	0	0	0
South Carolina	0	2	2
South Dakota	3	2	5
Tennessee	1	8	9
Texas	34	133	167
Utah	3	3	6
Vermont	1	0	1
Virginia	0	3	3
Washington	3	10	13
West Virginia	0	1	1
Wisconsin	4	0	4
Wyoming	0	5	5
**Dual Supervision	0	0	0
Totals	235	637	872
Unknown	0	1	1

*Effective November 1, 1983 Kansas supervision of out-of-state misdemeanor probation cases was discontinued.

**Under dual supervision of two states.

Table 21

Number of Kansas Cases Serving Out-of-State Parole or Conditional Release:

As of June 30, 1987, by Location

Location	Number	Location	Number
Alabama	6	Nevada	1
Alaska	8	New Hampshire	0
Arizona	8	New Jersey	3
Arkansas	15	New Mexico	7
California	43	New York	4
Colorado	20	North Carolina	6
Connecticut	2	North Dakota	0
Delaware	0	Ohio	11
District of Columbia	0	Oklahoma	85
Florida	12	Oregon	6
Georgia	2	Pennsylvania	8
Hawaii	2	Rhode Island	1
Idaho	0	South Carolina	3
Illinois	16	South Dakota	2
Indiana	5	Tennessee	7
Iowa	14	Texas	89
Kentucky	2	Utah	2
Louisiana	6	Vermont	1
Maine	0	Virginia	6
Maryland	3	Washington	7
Massachusetts	1	West Virginia	2
Michigan	11	Wisconsin	6
Minnesota	10	Wyoming	2
Mississippi	1	United States	27*
Missouri	249	Other Countries	1
Montana	2	Total	742
Nebraska	17		

*United States - indicates parole to federal detainer.